

measuring what matters

2017 KENT COUNTY
CORRECTIONAL FACILITY
ANNUAL STATISTICAL REPORT



april 2018



KENT COUNTY SHERIFF DEPARTMENT
Lawrence A. Stelma – Sheriff

701 Ball Avenue, N.E. • Grand Rapids • Michigan • 49503



April 2018

It is a pleasure to present the Kent County Correctional Facility's Annual Statistical Report for the year 2017. We began reporting jail data on a yearly basis in 1998, and each new report adds to the long-term analytical value of the information collected. Our goal is to provide accurate, interesting and representative information to Sheriff's Department staff, criminal justice planners, educational experts and community members who are interested in the operation of the county jail.

Since 1992, the Kent County Correctional Facility has been the only holding facility for all arrests in the County. This grants us a unique birds-eye view of what is happening across all local law enforcement agencies county-wide. The aggregate data we collect can potentially be an aid to the decision-makers in these various departments in how to best allocate available resources. This year we have included additional arrest information in this report. Our intent is to add to this data in the years to come.

This report is organized to make the information accessible to the readers. You will notice that it has three general types of statistics. Inmate profile statistics depict an overall profile of the inmate population and correctional facility staff. Inmate population and arrest statistics address the topics of how many inmates are coming in, where they are coming from, why they are here, how long are they staying, care that is provided, and some of the costs associated with them. Incident statistics allow us to evaluate the behavior of the inmate population while they are in jail.

The aim is to make these reports as functional as possible by including only the information that seems to be of general interest. For convenience, this report, along with previous years, may also be accessed at <https://www.accesskent.com/Sheriff/reports.htm>. I realize that this document will not answer every question. If you have further questions, please contact me and I will try to provide any additional information you may need about the inmate population or facility operation. I value your comments and suggestions for future reports.

Sergeant Aaron Kleinheksel

“Police not enforcing laws results in a high crime rate that is formally reported as a low crime rate in police statistics.” – Steven Magee

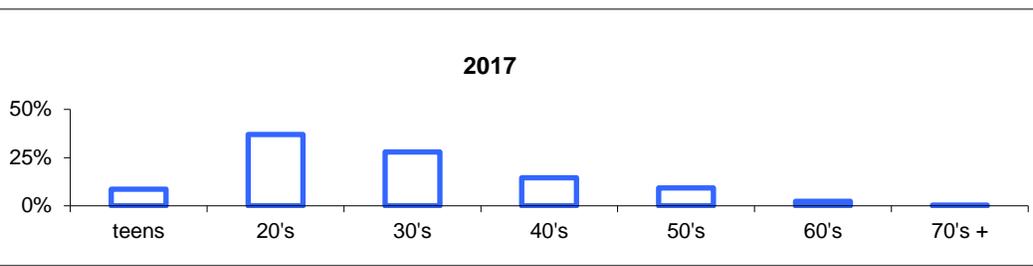
Index

Average Daily Populations and Facility Totals	
Booking and Population Statistics	10
Average Daily Population of the Main Jail by month	11
Average Monthly Population Trend since 2015	12
Number of Inmates Brought to Jail per Year.....	13
Number of Bookings and MJ Average / Peak Population	14
Annual Average Daily Population for all Inmates in KCCF Custody over the last 10 years	15
History of Jail Capacity in Kent County (1835 to 1984).....	16
History of Jail Capacity in Kent County (1985 to 1998).....	17
History of Jail Capacity in Kent County (1999 to 2012).....	18
History of Jail Capacity in Kent County (2013 to Present)	19
Average Length of Stay	
Inmate Profile at Time of Booking (part 3).....	3
Average Amount of Time Inmates Stay in Jail, Shown with Inmates Grouped by Release Type.....	31
Average Length of Stay Depicted as Jail Bed Days	32
Arresting Agency Information	
Number of Inmates Brought to Jail by Arresting Agency	24
Number of Inmates Brought to Jail in the Last 13 Years by the Top Five Arresting Agencies.....	25
Top 80 Arrests by Inmate Home Zip Code.....	26
Top 40 Arrests by Inmate Home Zip Code 2005 vs. 2017	27
Kent County Arrest Map by Inmate Home Zip Code.....	28
Billing, Collections, Fees	
Agency Billing Information.....	36
Processing Fees for the Last Ten Years	37
Room and Board Collection Efforts	38
County Jail Reimbursement Program.....	39
Booking or Admissions – Yearly or Monthly Totals and Averages	
Booking and Population Statistics	10
Number of Inmates Brought to Jail per Year.....	13
Number of Bookings and MJ Average / Peak Population	14
Gang Admissions.....	44
Classification	
Inmate Classification System	26
Annual Classification Numbers for 2016	27
Inmate Needs Reported in Classification Interview	61
Inmate Needs Reported in Prior Years	62
Employee Profiles	
Correctional Facility Employee Profile	9
Health (Medical & Mental) Related Information	
Health Services Report	57
Health Services Report Totals for Prior Years	58
Out of Facility Medical Statistics	59
Responses to Medical Survey Completed in Intake by Nurses.....	60
“Yes” Responses to Medical Survey Compared with Prior Years	61
Answers to Mental Health Screening Completed in Intake	62
“Yes” Answers to Mental Health Screening from 2006 to 2013	63
Work Completed by Mental Health Staff	64
Inmate Needs Reported in Classification Interview	65
Inmate Needs Reported in Prior Years	66
History of Jail Capacity	
History of Jail Capacity in Kent County (1835 to 1984).....	16
History of Jail Capacity in Kent County (1985 to 1998).....	17

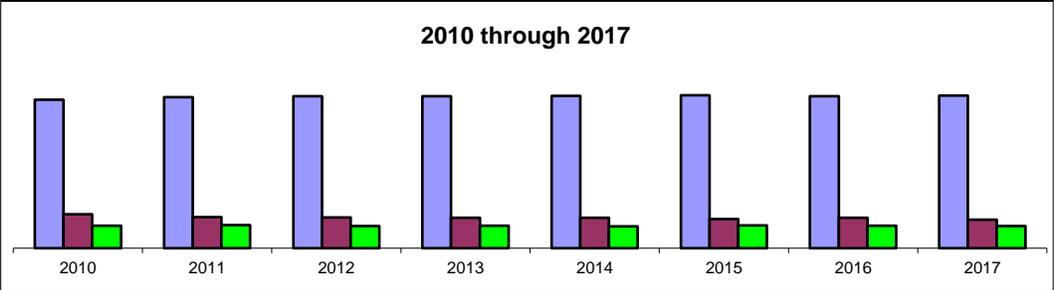
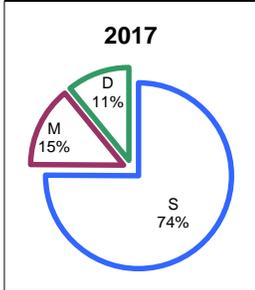
History of Jail Capacity in Kent County (1998 to 2012)	18
History of Jail Capacity in Kent County (2013 to Present)	19
Incidents and Rule Violations	
Total Counts of Incidents and Inmate Rule Violations	40
Number of Serious Rule Violations Indexed to Population.....	42
Total Number of Category 1, 2 and 3 Rule Violations in the Last Eleven Years	43
Index of Antisocial Inmate Behavior.....	45
Index of Destructive Inmate Behavior	46
Index of Noncompliant Inmate Behavior	47
Index of Security Related Inmate Behavior.....	48
Index of Violent Inmate Behavior	49
Comparison – Index of Inmate Behavior.....	50
Suicide Attempts or Gestures Compared with the Total Number of Suicide Precautions	51
Inmate Behavior per Pod or Housing Unit	52
Number of Fights by Housing Unit	53
Jail Information Program Statistics.....	54
Sally Port Assistance Provided to Arresting Agencies	55
K-9 Statistics	56
Inmate Profiles and General Demographic Information	
Inmate Profile at Time of Booking (part 1)	1
Inmate Profile at Time of Booking (part 2)	2
Inmate Profile at Time of Booking (part 3)	3
Profile of Male Inmates at Time of Booking (part 1)	4
Profile of Male Inmates at Time of Booking (part 2)	5
Profile of Female Inmates at Time of Booking (part 1).....	6
Profile of Female Inmates at Time of Booking (part 2).....	7
Interesting Random Facts about KCCF Inmates	8
Average Length of Stay Depicted as Jail Bed Days	32
Number of Serious Rule Violations Indexed to Population.....	42
Gang Admissions.....	44
PREA	
Staff Misconduct.....	67
Inmate Misconduct	68
Closing Review	69
Recidivism	
Inmate Profile at Time of Booking (part 2)	2
Profile of Male Inmates at Time of Booking (part 2)	5
Profile of Female Inmates at Time of Booking (part 2).....	7
Interesting Random Facts about KCCF Inmates	8
Total Number of Times an Inmate has been in KCCF	20
Recidivism Rate of KCCF Inmates from 2010-2015.....	21
Recidivism Rate of KCCF Inmates from 2015-2017.....	22
Recidivism Information Including Likelihood of Recidivating	23
Release Related Information	
Average Amount of Time Inmates Stay in Jail, Grouped by Release Type	31
Reasons Why Inmates are Released and the Percentages of Inmates Released by Type of Release	33
Number of Days Inmates Stay in Jail before Being Released	34
Number of Hours Inmates Spend in Jail before Being Released on Bond	35
Suicide Attempt Related Information	
Total Counts of Incidents and Inmate Rule Violations.....	40
Suicide Attempts or Gestures Compared with Total Number of Suicide Precautions.....	51
Support Provided to Law Enforcement	
Jail Information Program Statistics.....	51
Sally Port Assistance Provided to Arresting Agencies	52
K-9 Statistics	56

Inmate Profile at Time of Booking (part 1)

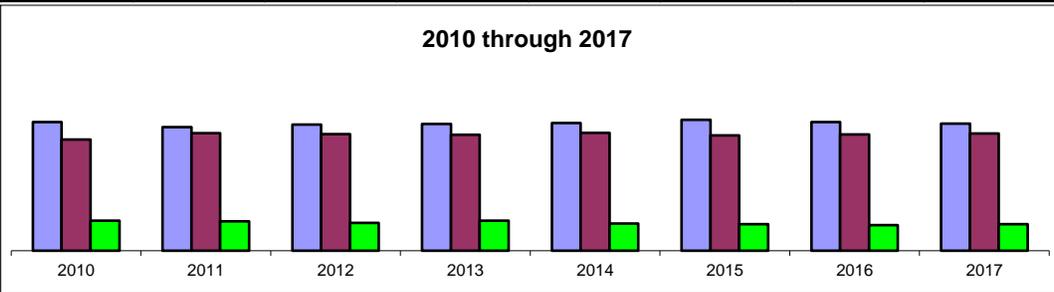
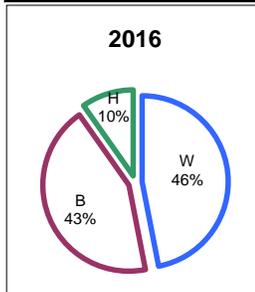
Age at booking	
teens	8.6%
20's	37.0%
30's	27.9%
40's	14.5%
50's	9.2%
60's	2.4%
70's +	0.3%



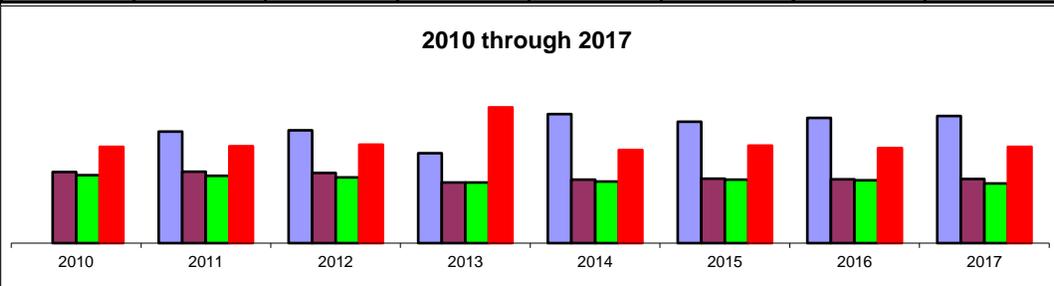
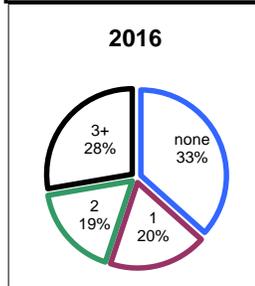
Marital status	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
single	72.5%	73.7%	74.2%	74.3%	74.4%	74.6%	74.2%	74.5%
married	16.6%	15.1%	15.0%	14.8%	14.9%	14.2%	14.9%	13.9%
divorced	10.9%	11.2%	10.8%	10.9%	10.7%	11.2%	10.9%	10.8%



Race	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
white	47.2%	45.3%	46.2%	46.5%	46.8%	48.0%	47.2%	46.6%
black	40.8%	43.1%	42.7%	42.5%	43.2%	42.3%	42.6%	43.0%
hispanic	11.0%	10.8%	10.2%	11.0%	10.0%	9.7%	9.4%	9.7%



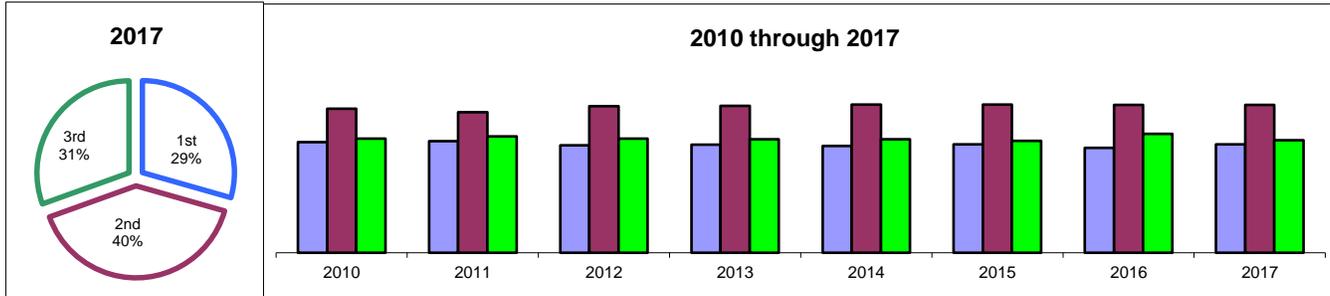
# of children	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
none	32.2%	32.1%	32.5%	25.9%	37.2%	35.0%	36.1%	36.6%
one	20.5%	20.6%	20.2%	17.5%	18.3%	18.6%	18.4%	18.5%
two	19.6%	19.4%	18.9%	17.5%	17.7%	18.3%	18.1%	17.2%
three +	27.7%	27.9%	28.4%	39.1%	26.8%	28.1%	27.4%	27.7%



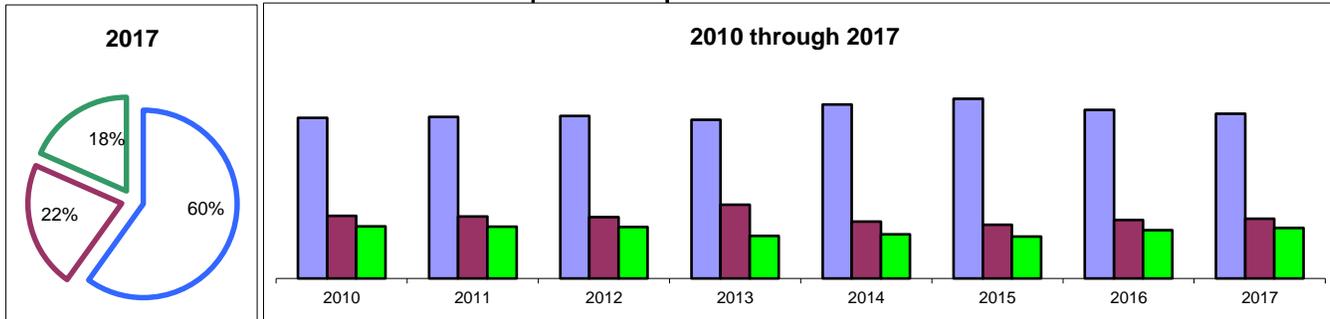
 **TrendSpotter!** We have provided this kind of inmate profile information for many years and the tables point out some interesting differences and similarities. Those in their 20's and 30's account for 65% of all admissions. Once they reach their 40's there is a significant drop.

Inmate Profile at Time of Booking (part 2)

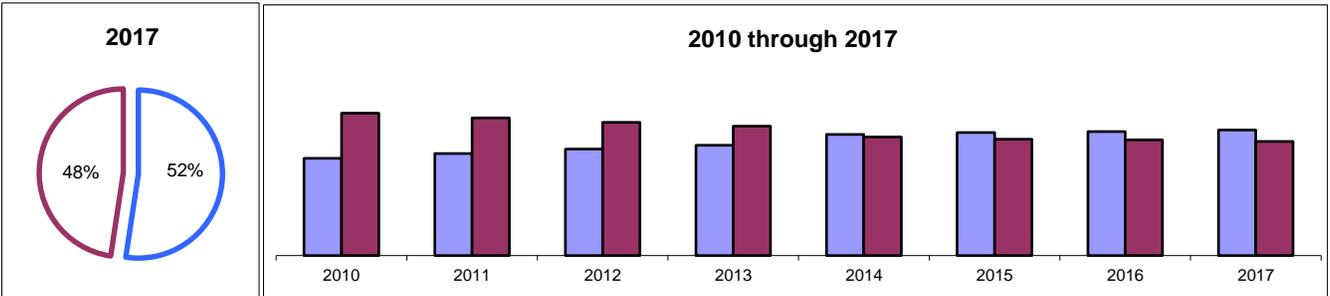
Shift arrested on	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
first	30.0%	30.3%	29.2%	29.3%	29.0%	29.4%	28.5%	29.4%
second	39.1%	38.1%	39.8%	39.9%	40.2%	40.2%	40.1%	40.1%
third	31.0%	31.6%	31.0%	30.8%	30.8%	30.4%	32.3%	30.5%



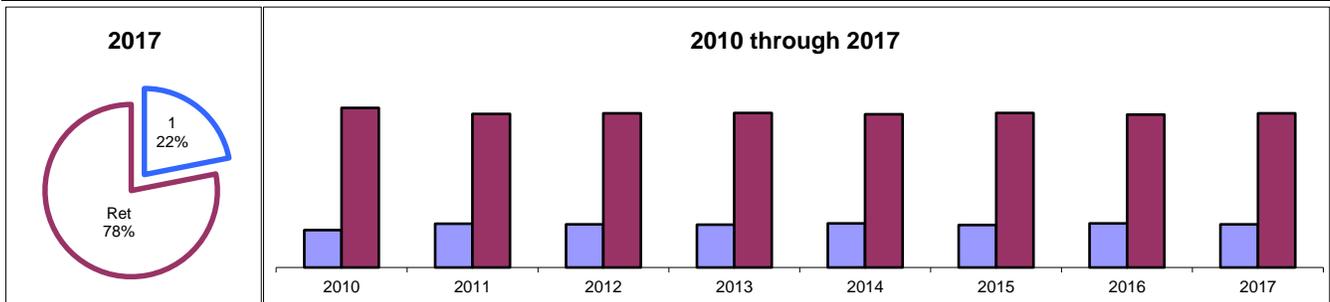
# of charges	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
one	58.4%	58.7%	59.0%	57.7%	63.2%	65.3%	61.3%	59.9%
two	22.7%	22.5%	22.3%	26.8%	20.7%	19.5%	21.2%	21.7%
three +	18.9%	18.8%	18.7%	15.5%	16.1%	15.2%	17.5%	18.4%



Occupation	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
yes	40.6%	42.6%	44.4%	46.0%	50.5%	51.4%	51.7%	52.4%
no	59.4%	57.4%	55.6%	54.0%	49.5%	48.6%	48.3%	47.6%



Recidivism	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1st time	19.0%	22.2%	21.8%	21.7%	22.3%	21.6%	22.4%	21.9%
returning	81.0%	77.8%	78.2%	78.3%	77.7%	78.4%	77.6%	78.1%



Inmate Profile at Time of Booking (part 3)

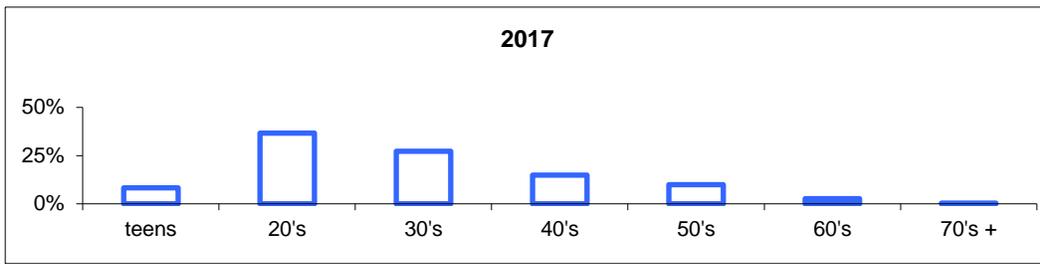
Gender	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
male	77.3%	77.3%	76.7%	76.0%	74.9%	74.0%	74.5%	74.8%
female	22.7%	22.7%	23.3%	24.0%	25.1%	26.0%	25.5%	25.2%

Average Stay	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
male	11.8	12.0	12.9	13.7	11.4	12.2	12.6	12.0
female	7.2	6.5	7.1	8.3	6.8	8.3	8.4	8.3
together	10.8	10.5	11.6	12.4	10.3	11.2	11.6	11.0

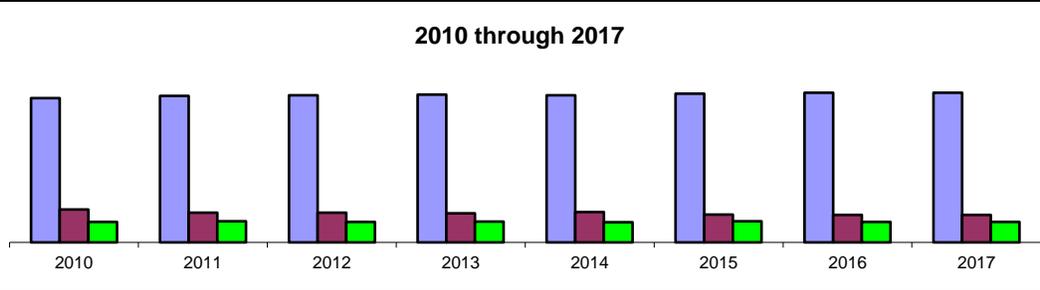
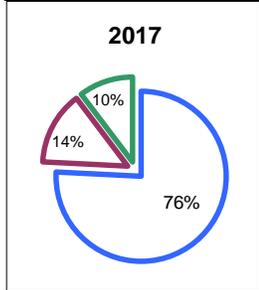
Age	2014	2015	2016	2017	Age	2014	2015	2016	2017
15	7	3	6	1	15				
16	15	10	11	4	16				
17	494	504	517	493	17	■	■	■	■
18	661	624	689	696	18	■	■	■	■
19	794	640	742	720	19	■	■	■	■
20	809	758	777	719	20	■	■	■	■
21	883	873	842	782	21	■	■	■	■
22	1029	881	930	774	22	■	■	■	■
23	1055	983	874	858	23	■	■	■	■
24	1070	991	948	836	24	■	■	■	■
25	994	1032	926	899	25	■	■	■	■
26	903	911	967	890	26	■	■	■	■
27	896	930	899	966	27	■	■	■	■
28	828	868	836	765	28	■	■	■	■
29	781	884	768	733	29	■	■	■	■
30	767	812	813	739	30	■	■	■	■
31	757	738	734	746	31	■	■	■	■
32	671	744	715	685	32	■	■	■	■
33	661	688	723	650	33	■	■	■	■
34	618	650	648	637	34	■	■	■	■
35	604	651	637	555	35	■	■	■	■
36	546	632	577	630	36	■	■	■	■
37	475	535	572	575	37	■	■	■	■
38	413	477	493	557	38	■	■	■	■
39	411	331	458	435	39	■	■	■	■
40	381	409	363	405	40	■	■	■	■
41	396	403	405	322	41	■	■	■	■
42	369	338	358	338	42	■	■	■	■
43	436	358	324	308	43	■	■	■	■
44	408	353	335	329	44	■	■	■	■
45	343	390	332	297	45	■	■	■	■
46	359	337	344	297	46	■	■	■	■
47	329	372	307	333	47	■	■	■	■
48	322	300	292	324	48	■	■	■	■
49	358	312	289	277	49	■	■	■	■
50	336	319	285	231	50	■	■	■	■
51	265	321	282	260	51	■	■	■	■
52	259	297	284	244	52	■	■	■	■
53	280	261	269	231	53	■	■	■	■
54	230	298	273	197	54	■	■	■	■
55	169	220	220	203	55	■	■	■	■
56	179	179	195	190	56	■	■	■	■
57	148	166	155	180	57	■	■	■	■
58	129	149	145	179	58	■	■	■	■
59	114	110	138	135	59	■	■	■	■
60	82	130	108	121	60	■	■	■	■

Profile of Male Inmates at Time of Booking (part 1)

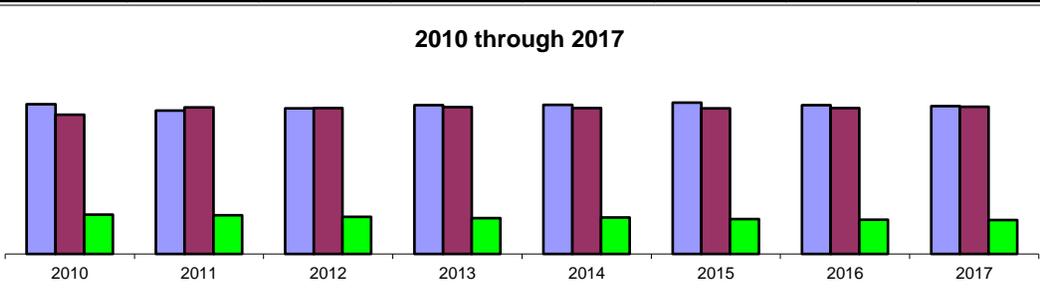
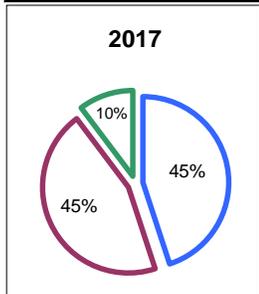
Age at booking	
teens	8.3%
20's	36.6%
30's	27.2%
40's	14.9%
50's	10.0%
60's	2.7%
70's +	0.3%



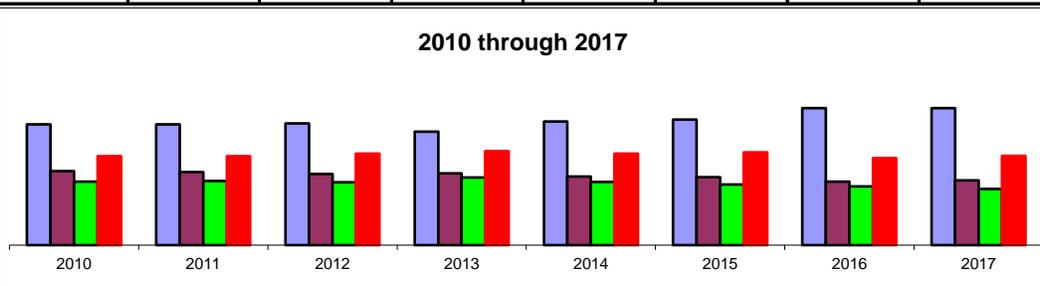
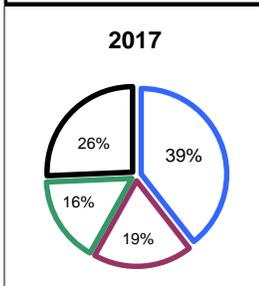
Marital status	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
single	73.0%	74.2%	74.5%	74.8%	74.4%	75.2%	75.8%	75.8%
married	16.6%	15.0%	15.1%	14.7%	15.4%	14.1%	13.9%	13.9%
divorced	10.3%	10.8%	10.4%	10.5%	10.2%	10.7%	10.3%	10.3%



Race	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
white	45.2%	43.3%	43.9%	44.9%	45.0%	45.6%	44.9%	44.6%
black	42.0%	44.2%	44.0%	44.3%	44.0%	43.9%	44.0%	44.4%
hispanic	11.9%	11.7%	11.2%	10.8%	11.0%	10.5%	10.3%	10.2%



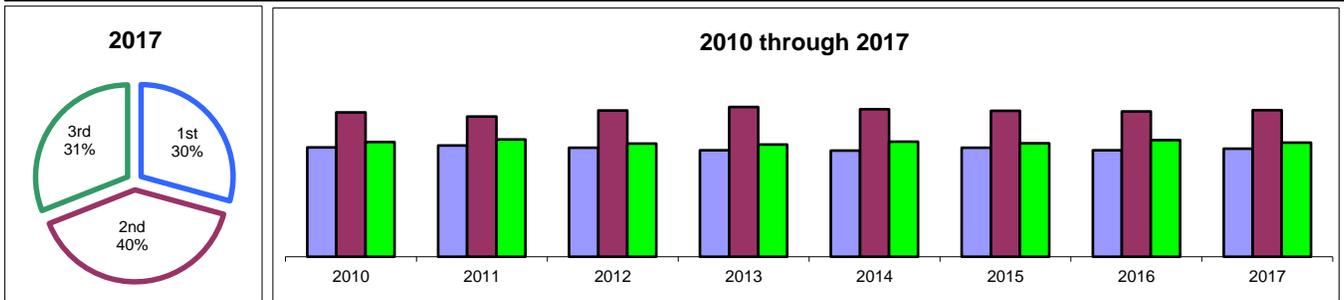
# of children	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
none	34.8%	34.8%	35.1%	32.7%	35.6%	36.2%	39.5%	39.5%
one	21.3%	21.1%	20.5%	20.7%	19.8%	19.6%	18.3%	18.7%
two	18.3%	18.5%	18.1%	19.5%	18.2%	17.5%	16.9%	16.2%
three +	25.6%	25.7%	26.4%	27.1%	26.4%	26.7%	25.1%	25.7%



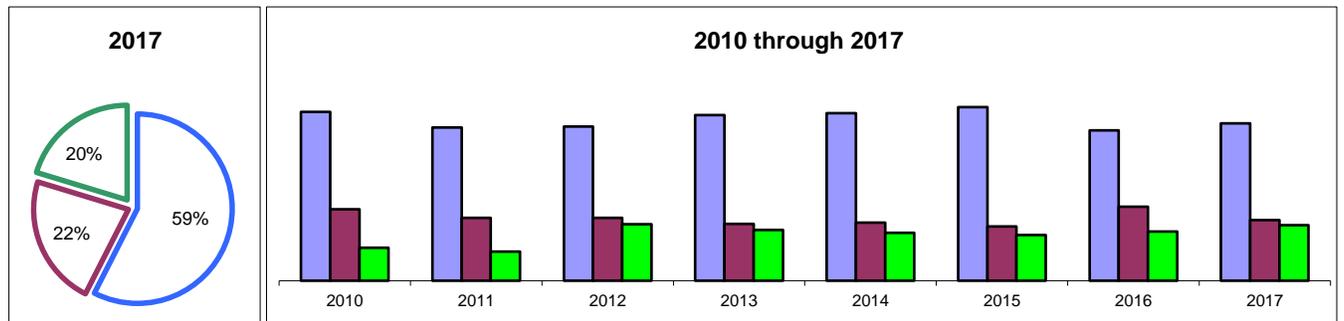
 **TrendSpotter!** This page contains information about male offenders from this year and previous years. The tables point out some interesting similarities between this year and prior years.

Profile of Male Inmates at Time of Booking (part 2)

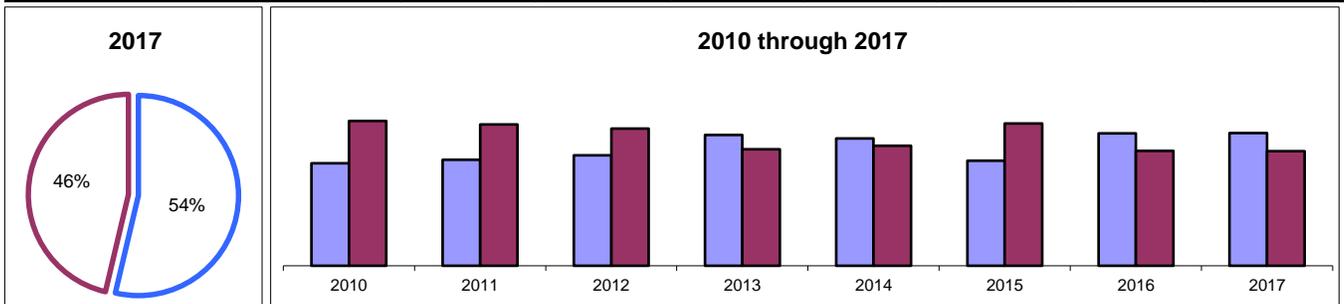
Shift arrested on	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
first	29.70%	30.2%	29.6%	28.9%	28.8%	29.6%	28.9%	29.3%
second	39.18%	38.0%	39.7%	40.6%	40.0%	39.6%	39.4%	39.8%
third	31.13%	31.8%	30.7%	30.5%	31.2%	30.8%	31.7%	31.0%



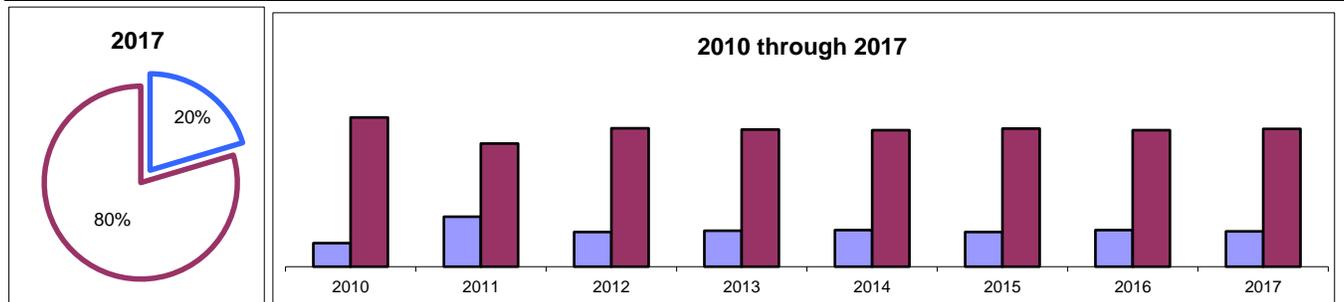
# of charges	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
one	61.8%	56.0%	56.4%	60.6%	61.3%	63.5%	55.0%	57.5%
two	26.2%	23.0%	23.0%	20.8%	21.2%	19.8%	27.0%	22.2%
three +	12.1%	10.7%	20.7%	18.6%	17.5%	16.7%	18.0%	20.3%



Occupation	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
yes	41.50%	42.9%	44.6%	52.9%	51.5%	42.5%	53.5%	53.7%
no	58.50%	57.1%	55.4%	47.1%	48.5%	57.5%	46.5%	46.3%

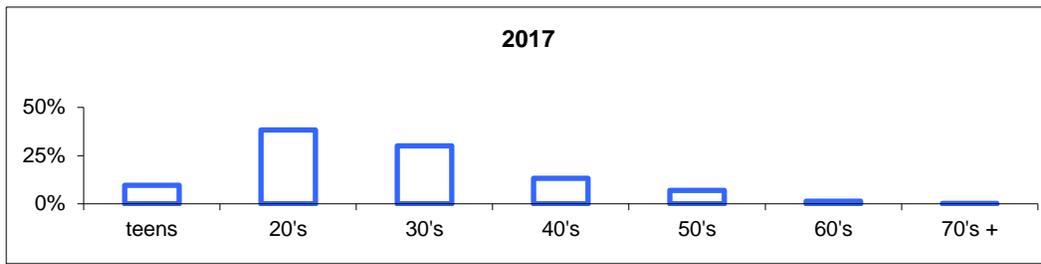


Recidivism	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1st time	13.7%	28.8%	20.0%	20.8%	21.1%	20.1%	21.2%	20.4%
returning	86.3%	71.2%	80.0%	79.2%	78.9%	79.9%	78.8%	79.6%

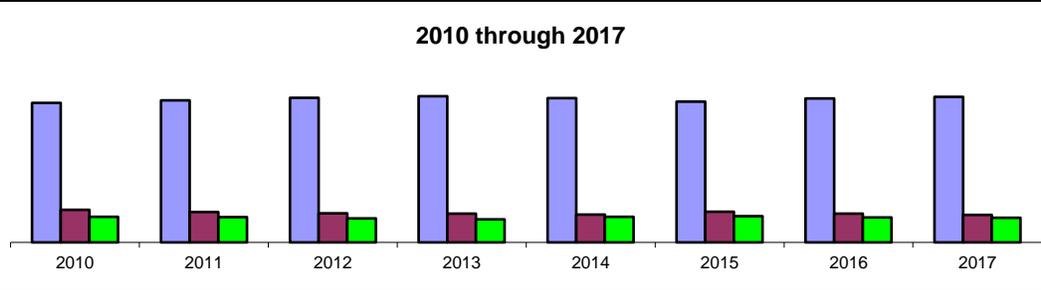
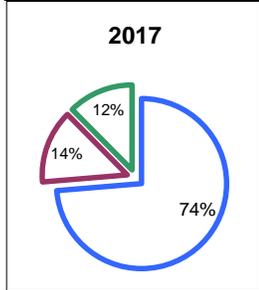


Profile of Female Inmates at Time of Booking (part 1)

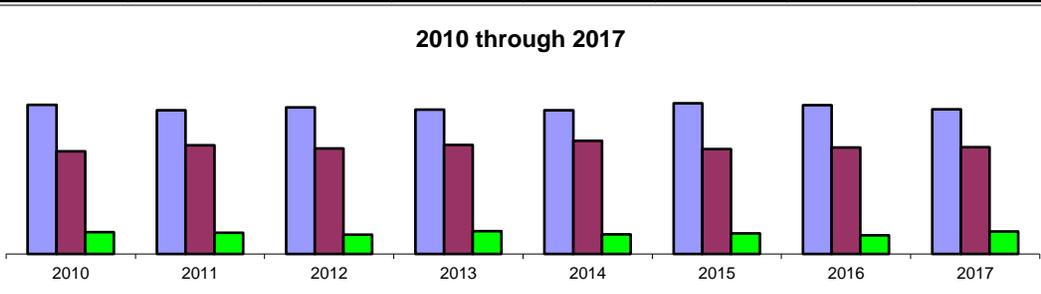
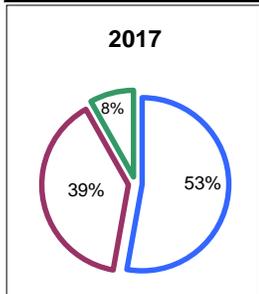
Age at booking	
teens	9.6%
20's	38.3%
30's	30.1%
40's	13.3%
50's	7.0%
60's	1.4%
70's +	0.2%



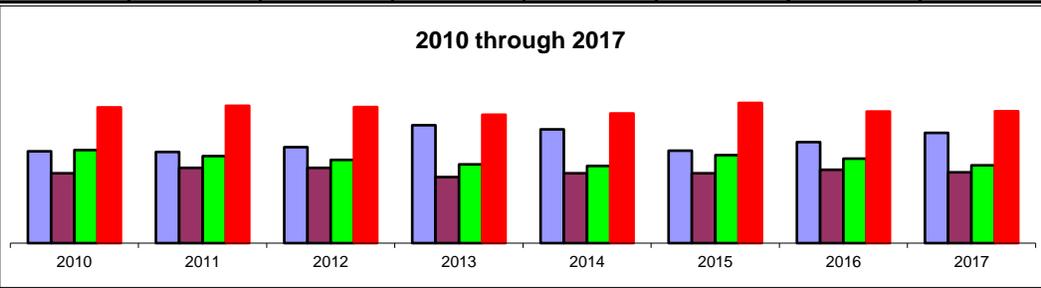
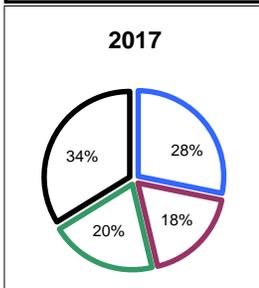
Marital status	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
single	70.6%	71.9%	73.2%	73.9%	73.0%	71.3%	72.9%	73.6%
married	16.4%	15.4%	14.7%	14.5%	14.1%	15.5%	14.5%	13.9%
divorced	13.0%	12.8%	12.1%	11.6%	12.9%	13.2%	12.6%	12.4%



Race	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
white	53.9%	52.1%	53.0%	52.2%	52.0%	54.5%	53.9%	52.4%
black	37.1%	39.4%	38.1%	39.5%	40.9%	38.0%	38.5%	38.7%
hispanic	7.9%	7.7%	7.0%	8.3%	7.1%	7.5%	6.7%	8.1%



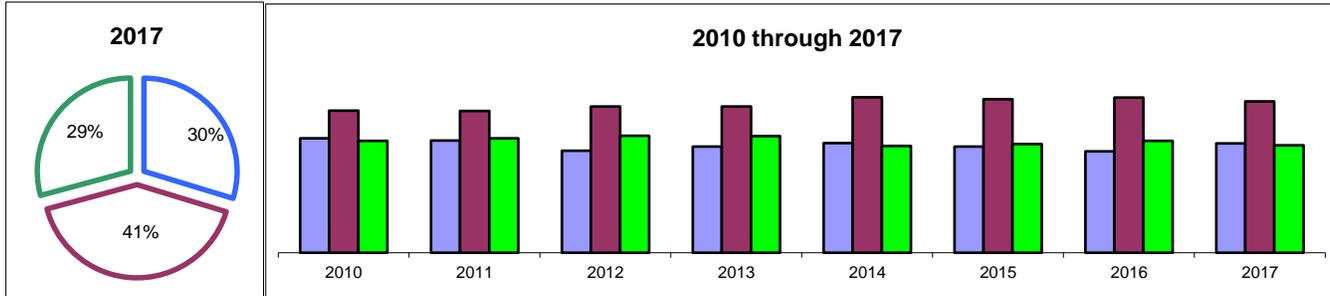
# of children	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
none	23.5%	23.4%	24.6%	30.2%	29.1%	23.7%	25.9%	28.2%
one	17.9%	19.2%	19.3%	16.9%	17.9%	17.9%	18.8%	18.1%
two	23.8%	22.3%	21.3%	20.2%	19.8%	22.5%	21.6%	19.9%
three +	34.8%	35.1%	34.8%	32.9%	33.2%	35.9%	33.7%	33.8%



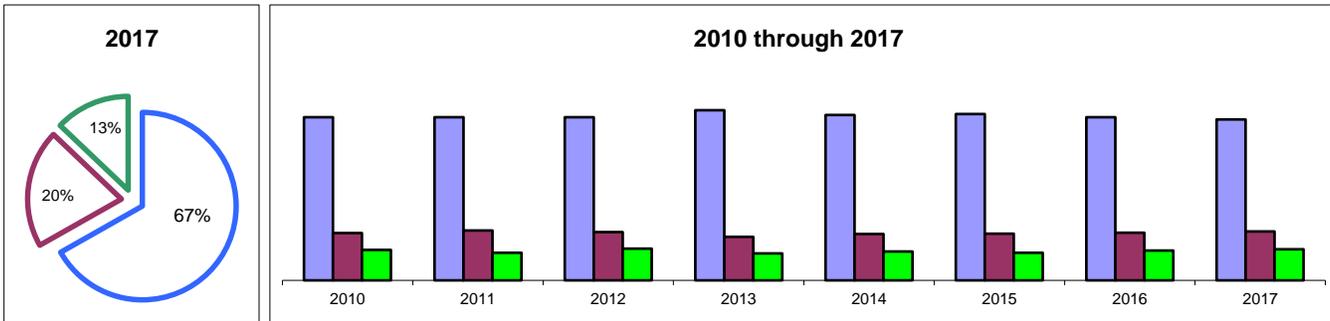
 **TrendSpotter!** This page contains information about female offenders from this year and previous years, providing interesting comparisons, particularly when set against the corresponding numbers for males.

Profile of Female Inmates at Time of Booking (part 2)

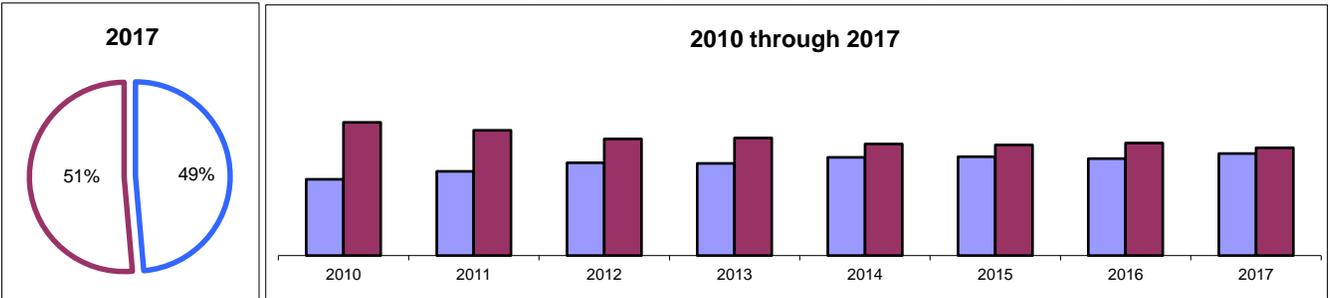
Shift arrested on	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
first	31.0%	30.5%	27.7%	28.8%	29.8%	28.8%	27.5%	29.7%
second	38.6%	38.5%	39.7%	39.7%	42.2%	41.7%	42.1%	41.1%
third	30.4%	31.0%	31.7%	31.7%	29.0%	29.5%	30.4%	29.2%



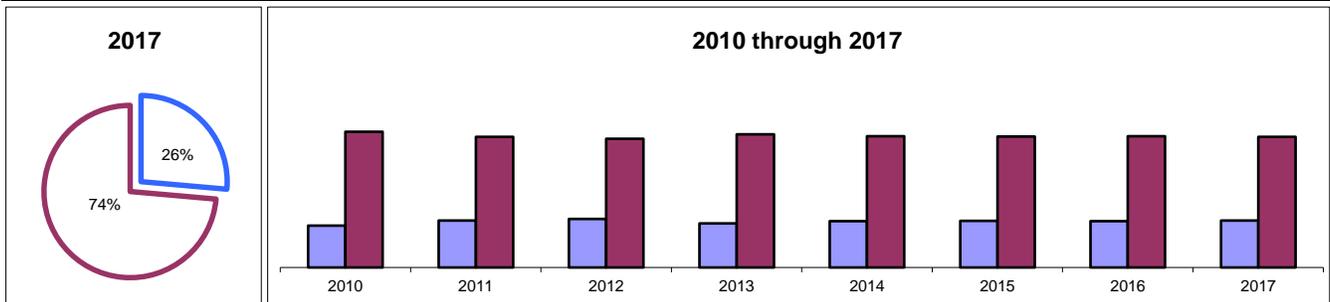
# of charges	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
one	67.7%	67.8%	67.8%	70.7%	68.7%	69.1%	67.7%	66.8%
two	19.7%	20.7%	20.1%	18.1%	19.3%	19.4%	19.8%	20.3%
three +	12.6%	11.5%	13.1%	11.2%	12.0%	11.5%	12.4%	12.9%



Occupation	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
yes	36.4%	40.2%	44.3%	43.9%	46.8%	47.2%	46.3%	48.6%
no	63.6%	59.8%	55.7%	56.1%	53.2%	52.8%	53.7%	51.4%



Recidivism	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1st time	23.6%	26.4%	27.4%	24.9%	26.1%	26.2%	26.1%	26.4%
returning	76.4%	73.6%	72.6%	75.1%	73.9%	73.8%	73.9%	73.6%



Interesting Random Facts About KCCF Inmates

Offender characteristics	male	female	together
? Average age	34	32	33
? Average number of kids	1.64	1.93	1.71
? Average grade completed	11.83	12.21	11.93
? Percentage who are born in the USA	92.5%	96.0%	93.5%
? Besides USA, 2nd most common country of birth	Mexico (437)		
? Besides USA, 3rd next most common country of birth	Guatamala (185)		
? Most frequently claimed occupation	general (6,040)		
? 2nd most frequently claimed occupation	unemployed (5,811)		
? 3rd most frequently claimed occupation	none (4,759)		
? 4th most frequently claimed occupation	other (1,574)		
? 5th most frequently claimed occupation	food service (1,063)		
? 6th most frequently claimed occupation	factory (878)		
? 7th most frequently claimed occupation	construction (752)		
? Least claimed occupation	social worker, volunteer, & legal - tied (1)		
? Most frequently claimed religion	none (11,659)		
? 2nd most frequently claimed religion	protestant (7,938)		
? 3rd most frequently claimed religion	catholic (2,213)		
? 4th most frequently claimed religion	muslim (267)		
? 5th most frequently claimed religion	jehovah's witness (87)		
? Most frequently claimed service	army (445)		
? 2nd most frequently claimed service	marines (214)		
? 3rd most frequently claimed service	navy (191)		
? 4th most frequently claimed service	air force (76)		
? 5th most frequently claimed service	national guard (62)		
? Besides MI, 2nd most common state of birth	Illinois (794)		
? Besides MI, 3rd most common state of birth	California (346)		
? Besides MI, 4th most common state of birth	Mississippi (273)		
? Oldest person booked in	86		
? Most charges in a single booking	28		
Number of repeat offenders each year	1 or more times this year	10 or more times this year	Most times by single person
? Number of individual offenders who were admitted to jail in 2011 (out of 25,013 total admissions)	17,435	18	22
? Number of individual offenders who were admitted to jail in 2012 (out of 24,804 total admissions)	17,324	12	28
? Number of individual offenders who were admitted to jail in 2013 (out of 23,525 total admissions)	16,741	8	14
? Number of individual offenders who were admitted to jail in 2014 (out of 23,432 total admissions)	19,094	20	16
? Number of individual offenders who were admitted to jail in 2015 (out of 23,587 total admissions)	16,620	19	13
? Number of individual offenders who were admitted to jail in 2016 (out of 23,259 total admissions)	16,203	20	22
? Number of individual offenders who were admitted to jail in 2017 (out of 22,225 total admissions)	15,688	11	27

Correctional Facility Employee Profile

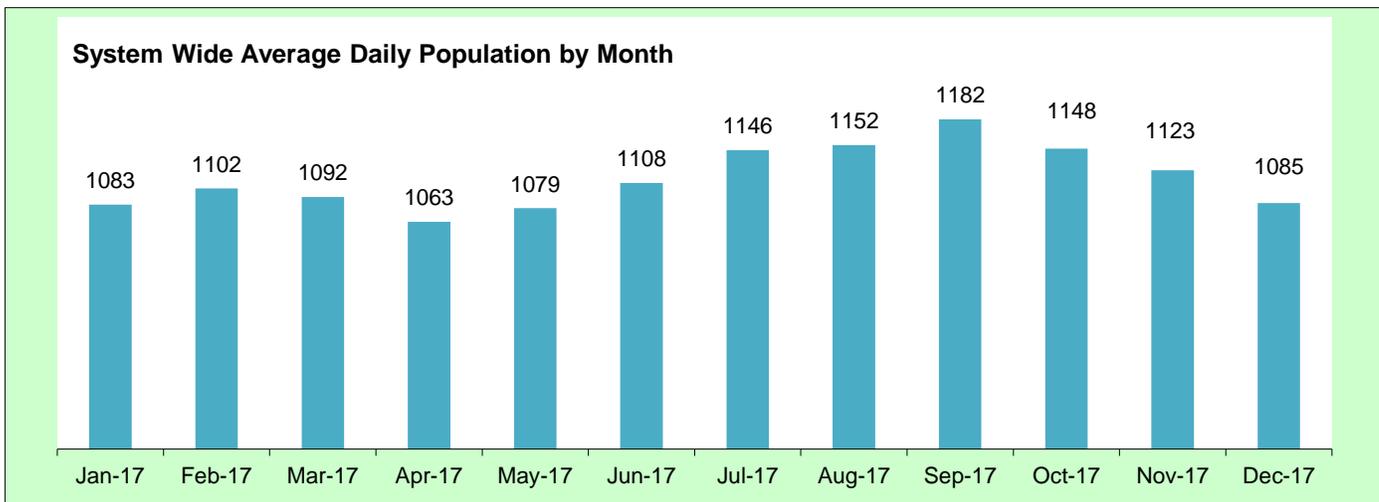
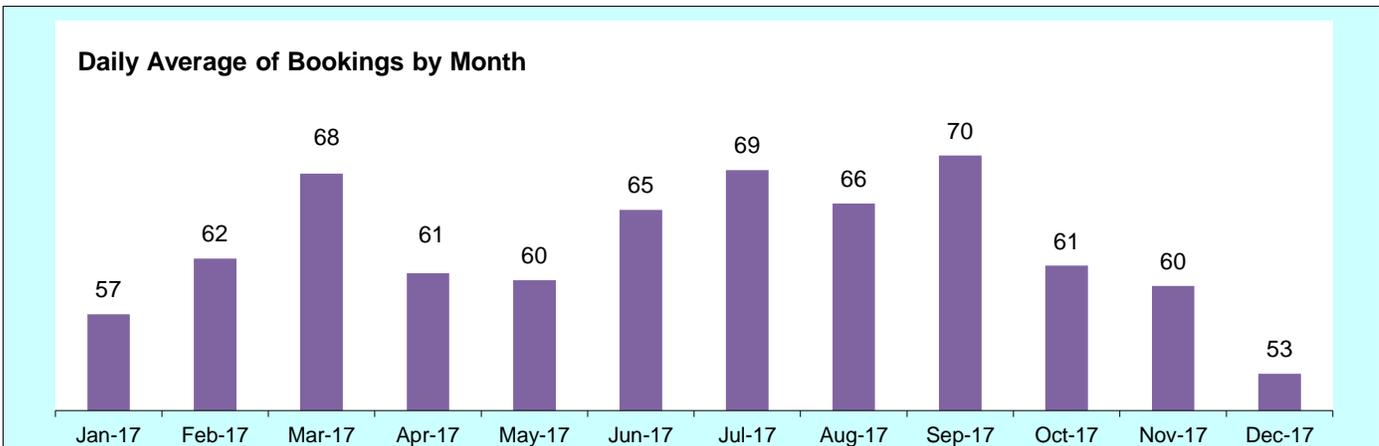
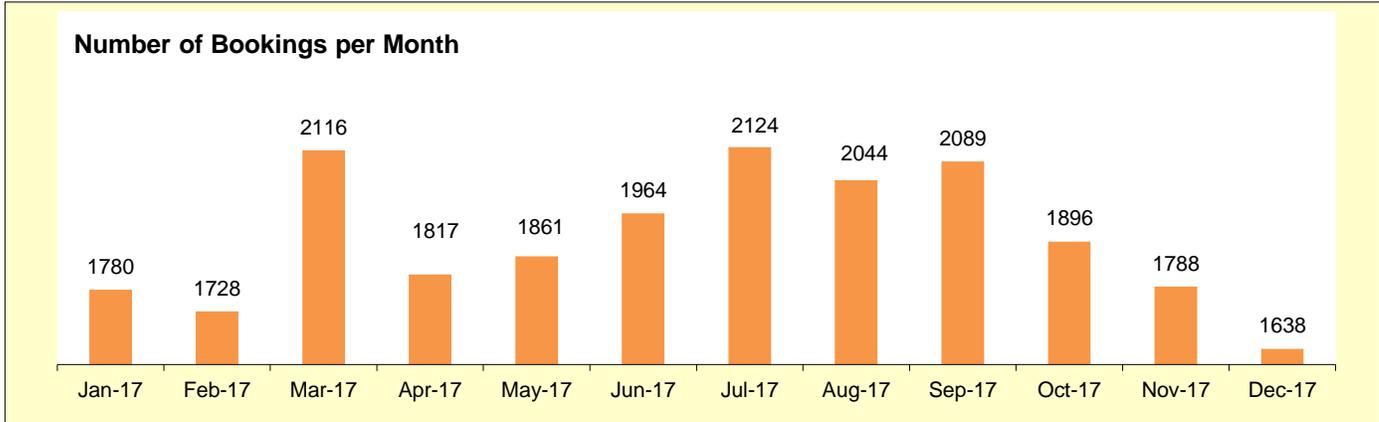
Category	Total	% of total
Number of persons employed in the jail system as of December 31, 2017	282	
Number of male employees	212	75.18%
Number of female employees	70	24.82%
Average age of employees	41.17	years
Average age of male employees	39.54	years
Average age of female employees	42.10	years
Average years of seniority	11.17	years
Average years of seniority of male employees	10.76	years
Average years of seniority of female employees	12.41	years
Racial breakdown - White	231	81.91%
Racial breakdown - Black/African American	22	7.80%
Racial breakdown - Asian	2	0.71%
Racial breakdown - American Indian/Alaskan Native	2	0.71%
Racial breakdown - Hispanic/Latino	17	6.03%
Racial breakdown - 2 or more races	8	2.84%
Type of Employee - Supervisory	27	9.57%
Type of Employee - Deputies	212	75.18%
Type of Employee - Administrative Support Personnel	18	6.38%
Type of Employee - Other Personnel	25	8.87%
Number of deputies who resigned in 2017	2	
Number of deputies who retired in 2017	19	
Number of deputies who were terminated in 2017	0	
Turnover rate of deputies in 2017		9.91%
Profile of Correctional Officers hired this year		
Number of deputies hired in 2017	32	
Number of deputies hired in 2017 with Military experience	10	
Number of deputies hired in 2017 with some college	8	
Number of deputies hired in 2017 with 2 year degree	6	
Number of deputies hired in 2017 with 4 year degree	14	
Gender of newly hired deputies - male	27	
Gender of newly hired deputies - female	5	
Race of newly hired deputies - White	28	
Race of newly hired deputies - Black/African American	0	
Race of newly hired deputies - Asian	0	
Race of newly hired deputies - American Indian/Alaskan Native	0	
Race of newly hired deputies - Hispanic/Latino	2	
Race of newly hired deputies - 2 or more races	2	
Correctional Officers have been hired between July 1998 and this year		
Number hired in this time period (last nineteen years)	238	
Number with a 4 year degree	150	63.0%
Number with a 2 year degree	57	23.9%
Number with Military experience	27	11.3%
Number with past Corrections/Law Enforcement experience	41	17.2%
Number who were employed in other KCCF positions when they applied	14	6%

 **Talking Point!** The information contained in the table above was correct as of December 31, 2017. It should be noted that our deputy turnover rate is normally quite low when compared with other jails our size around the country. Turnover rates in jails of 10% to 15% are not uncommon, and rates of 25% and higher are sometimes reported. At almost 10%, 2017 was unusually high most probably due to a surge in retirements from a 1992 hiring bubble.

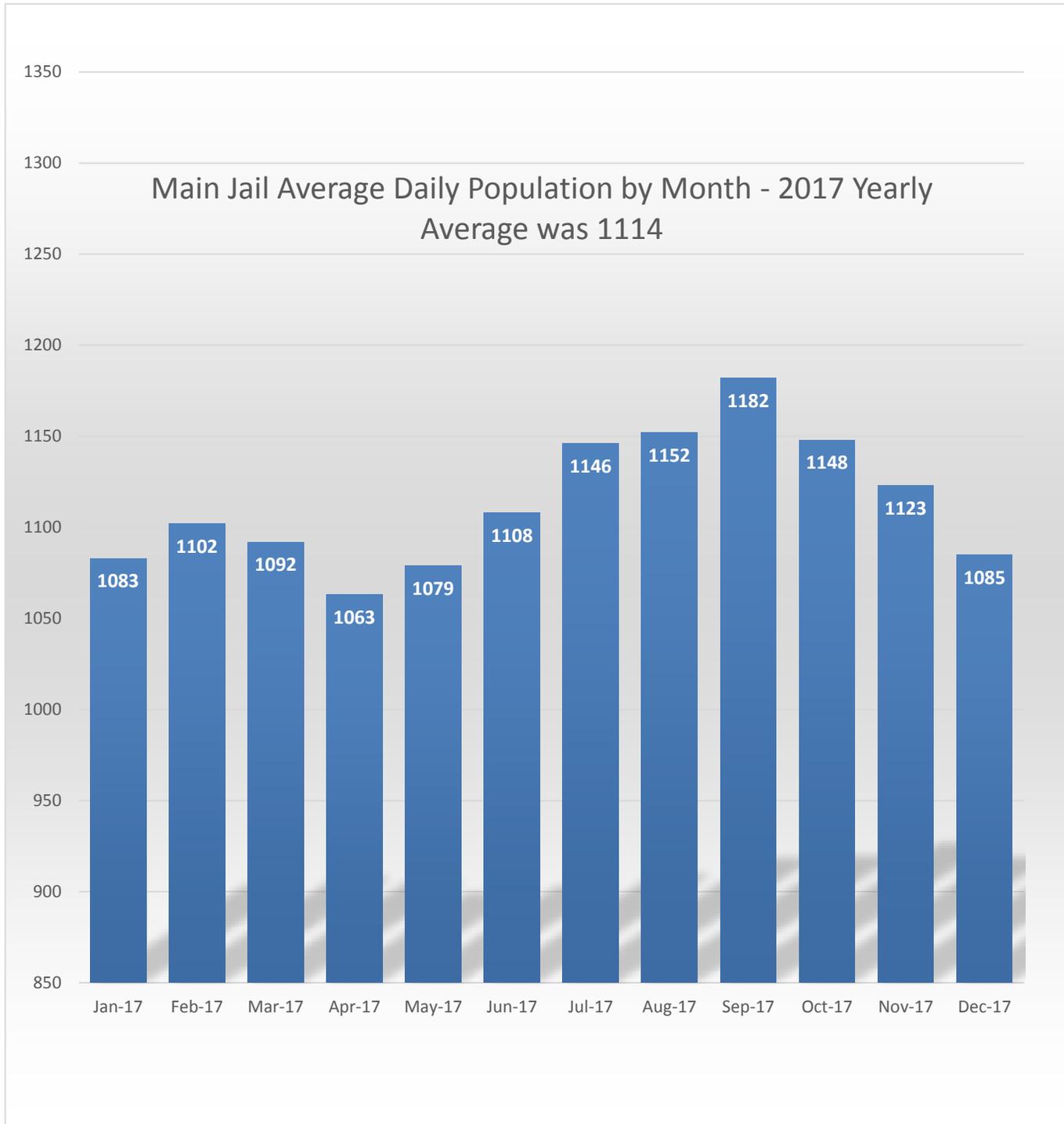
Booking and Population Statistics

Monthly Averages Vary Widely

	bookings per day	bookings per month	total bookings for 2016	average daily population for the MJ, HC & CRC
Average	64	1,904		1,114
Minimum	17	1,638		981
Maximum	110	2,124		1,216
Range	93	486		235
			23,455	

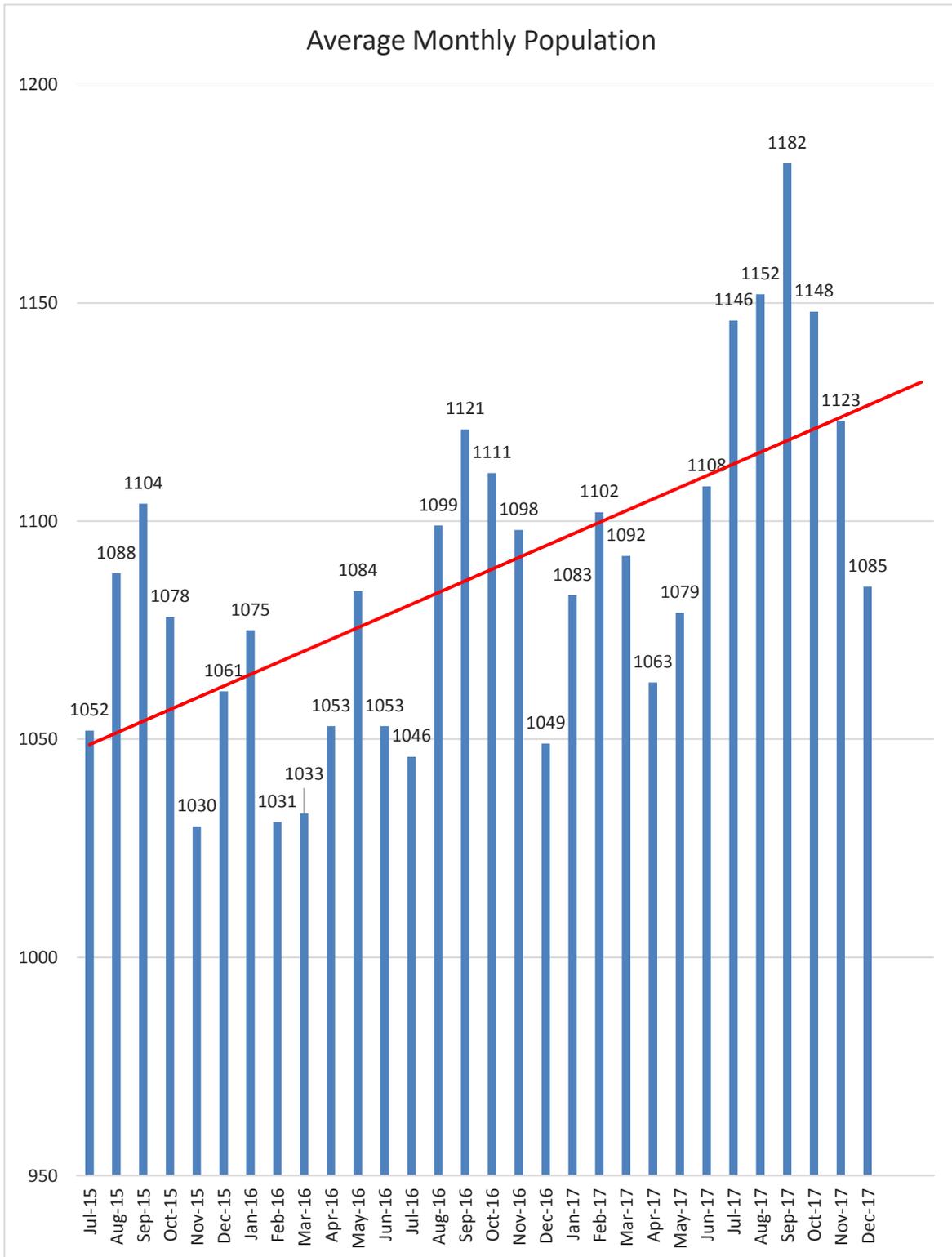


The Average Daily Population of the Main Jail



TrendSpotter! The average population for the Main Jail in 2015 was 1,047, and in 2016 it was 1,071. Both the moving of the CRC back into the Main Jail and the addition of 192 double bunks in B and D buildings in 2015 was reflected in an increase in the Main Jail population that continued in 2016. For 2017 the Main Jail experienced another substantial increase in the average population.

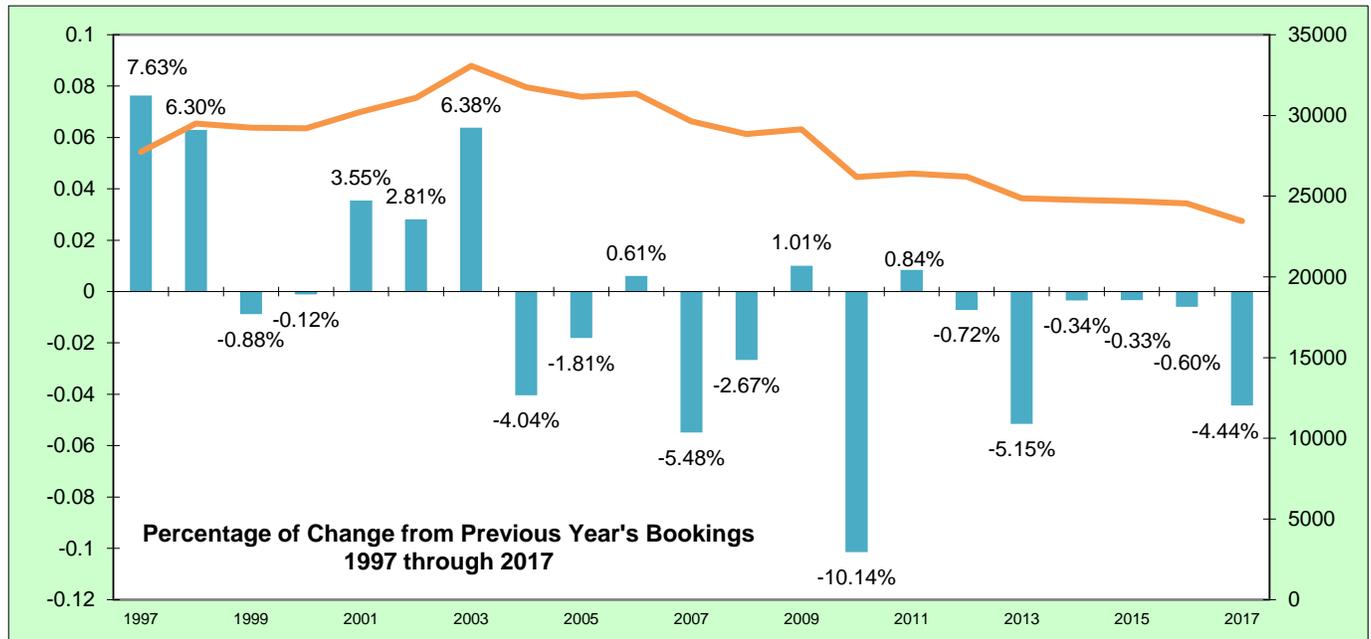
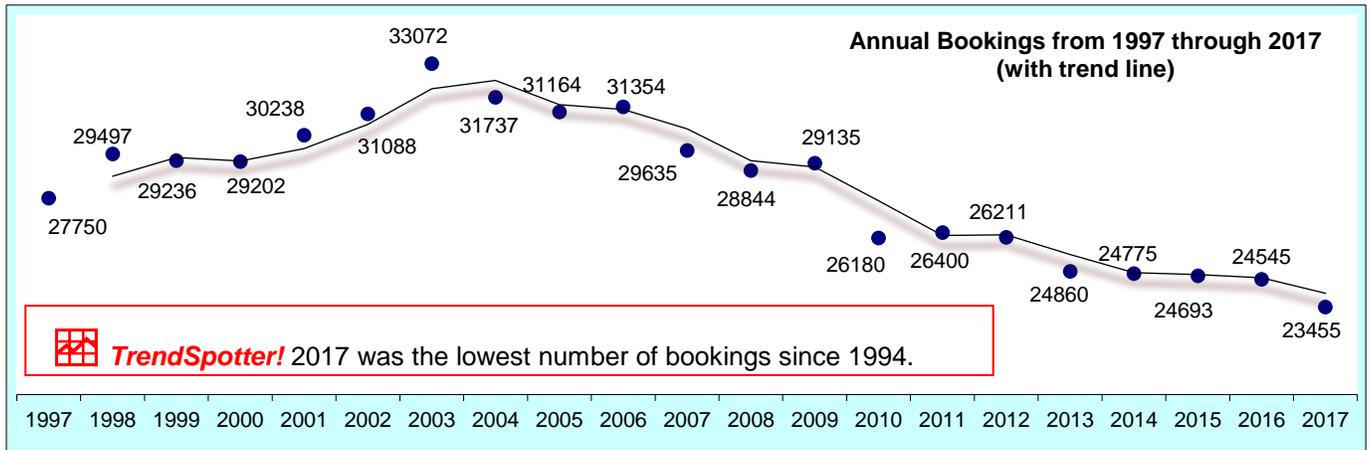
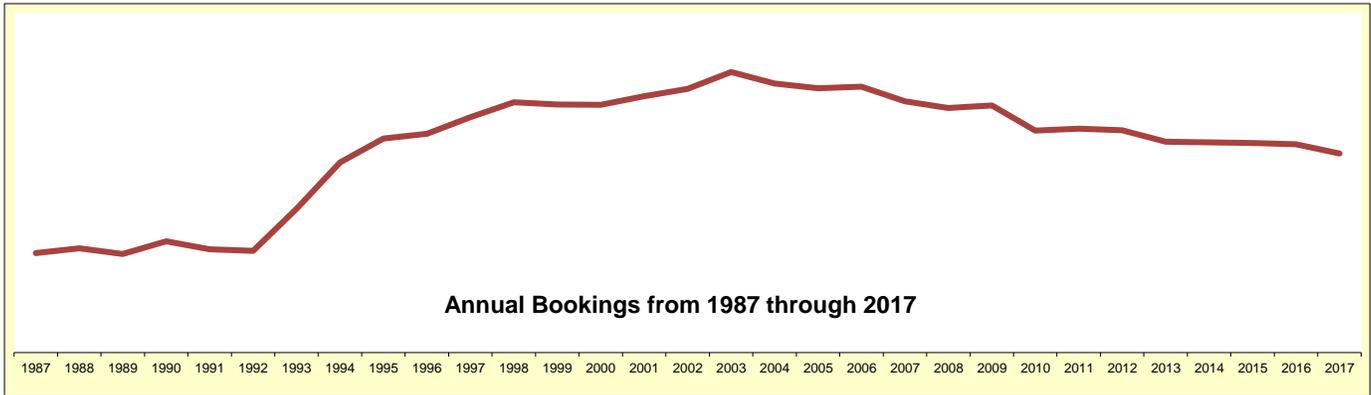
Average Monthly Population Trend



TrendSpotter! This chart depicts our average monthly main jail population numbers since the old work release building was closed and those inmates were moved back in to the main jail. The line superimposed over the chart is a linear forecast showing the overall trend during that time and where the numbers project it to go.

The Number of Inmates Brought to Jail per Year

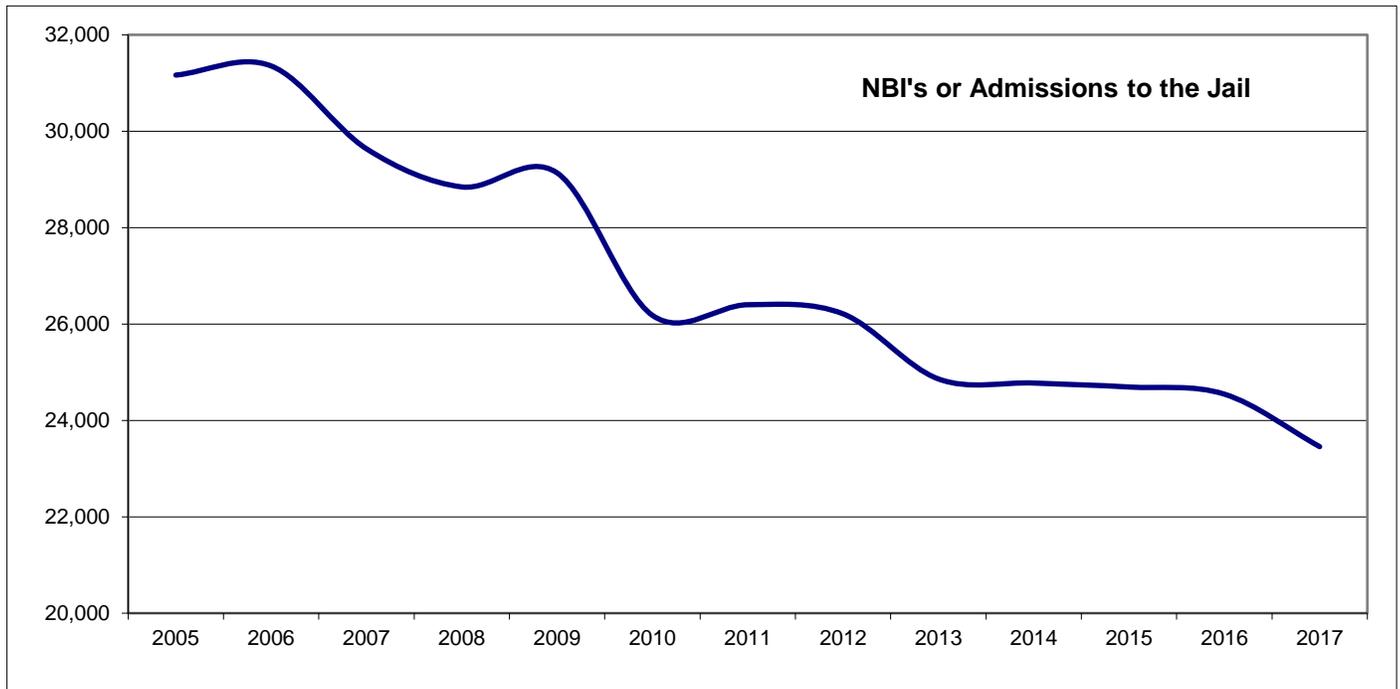
Continued decline in Admissions (1,090 fewer)



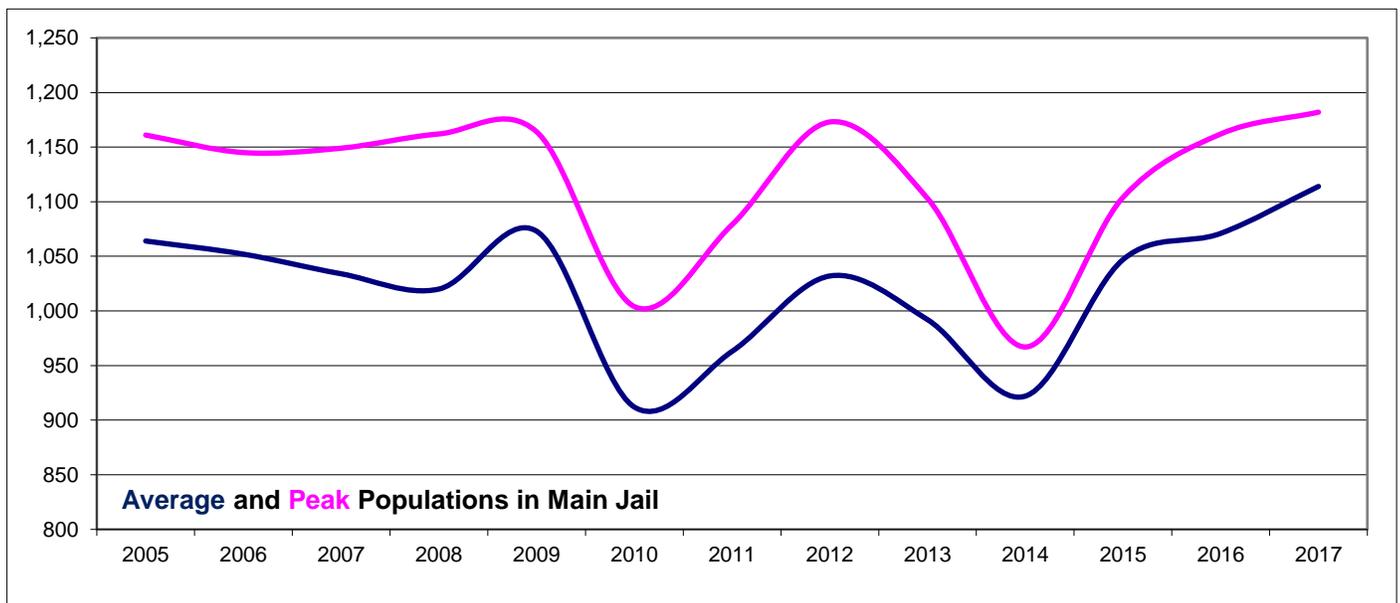
TrendSpotter! This chart shows the number of bookings each year (orange line) with the % of increase or decrease from the previous year (blue bar). We experienced a 4.4% decrease in 2017.

Number of Bookings and MJ Average / Peak Populations

year	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
NBI	31,164	31,354	29,635	28,844	29,135	26,180	26,400	26,211	24,860	24,775	24,693	24,545	23,455

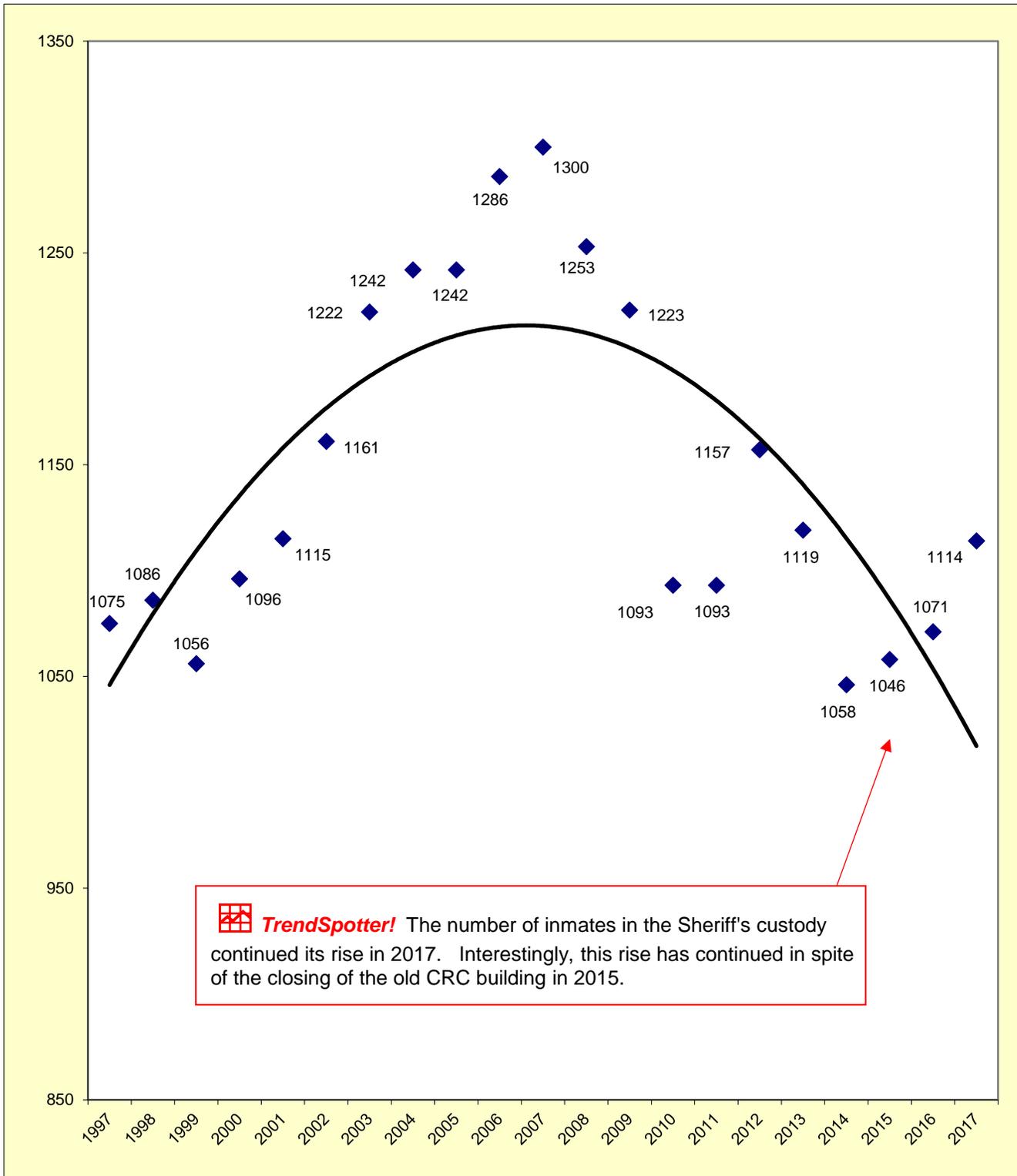


year	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
ADP	1,064	1,052	1,034	1,020	1,073	912	963	1,032	992	922	1,047	1,071	1,114
Peak	1,161	1,145	1,149	1,162	1,164	1,004	1,079	1,173	1,103	967	1,104	1,162	1,182
+ or -	9.1%	8.8%	11.1%	13.9%	8.5%	10.1%	12.0%	13.7%	11.2%	4.9%	5.4%	8.5%	6.1%



TalkingPoint! The bottom chart shows the difference in the Main Jail between the **AVERAGE** population and the **PEAK** population. In 2017 we had more inmates than average **47%** of the time. The difference between the normal or "average" population and the peaking population is called the "peaking factor." The peaking factor for 2017 was 6.1%.

Annual Average Daily Population for all Inmates in KCCF Custody



The figures on this graph represent the daily average of the total number of inmates in our custody, including the Main Jail, Community Reentry Center, and Honor Camp. It DOES NOT INCLUDE inmates lodged in other agencies. The 1997 figure is an estimate because some of the data is missing. Trend line added.

History of Jail Capacity in Kent County (1835 to 1984)

Year	Description of the Event or Solution	Capacity Levels			
		MJ	HC	WR	System
1835	First Kent County Jail consisted of two cells in the corner of the Courthouse				
1845	First jail burns and for the next 10 years inmates are housed in rented quarters, primarily in a cellar of a building on Canal Street, with more important inmates being sent to jails in adjoining counties.				
1855	A new Sheriff's residence was built with a wooden structure called "Kent County Jail House" in the rear. It consisted of heavy planking with sheet iron sheathing on the inside.				
1872	Rising crime and frequency of escapes from the current jail cause the county to construct a new jail in the "Bastille" style. When it opened in March, it was called the "Prisoner's Paradise."	114			
1913	Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Board of Commissioners called the jail a "cheese box" that had "first prize for being the most hazardous building in Michigan today."				
1950	Peak Average Daily Population reaches 162 inmates.				
1954	After several failed attempts over 4 decades, voters finally approve a ballot measure for a new jail.				
1958	Original Ball Avenue Jail constructed with a capacity of 240 beds.	240			240
1968	Honor Camp opens with a capacity of 48, bringing us to a total capacity of 288.	240	48		288
1974	Jail expansion by 116 beds, bringing us to a capacity in the Main Jail of 356. Total capacity for all jail facilities was 404.	356	48		404
1977	Jail expansion by 95 beds, bringing us to a capacity in the Main Jail of 451. Total capacity for all jail facilities was 499.	451	48		499
1977	61st District Court creates Community Service Program for sentenced misdemeanor cases.				
1979	Lawsuit filed by six inmates in U.S. District Court.				
1980	Formation of "Alternatives to Incarceration" task force.				
1980	We begin the practice of boarding out inmates to other counties due to overcrowding. This continued for 15 years.				
1981	Creation of Court Services Department to administer Pre-trial Release and Community Service programs. Post arraignment Pre-trial Screening begins at the jail.				
1982	Work Release facility created at the Salvation Army building with a capacity of 48 beds.	451	48	48	547
1982	Court Services Community Service program begins placing felony and misdemeanor cases to work in the community from all district courts and Circuit Court.				
1982	Federal Court order by Judge Enslin in the matter of Johnson v. Heffron limiting occupancy at the Main Jail to 95 percent of capacity.				
1983	Jail expansion by 122 beds, bringing the Main Jail to 573. Total capacity for all jail facilities was 669.	573	48	48	669
1984	Expansion of Pre-trial Release and Community Service programs. Pre-trial program now includes full-time supervision services.				
1984	Expansion of Work Release facility by 24 beds for a capacity of 72. Total capacity for all jail facilities is 693.	573	48	72	693
1984	Jail Management System approved for automating records at the Kent County Jail.				

History of Jail Capacity in Kent County (1985 to 1998)

Year	Description of the Event or Solution	Capacity Levels			
		MJ	HC	WR	System
1985	Agreement to house up to 25 females at Project Rehab Community Treatment Center.				
1985	Expansion of Work Release facility by 18 beds to a total capacity of 90. Total capacity for all jail facilities is 711.	573	48	90	711
1987	Jail Population Management Board formed to study causes of jail crowding.				
1987	Electronic Monitoring and Work Crew programs started with Federal Grant				
1988	Additional judge added for 17th Circuit Court				
1989	Formation of the Community Corrections Advisory Board pursuant to P.A. 511 of 1988.				
1989	Approval of Comprehensive Criminal Justice System Study by David M. Bennett.				
1989	Temporary minimum security jail building adding 64 beds to the Main Jail, bringing its capacity to 637. Total capacity for all jail facilities is 775.	637	48	90	775
1989	Expansion at the Work Release adds 14 beds for a total of 104 beds. Total capacity for all jail facilities is 789.	637	48	104	789
1990	This was the high year for the practice of boarding inmates in other counties. Daily average this year was 146.				
1990	Tax increase of 0.84 mills approved by voters on August 7th to construct a new jail addition.				
1990	Contract approved for jail architectural services.				
1990	Creation of Criminal Justice Coordinator position.				
1991	Pre-trial and Community Service program expanded to provide staff for additional numbers of supervised release cases and community service placements.				
1992	New jail addition opened in December but parts of the old jail are closed for renovation. We become the central intake facility for the Grand Rapids Police Department.				
1992	Pre-trial services expanded to include pre-arraignment screening and investigation and Fast Track processing 24 hours a day, 7 days a week coverage at the jail.				
1993	New jail addition and renovation of the old jail completed, adding 363 additional beds (after closing the temporary facility), bringing us to a capacity in the Main Jail of 1,000, and a total capacity of 1,152.	1,000	48	104	1,152
1993	Jail Bed Allocation Agreement begun, committee implemented, and weekly jail bed reports sent to all criminal court judges.				
1993	Temporary minimum security building relocated to Honor Camp. Capacity at Honor Camp remains at 48.				
1994	The practice of boarding inmates in other counties because of overcrowding finally ends this year after 15 years.				
1996	Order from the Federal Sixth Circuit Court granting relief from Judge Enslin's count reduction measures.				
1997	Pre-trial Electronic Monitoring program re-started after being discontinued in 1989.				
1997	Federal grant program enables Kent County communities to add large numbers of new police.				
1998	Research conducted into the issues surrounding adding double bunks to the Main Jail. 24 bunks added this year, bringing the capacity of the Main Jail to 1,024.	1,024	48	104	1,176

History of Jail Capacity in Kent County (1998 to 2012)

Year	Description of the Event or Solution	Capacity Levels			
		MJ	HC	WR	System
1998	Jail Population Monitoring Clerk begins monitoring split-sentence cases to facilitate early release into community facilities.				
1999	29 additional double bunks added for a total of 53, with a capacity of 1,053 in the Main Jail, and a total capacity of 1,205.	1,053	48	104	1,205
1999	Relocation of the Work Release facility from the Salvation Army to the old Kent Oaks facility, increasing the capacity to 136. Total system capacity is now 1,237.	1,053	48	136	1,237
2000	9 additional double bunks added for a total of 62, bringing us to a capacity of 1,062 in the Main Jail, and a total capacity of 1,246.	1,062	48	136	1,246
2002	32 additional double bunks added for a total of 94, with a capacity of 1,094 in the Main Jail, and a total capacity of 1,278.	1,094	48	136	1,278
2003	Two additional judges added for 17th Circuit Court.				
2003	Six additional bunks added to the Honor Camp, increasing its capacity to 54.	1,094	54	136	1,284
2004	Ten additional bunks added to Work Release, increasing its capacity to 146.	1,094	54	146	1,294
2004	Corrections and Detention Millage Committee formed				
2005	Two more bunks to the Honor Camp, capacity up to 56	1,094	56	146	1,296
2005	Corrections and Detention Millage Committee submits final report to County Administration in December.				
2005	Expansion project begins at Work Release and extra programs added. Building renamed the Community Reentry Center.				
2006	Expansion at the Community Reentry Center completed.	1,094	56	248	1,398
2006	Four more bunks added to Honor Camp, capacity up to 60	1,094	60	248	1,402
2006	90 additional double bunks added bringing us to a capacity of 1,184 in the Main Jail, and a total capacity of 1,492.	1,184	60	248	1,492
2006	Renovation started on the new Mental Health Unit. 53 bunks taken out of service.	1,131	60	248	1,439
2007	Criminal Justice Planners Harrison / Landmark present a report to County Administration in December that evaluates the jail's facilities and recommends demolition and expansion.				
2007	Mental Health Unit opened with 39 additional bunks, leaving us with a Main Jail capacity of 1,170 and a total capacity of 1,478.	1,170	60	248	1,478
2007	Kent, Kalamazoo and Allegan Counties hire a consulting firm to determine the feasibility of creating a regional jail.				
2008	Voters approve an extension of Jail Millage.				
2009	County selects Tower Pinkster as the design firm for the expansion and demolition project, and Owens, Ames and Kimble were selected as the construction firm. A jail transition team is formed and design work begins in mid-summer.				
2010	Renovation started on Upper Rear and D1B. Additional double bunks are added to B2 and B3. The Main Jail has a new temporary capacity.	1,101	48	248	1,397
2010	Using Honor Camp for inmate housing suspended in November.	1,101	0	248	1,349
2010	One wing of the CRC was closed the last week of December, leaving two wings in operation.	1,101	0	186	1,287
2011	The newly renovated Upper Rear reopens in January as H2 with a new capacity of 192.	1,293	0	186	1,479
2011	The newly renovated D1B reopens in February with a new capacity of 46	1,331	0	186	1,517
2011	Lower One Man, Middle One Man, and Upper Annex are demolished in March.	1,221	0	186	1,407
2012	The new jail housing units open in December (L1, L2, L3, M1, M2, and M3). The old side (Lower, Middle and Upper) is closed.	1,285	0	186	1,471

History of Jail Capacity in Kent County (2013 to present)

Year	Description of the Event or Solution	Capacity Levels			
		MJ	HC	WR	System
2015	Community Re-Entry Center is closed. 192 Double bunks are installed in B2, B3, D1, D2 & D. This increased our Main Jail count to 1,477.	1,477	0	0	1,477
2016	Construction of a new kitchen and a dedicated entrance for the Community Re-Entry Center program to the Main Jail has started. Completion is projected to be April, 2017.	1,477	0	0	1,477
2017	The new kitchen and Community Re-Entry Center entrance additions to the jail are completed and open.	1,477	0	0	1,477

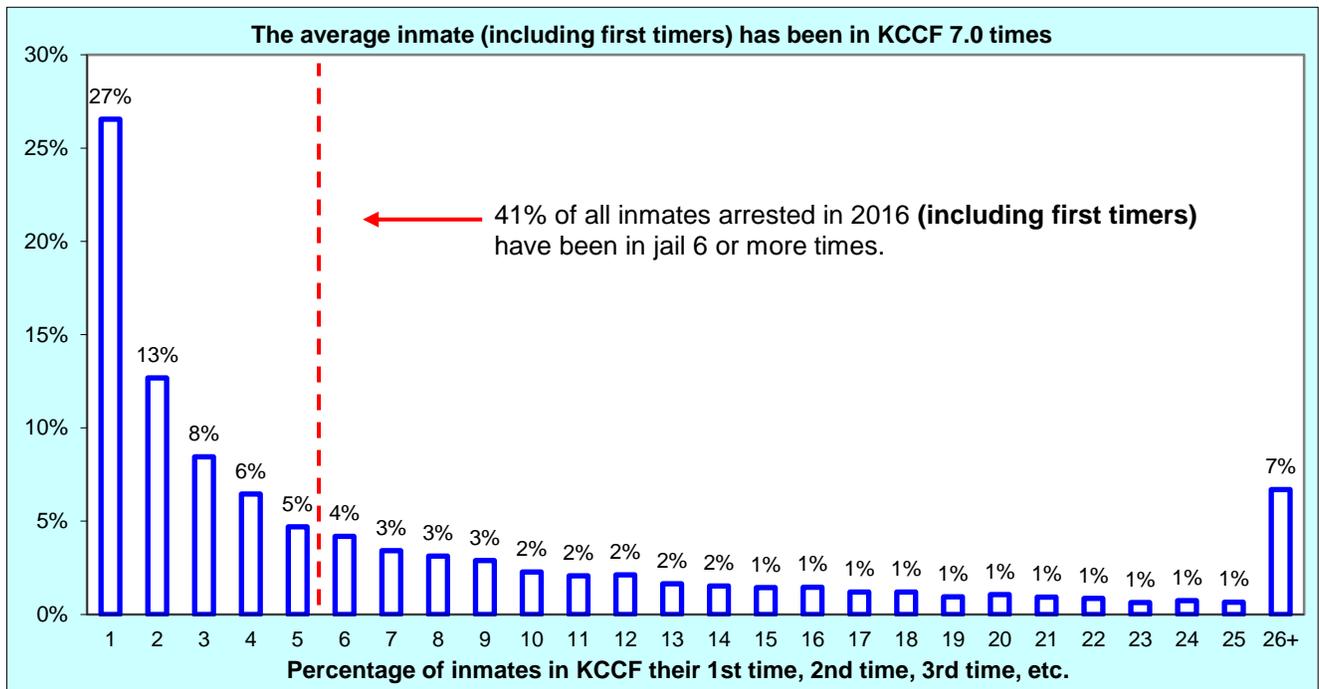
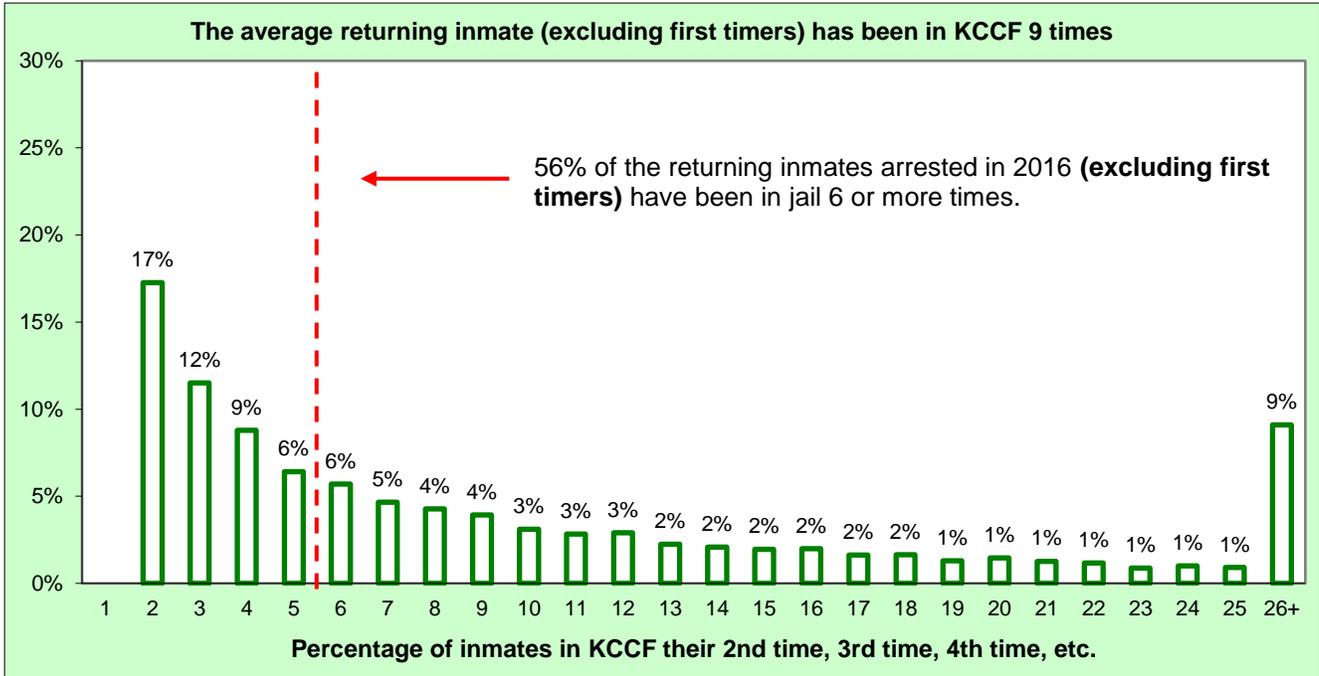


A view of the new kitchen shortly after completion. In 2017 our kitchen provided almost 1,225,000 meals for our inmate population!

 **TalkingPoint!** Our facility moved to a full video visitation system in 2011. We currently facilitate just under 60,000 inmate video visits a year.

Total Number of Times an Inmate has been in KCCF

Core Group of 3,108 Offenders Return to Jail 15 Times or More



These graphs were produced by looking at the **17,046 unique offenders arrested in 2017** and counting how many times they had been in the Kent County Correctional Facility since 1986. The point of producing these graphs side-by-side is to show the difference in the number of times in jail between the repeat offenders (the recidivists are in the top chart) and the whole population that includes the lightweights (bottom chart).

TalkingPoint! Of all the people brought to jail, 48% are there for their first, second or third visit. Among the offenders who came to jail in 2017, there was one inmate who had been in KCCF **132 times**. Remember, these numbers are just counting the times these offenders were in the Kent County Jail and doesn't include visits to jails in other counties.

Recidivism Rate of KCCF Inmates

The previous page examines recidivism by looking at the people in jail or being admitted to jail and looking backwards to see how many of them have been admitted to the Kent County Correctional Facility in previous years. Another approach to examining recidivism is examined on this page. This forward looking approach surveys a group of admissions at a point in the past and follows them in subsequent years to see how many individuals were rebooked after their initial release from the Kent County Correctional Facility. The information on this page examines inmates booked into the Kent County County Correctional Facility during calendar year 2010 and then measured what proportion of them were rebooked into the Kent County Correctional Facility through the remainder of 2010 through the end of 2015. We provided the jail data from those years to Andy Verheek at the Kent County Office of Community Corrections and he analyzed it for recidivism rates. The results of the analysis are reported on this page.

 **TalkingPoint!** There were a total of 64,691 unique individuals booked into KCCF at least one time over the six year period from 2010 through 2015. Out of these 64,691 individuals, 29,150 were rebooked (for any reason) into KCCF at least once during this same time period. This represents an overall recidivism rate of 45.1%, meaning that 45.1% of the individuals in this sample were booked into KCCF two or more times. Of the 29,150 offenders booked two or more times into KCCF, females were admitted an average of 4.0 times and males an average of 4.4 times.

"Class of 2010 to 2015" - 64,691 individuals booked & rearrested anytime in 2010 through 2015

	Total Individuals booked at least once anytime in 2010 through 2015	Number with at least one subsequent rebooking	Resulting Recidivism Rate
All	64,691	29,150	45.1%
Male	46,507	22,094	47.5%
Female	18,184	7,056	38.8%
Black	21,210	12,217	57.6%
Hispanic	7,916	3,022	38.2%
White	34,924	13,687	39.2%

 **TalkingPoint!** The table above includes people whose first arrest in the time period came in 2010 but also those whose first arrest was during the years 2010 through 2015, so some of them did not have much elapsed time to be re-arrested. In the table below we looked at the recidivism rate for ONLY those individuals that were booked into KCCF from January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2010 and released to the community meaning that those released to prison, another facility, or another agency were filtered out of the analysis. **Each of the offenders in the remaining population had a minimum of 5 full years to get in trouble with the law again.** There were 15,559 individuals booked into KCCF during 2010 and subsequently released back into the community. Out of these 15,559 offenders, 9,987 were rebooked into KCCF at least once from their initial booking in 2010 until December 31, 2015. This includes individuals first booked into KCCF in 2010 with their first subsequent booking occurring in the same year (2010). This equates to a recidivism rate of 64.2%.

"Class of 2010" - 15,559 individuals booked in 2010 and their rearrests later in 2010 through 2015

	Total Individuals booked at least once in 2010	Number with at least one subsequent rebooking	Resulting Recidivism Rate
All	15,559	9,987	64.2%
Male	11,513	7,691	66.8%
Female	4,046	2,296	56.7%
Black	5,964	4,631	77.6%
Hispanic	1,850	1,013	61.4%
White	7,783	4,254	54.7%
First Time Offenders in 2010	4,441	1,865	42.0%
Less than High School Education	5,410	3,930	72.6%
High School Education or More	10,149	6,057	59.7%

Recidivism Rate of KCCF Inmates

The previous page examines recidivism by looking at individuals booked into KCCF from 2010 through 2015 to see how many may have been rebooked during that same time frame. This page looks at a group of admissions for a more recent time span of 2015 through 2017. We looked at the overall recidivism rate for this three-year time span as well as recidivism when selecting out offenders who received a proxy score in 2015. Jail data from these years were analyzed by Andy Verheek at the Kent County Office of Community Corrections.

TalkingPoint! There were a total of 37,423 unique individuals booked into KCCF at least one time over the three year period from 2015 through 2017. Using a broad definition of recidivism that looks at rebooking into KCCF for any reason, including probation and parole violations, 15,138 out of the 37,423 individuals were rebooked at least once during this three year period. This represents an overall recidivism rate of 40.5%. Of these 15,138 individuals booked two or more times into KCCF, females were admitted an average of 3.3 times and males an average of 3.5 times. It should be noted that the recidivism rate is dependant on the definition of recidivism used at the time of analysis. For example, measuring recidivism for those with an initial booking event in 2015 and released to the community (meaning that those released to prison, another agency, or other facility were excluded from the analysis), the resulting recidivism rate would increase to 54.5%.

"Class of 2015 to 2017"			
	Total Individuals booked at least once anytime in 2015 through 2017	Number with at least one subsequent rebooking	Resulting Recidivism Rate
All	37,423	15,138	40.5%
Male	26,763	11,420	42.7%
Female	10,660	3,718	34.9%
Black	13,940	6,814	48.9%
Hispanic	4,163	1,354	32.5%
White	18,979	6,855	36.1%

TalkingPoint! The previous table above examined those individuals whose first arrest occurred during the time period of 2015 through 2017 and includes a broad definition of recidivism. However, not all offenders booked into the Kent County Correctional Facility are predicted to recidivate at the same rate. Using a proxy risk assessment instrument that takes into consideration each individuals age at first offense, prior bookings into jail, and current age, Kent County Correctional Facility personnel can obtain an initial prediction of those most likely to be rebooked into the facility in the future. This proxy risk score is instrumental to the establishment and provision of programming in the Kent County Correctional Facility. The following table examines the recidivism rates for those individuals that were booked into KCCF for the first time in 2015 and received a proxy score and were most likely to be released back into the community meaning that offenders released to prison, another facility, or other agency were filtered out. There were 5,091 individuals booked into KCCF in 2015 that had received a proxy score during their stays and were released back into the community. Out of these 5,091 individuals, 3,818 were rebooked into KCCF at least once for any reason (including parole and probation violations) following their initial booking in 2015 until December 31, 2017 for an overall recidivism rate of 75.0%. The table below illustrates that the recidivism rates are indeed different for those offenders scored at a low, medium, or high risk of recidivism based on the proxy risk assessment instrument.

"Class of 2015" - 5,091 individuals booked in 2015 and their rearrests later in 2016 through 2017			
	Low Risk of Recidivism 559 total individuals	Medium Risk of Recidivism 2,547 total individuals	High Risk of Recidivism 1,985 total individuals
Recidivism Rate	52.1%	72.4%	84.7%
Male	359 total individuals	1,884 total individuals	1,669 total individuals
Rate	46.8%	71.5%	85.5%
Female	200 total individuals	663 total individuals	316 total individuals
Rate	61.5%	75.1%	80.7%
Black	119 total individuals	992 total individuals	1,073 total individuals
Rate	49.6%	75.5%	87.8%
Hispanic	62 total individuals	195 total individuals	168 total individuals
Rate	40.3%	72.3%	85.7%
White	372 total individuals	1,341 total individuals	731 total individuals
Rate	54.6%	70.1%	80.0%

Recidivism Info - Including Likelihood of Recidivating

 **TalkingPoint!** Additional information regarding regarding the recidivism of individuals booked into KCCF between 2015 and 2017:

- ➔ An offender with an initial 2015 booking event experienced 48 separate bookings between 2015 and 2017.
- ➔ Overall, male offenders were rebooked an average of 2.0 times and female offenders were rebooked an average of 1.7 times.
- ➔ Black offenders were booked an average of 2.2 times, hispanic offenders were booked an average of 1.7 times, and white offenders were booked an average of 1.8 times.
- ➔ Average (median) length of time between an offender's first and second bookings was 145.7 days for male offenders and 153.9 days for female offenders.
- ➔ Average (median) length of time between an offender's first and second bookings was 155.8 days for black offenders, 160.4 days for Hispanic offenders, and 139.6 days for white offenders.

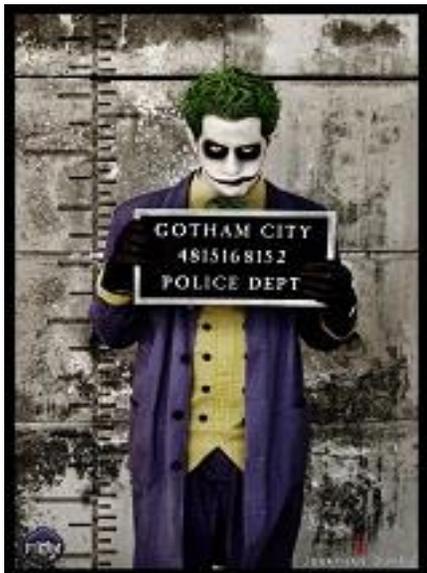
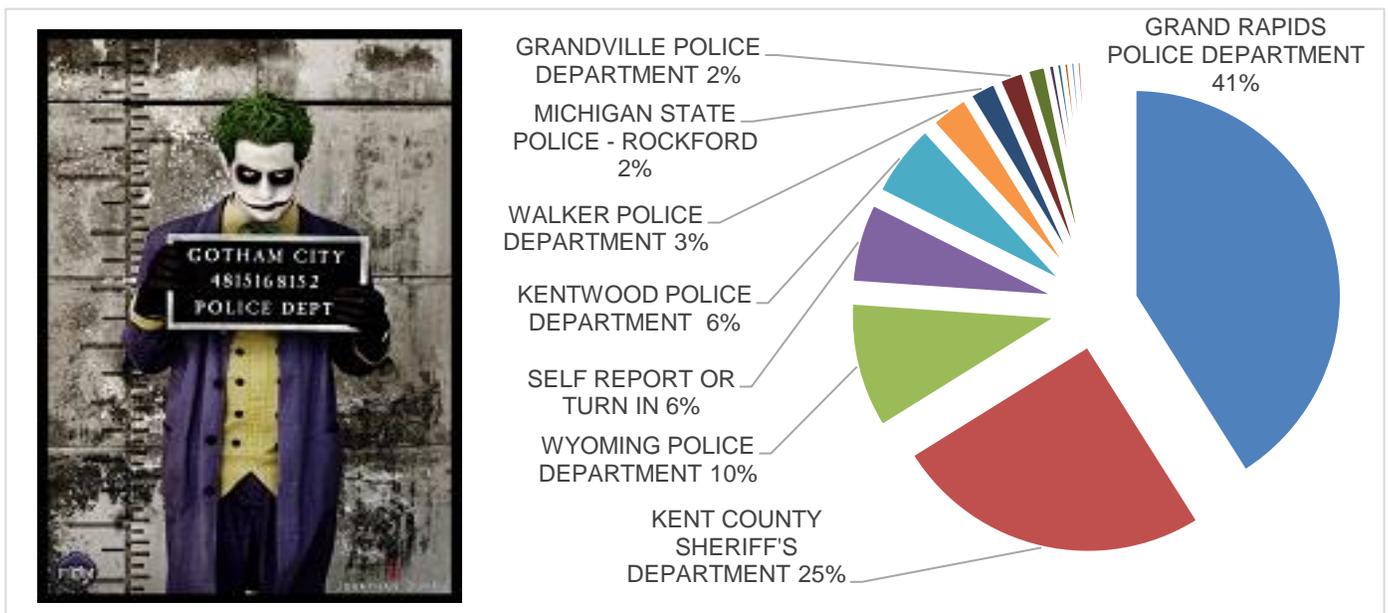
 **TalkingPoint!** Kent County has continued using an instrument to predict the likelihood that an inmate booked into KCCF will be rebooked into KCCF at some future date. This "Proxy" instrument divides the inmates into three levels, with R1's being the least likely to return to jail, R2's being in the middle, and R3's being the most likely to return to jail. The breakdown of Proxy scores for individuals booked between 2015 and 2017 include - R1: 11.0% // R2: 50.0% // R3: 39.0%. One of the reasons for this disparity is that the proxy is administered only to those individuals who are in jail 3 days or longer.

- ➔ Looking at the 559 offenders that received a low category proxy score (R1) from the Recidivism Since 2015 page, male offenders averaged 1.8 bookings while female offenders also averaged 2.3 bookings. Looking at the 1,985 offenders that received a high category proxy score (R3) from the same page, the average number of bookings for male offenders averaged 4.0 bookings while female offenders averaged 3.7
- ➔ Looking at those offenders that received a low category proxy score (R1) from the Recidivism Since 2015 page, black offenders averaged 2.2 bookings, whites averaged 2.0 bookings, and Hispanics averaged 1.5 bookings. Switching to the offenders that received a high category proxy score (R3) from the same page, the average for black offenders increases to 4.3 bookings, the average for white offenders increases to 3.8 bookings, and the average for Hispanic offenders increases to 3.6 bookings.
- ➔ Looking at those offenders that received a low category proxy score (R1) from the Recidivism Since 2015 page, the average (median) length of time between an offender's first and second bookings was 128.3 days for male offenders and 116.5 days for female offenders. Switching to those offenders receiving a high category proxy score (R3), the average (median) length of time between an offender's first and second bookings decreases to 102.0 days for male offenders and 91.1 days for female offenders.
- ➔ Looking at those offenders that received a low category proxy score (R1) from the Recidivism Since 2015 page, the average (median) length of time between an offender's first and second bookings was 114.6 days for black offenders, 104.6 days for Hispanic offenders, and 128.5 days for white offenders. Switching to those offenders receiving a high category proxy score (R3), the average (median) length of time between an offender's first and second bookings decreases to 101.1 days for black offenders and 99.9 days for white offenders while it increases to 105.9 days for Hispanic offenders.

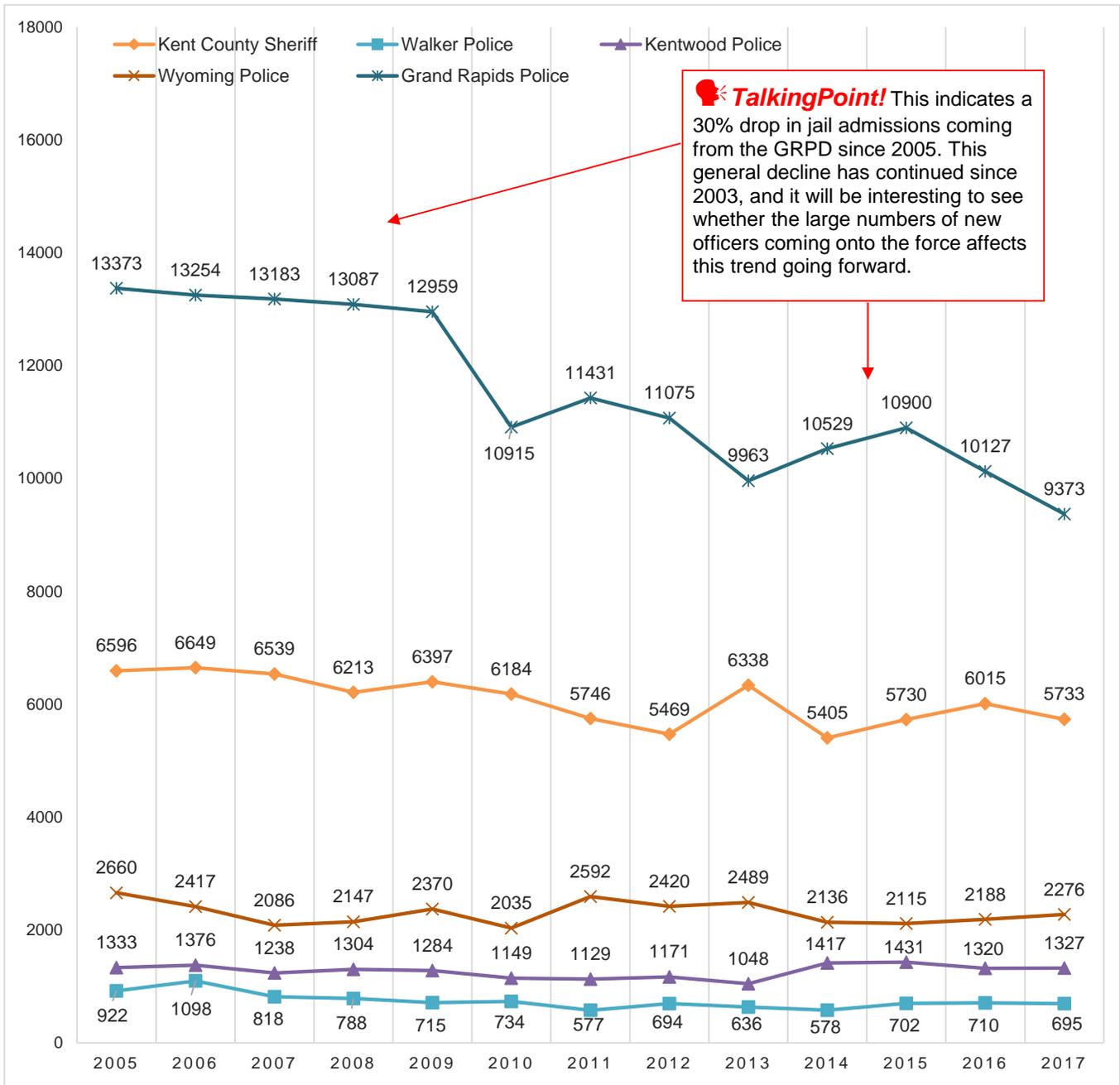
Number of Inmates Brought to Jail by Arresting Agency

Top 5 Agencies Account for 85% of Incoming Inmates

Code	Arresting Agency	# of Arrests	Percent of Total
4195	GRAND RAPIDS POLICE DEPARTMENT	9,373	41.03%
4100	KENT COUNTY SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT	5,733	25.10%
4189	WYOMING POLICE DEPARTMENT	2,276	9.96%
SELF	SELF REPORT OR TURN IN	1,440	6.30%
4168	KENTWOOD POLICE DEPARTMENT	1,327	5.81%
4169	WALKER POLICE DEPARTMENT	692	3.03%
4161	MICHIGAN STATE POLICE - ROCKFORD	485	2.12%
4167	GRANDVILLE POLICE DEPARTMENT	448	1.96%
DOC	DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS	332	1.45%
OTH	ANY OTHER ARRESTING AGENCY	124	0.54%
4146	LOWELL POLICE DEPARTMENT	109	0.48%
4147	SPARTA POLICE DEPARTMENT	100	0.44%
4140	ROCKFORD CITY POLICE DEPARTMENT	97	0.42%
4166	EAST GRAND RAPIDS PUBLIC SAFETY	93	0.41%
TRANSCOR	TRANSCOR PRISONER TRANSPORT	34	0.15%
IMMG	IMMIGRATION	27	0.12%
ICE 203	IMMIGRATION BILLABLE	19	0.08%
GRR	GERALD R FORD INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT POLICE	16	0.07%
4132	SAND LAKE POLICE DEPARTMENT	16	0.07%
USMSHL	U. S. MARSHAL	16	0.07%
GRCC	GRAND RAPIDS COMMUNITY COLLEGE CAMPUS POLICE	15	0.07%
INS	IMMIGRATION NATURALIZATION SERVICE	14	0.06%
SPEC	SPECTRUM HEALTH POLICE	11	0.05%
ATTY	ATTORNEY GENERAL	10	0.04%
DHS	DEPT OF HOMELAND SECURITY	10	0.04%
4160	MICHIGAN STATE POLICE - 6TH DISTRICT HQ	10	0.04%
DNR	DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES	9	0.04%
41FM	FEDERAL MARSHALS	3	0.01%
DEA	DEA	1	0.00%
FBI	FBI	1	0.00%
WMET	WEST MICHIGAN ENFORCEMENT TEAM	1	0.00%
5942	MICHIGAN STATE POLICE - LAKEVIEW	1	0.00%
Grand Total		22,843	100.00%



Number of Inmates Brought to Jail in the Last 13 Years by the Top Five Arresting Agencies



TrendSpotter! The peak for Grand Rapids, Kent County and Wyoming was in 2003 (not shown on this chart). Grand Rapids and Kent County both witnessed slight declines in 2017, while Wyoming, Kentwood and Walker appear to be relatively stable.

Top 80 Arrests by Home Zip Code of Inmate for 2017

CITY	ZIP	TOTAL
Grand Rapids	49507	3629
Grand Rapids	49503	2317
Grand Rapids	49504	2024
Kentwood	49508	1364
Wyoming	49509	1213
Grand Rapids	49505	1200
Grand Rapids	49548	1124
East GR / GR	49506	952
Wyoming	49519	601
Grand Rapids	49525	475
Rockford	49341	369
Comstock Park	49321	367
Grand Rapids	49512	358
Cedar Springs	49319	311
Grand Rapids	49546	299
Sparta	49345	272
Grand Rapids	49534	255
Grandville	49418	229
Walker	49544	210
Lowell	49331	206
Caledonia	49316	180
Jenison	49428	124
Byron Center	49315	120
Greenville	48838	116
Muskegon	49442	111
Ada	49301	101
Hudsonville	49426	98
Holland	49423	86
Belding	48809	82
Belmont	49306	82
Kent City	49330	82
Muskegon	49444	81
Sand Lake	49343	73
Alto	49302	70
Howard City	49329	63
Newaygo	49337	63
Grant	49327	62
Muskegon	49441	59
Ionia	48846	56
Holland	49424	55

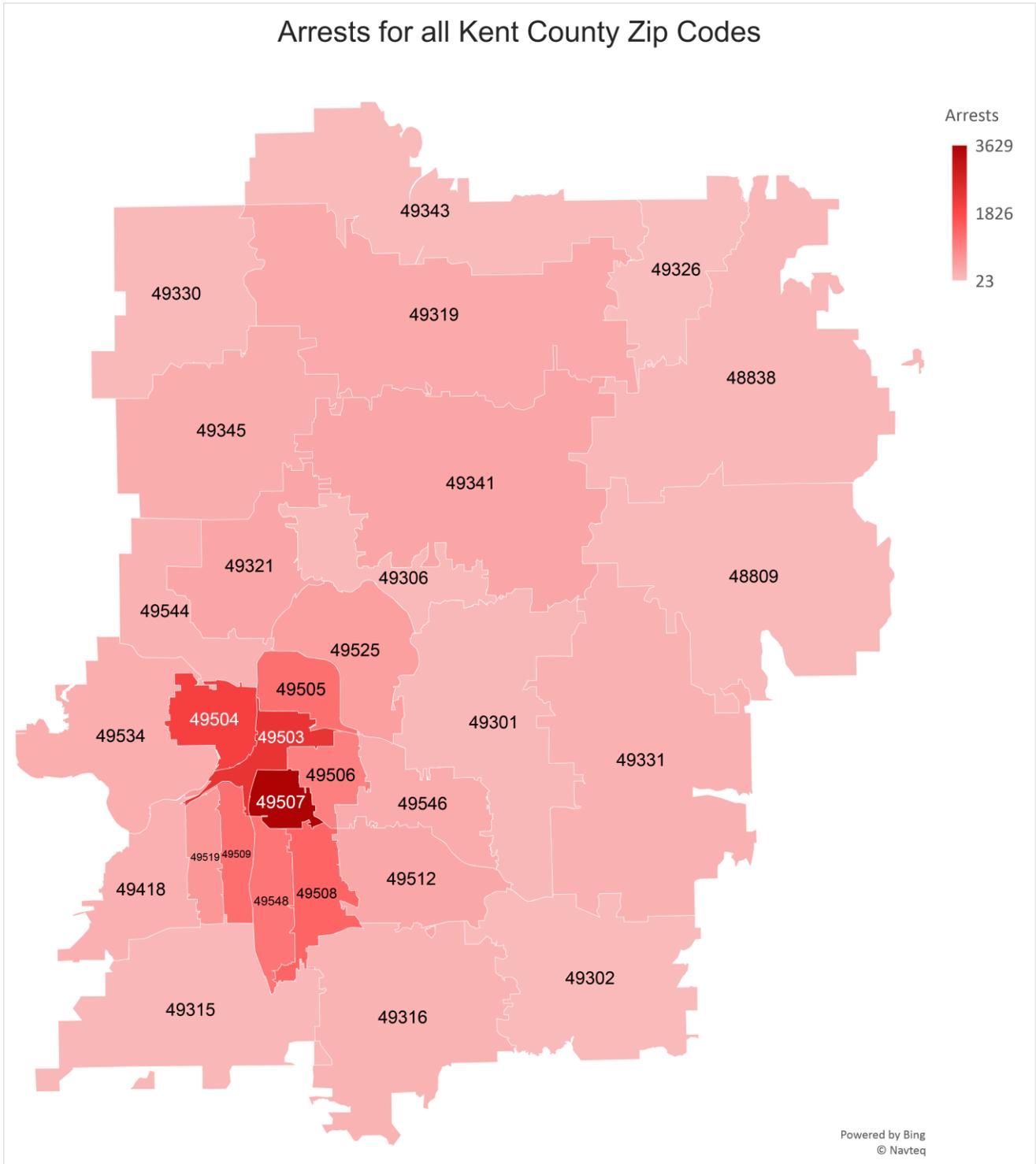
CITY	ZIP	TOTAL
Allendale	49401	48
Middleville	49333	45
Wayland	49348	44
Dorr	49323	42
Benton Harbor	49022	41
Kalamazoo	49001	37
Grand Rapids	49502	36
Grand Rapids	49501	34
White Cloud	49349	30
Coopersville	49404	30
Gowen	49326	28
Marne	49435	28
Kalamazoo	49007	25
Hastings	49058	23
Kentwood	49518	23
Saranac	48881	21
Morley	49336	21
Saginaw	48601	20
Big Rapids	49307	18
Zeeland	49464	18
Stanton	48888	17
North Muskegon	49445	17
Spring Lake	49456	17
Kalamazoo	49048	16
Lakeview	48850	15
Orleans	48865	15
Lansing	48910	15
Lansing	48911	15
Kalamazoo	49006	15
Allegan	49010	15
Hopkins	49328	15
Whitehall	49461	15
Mount Pleasant	48858	14
Grand Haven	49417	14
Delton	49046	13
Pierson	49339	13
Kalamazoo	49009	12
Baldwin	49304	12
Stanwood	49346	12

Top 40 Arrests by Zip Code: 2005 vs. 2017

2005				2017			
	CITY	ZIP	TOTAL		CITY	ZIP	TOTAL
1	Grand Rapids	49507	5,292		Grand Rapids	49507	3,629
2	Grand Rapids	49503	3,233		Grand Rapids	49503	2,317
3	Grand Rapids	49504	2,841		Grand Rapids	49504	2,024
4	Wyoming	49509	2,199		Kentwood	49508	1,364
5	East GR / GR	49506	1,771		Wyoming	49509	1,213
6	Grand Rapids	49505	1,718		Grand Rapids	49505	1,200
7	Kentwood	49508	1,715		Grand Rapids	49548	1,124
8	Grand Rapids	49548	1,014		East GR / GR	49506	952
9	Comstock Park	49321	565		Wyoming	49519	601
10	Grand Rapids	49546	514		Grand Rapids	49525	475
11	Grand Rapids	49525	513		Rockford	49341	369
12	Walker	49544	508		Comstock Park	49321	367
13	Rockford	49341	474		Grand Rapids	49512	358
14	Cedar Springs	49319	448		Cedar Springs	49319	311
15	Grandville	49418	397		Grand Rapids	49546	299
16	Grand Rapids	49512	336		Sparta	49345	272
17	Sparta	49345	299		Grand Rapids	49534	255
18	Lowell	49331	289		Grandville	49418	229
19	Wyoming	49519	237		Walker	49544	210
20	Ada	49301	142		Lowell	49331	206
21	Hudsonville	49426	138		Caledonia	49316	180
22	Greenville	48838	136		Jenison	49428	124
23	Belmont	49306	135		Byron Center	49315	120
24	Sand Lake	49343	134		Greenville	48838	116
25	Byron Center	49315	130		Muskegon	49442	111
26	Jenison	49428	128		Ada	49301	101
27	Caledonia	49316	127		Hudsonville	49426	98
28	Kent City	49330	121		Holland	49423	86
29	Muskegon	49442	103		Belding	48809	82
30	Belding	48809	99		Belmont	49306	82
31	Holland	49423	98		Kent City	49330	82
32	Muskegon	49444	89		Muskegon	49444	81
33	Alto	49302	73		Sand Lake	49343	73
34	Newaygo	49337	73		Alto	49302	70
35	Grant	49327	72		Howard City	49329	63
36	Howard City	49329	72		Newaygo	49337	63
37	Middleville	49333	68		Grant	49327	62
38	Wayland	49348	61		Muskegon	49441	59
39	Coopersville	49404	58		Ionia	48846	56
40	Holland	49424	57		Holland	49424	55

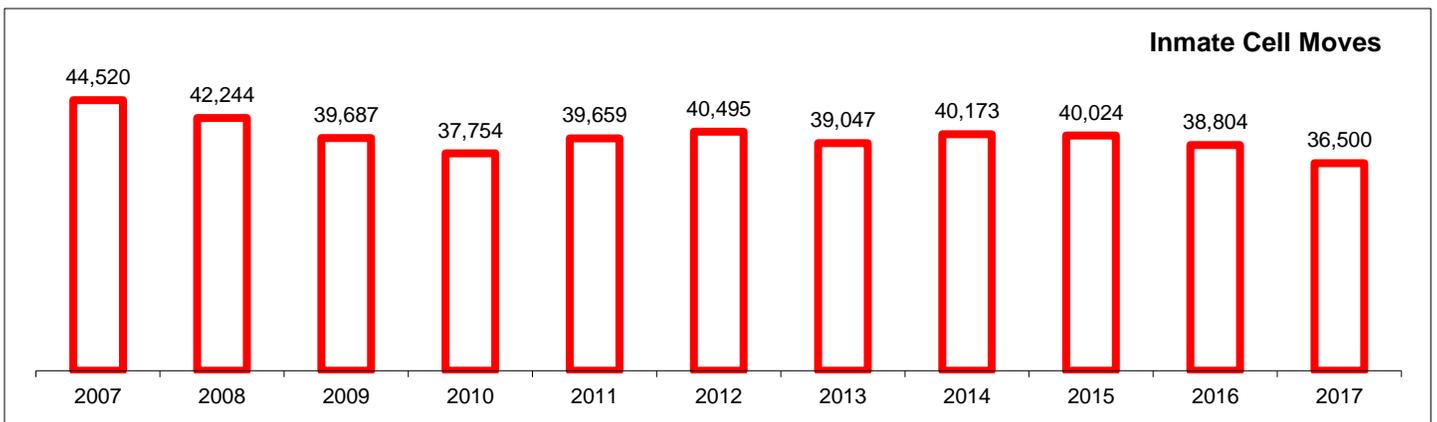
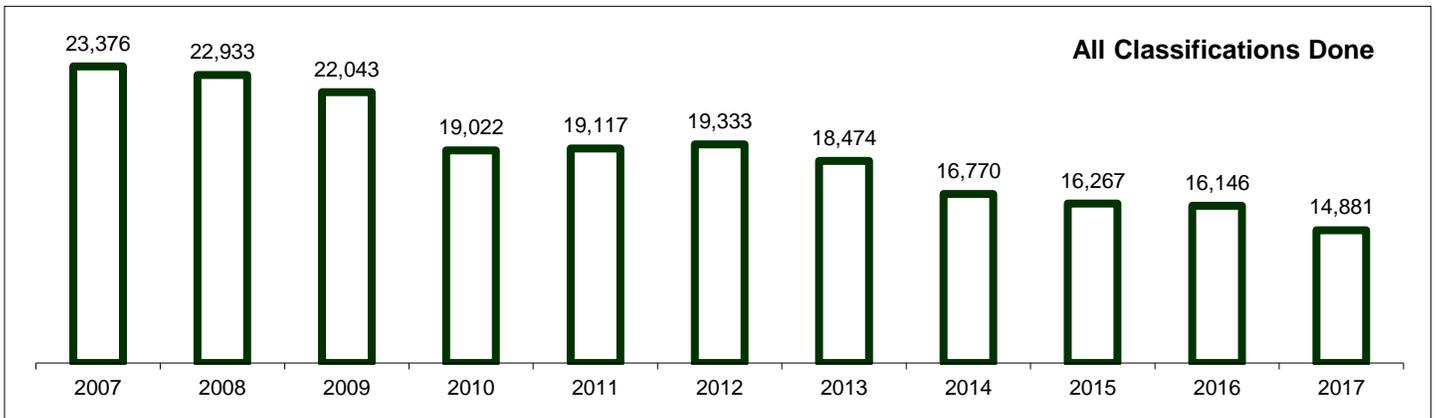
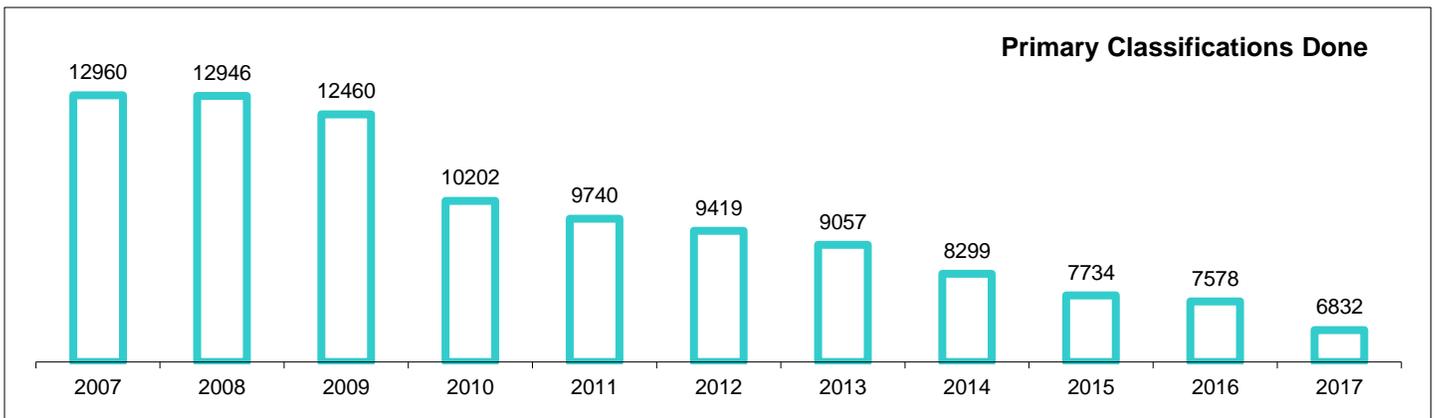


Arrest Map by Zip Code

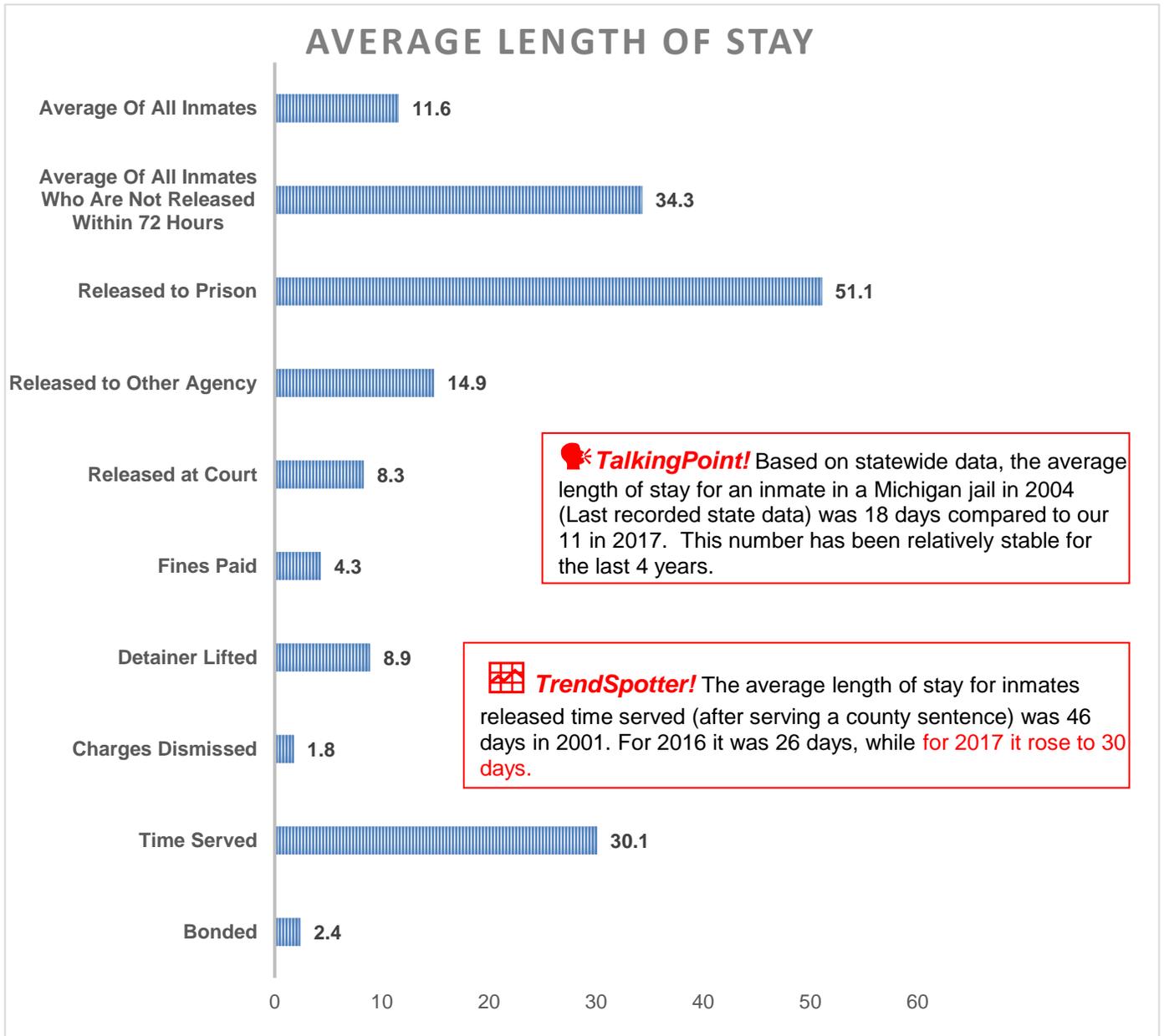


Annual Classification Numbers for 2017

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Primary Class	12,960	12,946	12,460	10,202	9,740	9,419	9,057	8,299	7,734	7,578	6,832
Agg Review Class	1,379	1,349	1,195	1,260	1,171	1,170	1,098	1,094	1,059	970	992
Mit Review Class	9,037	8,638	8,388	7,560	8,206	8,744	8,319	7,377	7,474	7,598	7,057
All Classifications	23,376	22,933	22,043	19,022	19,117	19,333	18,474	16,770	16,267	16,146	14,881
Inmate Cell Moves	44,520	42,244	39,687	37,754	39,659	40,495	39,047	40,173	40,024	38,804	36,500
AFIS Verifications	28,022	27,901	28,107	25,396	25,452	25,421	24,708	23,929	24,542	24,071	21,130
AFIS % of NBI's	95%	97%	99%	99%	99%	99%	99%	97%	99%	98%	95%
ARU Hearings	81	105	115	91	82	130	70	115	130	135	125
Notifications Comp	564	418	272	244	448	624	441	620	435	292	124
Notifications Sent	3,296	3,004	2,498	2,203	7,738	7,867	7,099	7,028	6,308	5,913	5,999
Alerts Entered	29,815	27,816	23,061	37,573	29,846	35,138	33,953	35,419	36,003	32,015	30,672
Case Notes	1,680	1,295	911	873	1,016	2,606	1,149	2,566	1,768	1,501	657



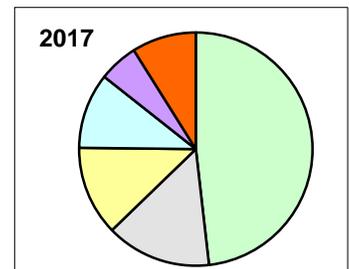
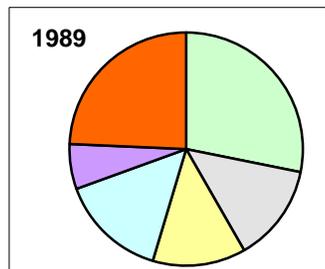
Average Amount of Time Inmates Stay in Jail, Shown with Inmates Grouped by Release Type



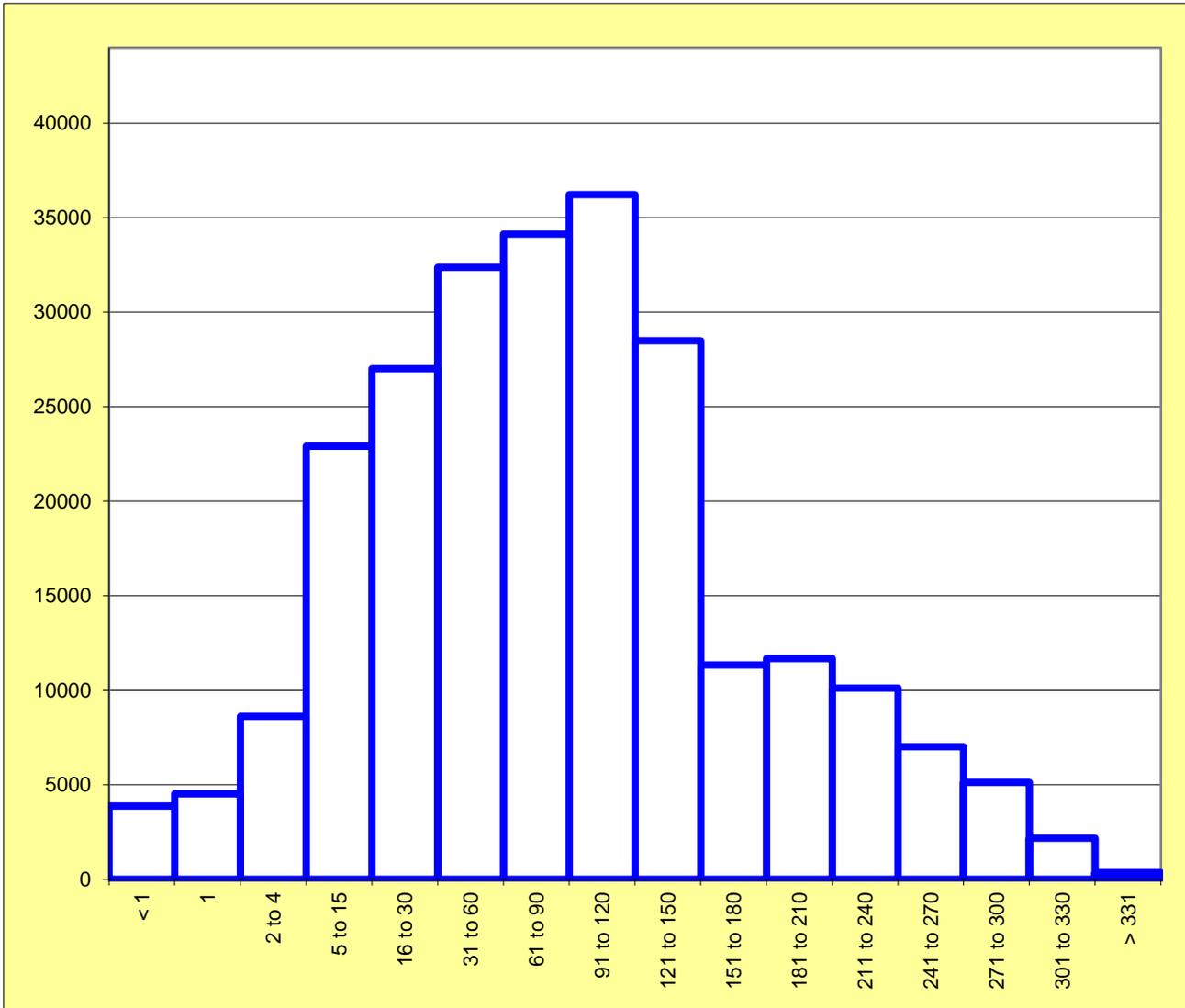
The graph above was based on a sample of 21,179 inmates released in 2017.

💡 TalkingPoint! The pie charts below contain a comparison of the Average Length of Stay (ALOS) at the time of the Bennett jail expansion study and the ALOS in 2017, depicting the much shorter ALOS in 2017.

	1989	2017
< 1 day	28.17%	48.19%
1 day	13.55%	14.57%
2 to 4 days	12.90%	12.41%
5 to 15 days	14.84%	10.47%
16 to 30 days	6.24%	5.44%
> 30 days	24.30%	8.91%



Average Length of Stay Depicted as Jail Bed Days

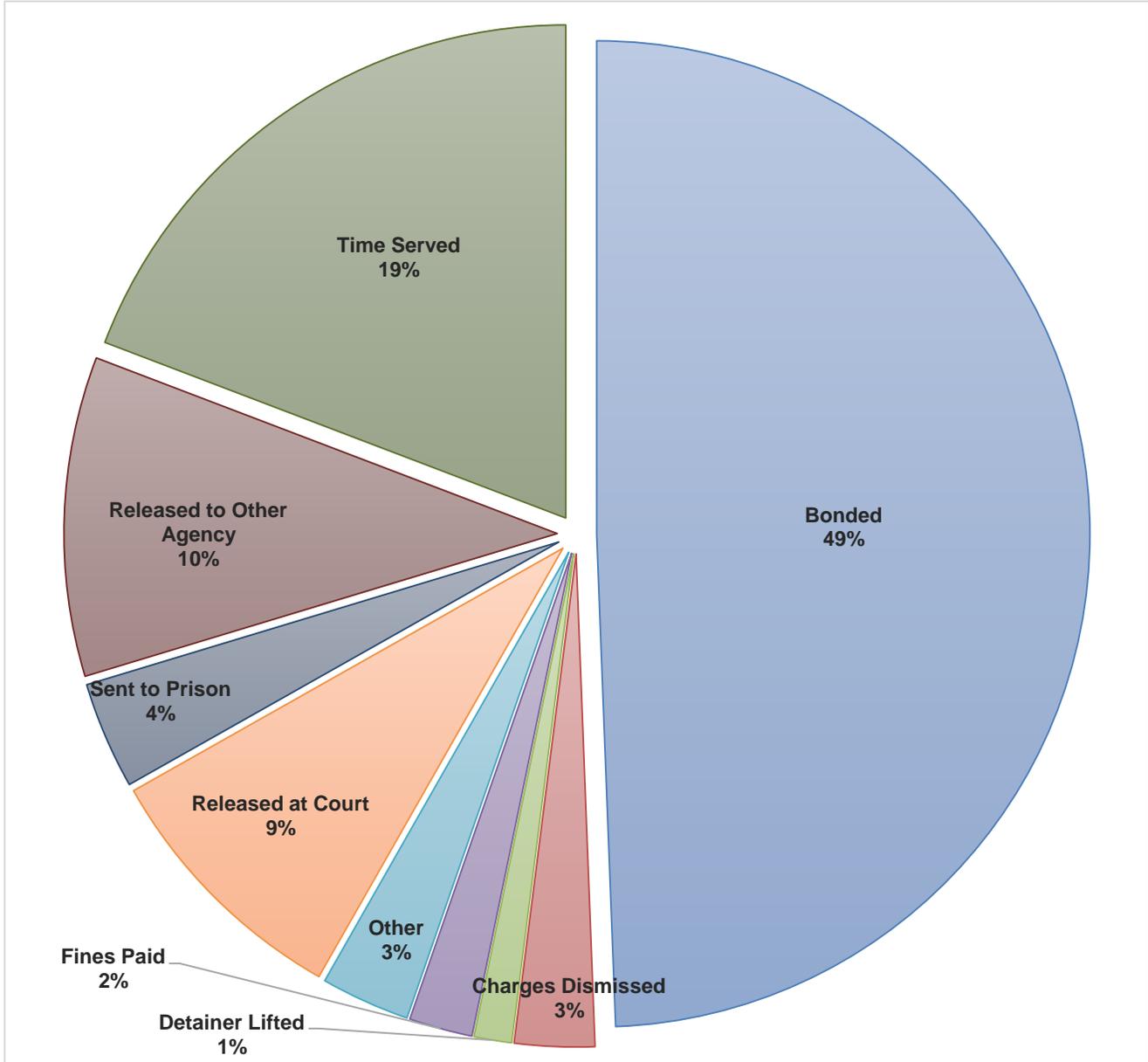


TalkingPoint! This chart shows the concept of average length of stay depicted as Jail Bed Days. Jail Bed Days are an accurate way of displaying the actual impact on jail beds, because it is counting the days that a jail bed is occupied. The chart above shows that although we had 10,711 people who stayed less than one day in jail, they used far fewer jail beds than the 2,327 inmates who stayed 5 to 15 days in jail. In fact, the **350** inmates who stayed 91 to 120 days used the most jail beds. The main interpretation of these data is that the greatest impact on jail capacity would be achieved by concentrating our efforts on reducing the stay of the inmates who are in jail from one to five months. It is that group of inmates who are using most of the jail's beds.

# of Days in Jail	# of Inmates
< 1	10711
1	3238
2 to 4	2759
5 to 15	2327
16 to 30	1209
31 to 60	751
61 to 90	449
91 to 120	350
121 to 150	206
151 to 180	68
181 to 210	58
211 to 240	45
241 to 270	28
271 to 300	18
301 to 330	7
> 331	1

Reasons Why Inmates are Released and the Percentage of Inmates Released in the Most Common Types of Releases

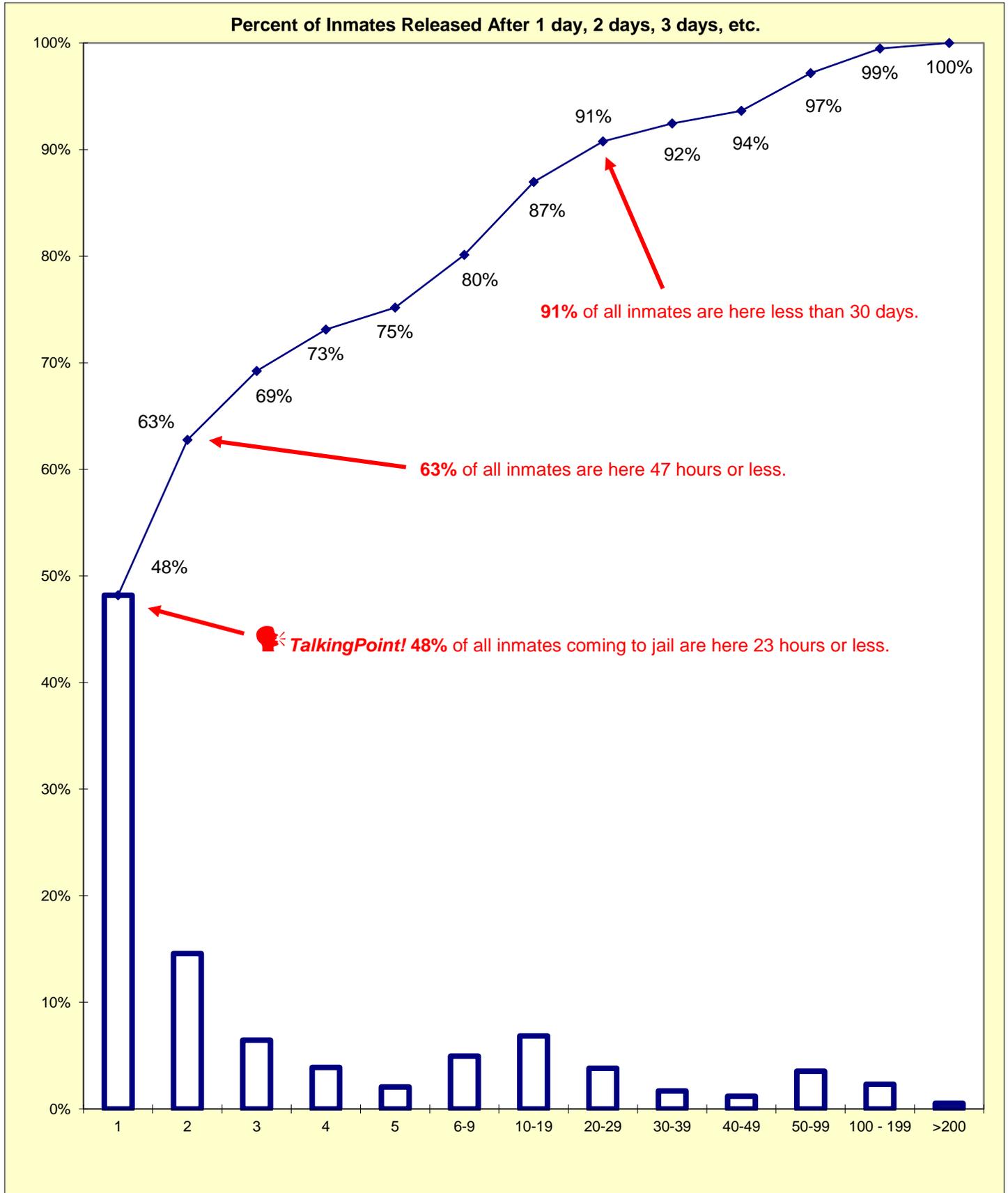
The Majority of Incoming Inmates Released Back to the Community



TalkingPoint! 86% of the inmates who come into our jail are released directly back into the community. This chart is based on a sample of almost 22,000 records in 2017. Only about 14% get sent to prison or to another agency. Hard data is not available on that 14%, but most of those inmates return to our community at some point. It is important to remember that resources devoted to local jail inmates benefit our local communities.

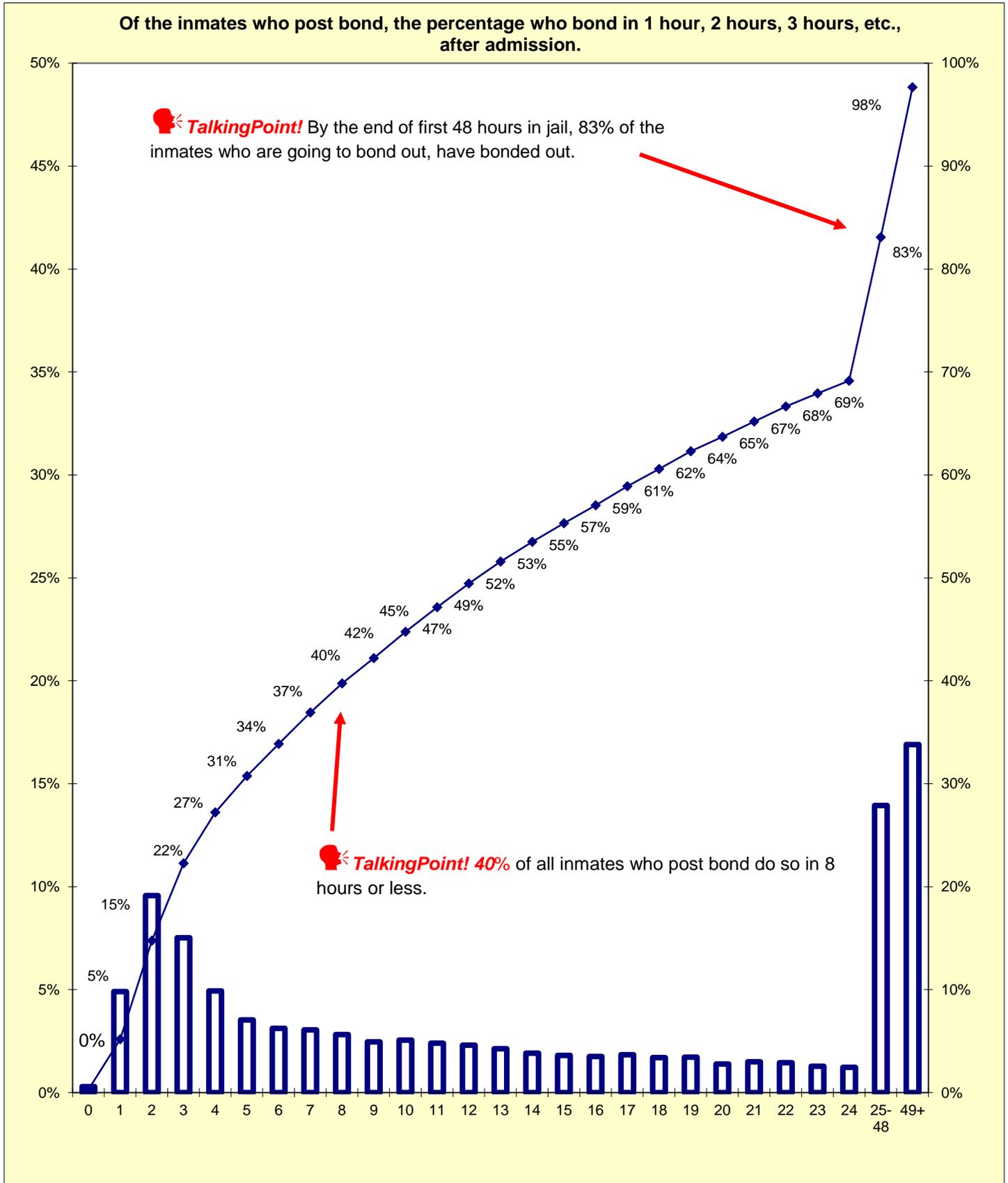
Number of Days Inmates Spend in Jail Before Release

91% of All Inmates Are in Jail Less than 30 Days



Number of Hours Inmates Spend in Jail Before Being Released on Bond

83% of All Inmates Who Post Bond do so Within the First 48 hours



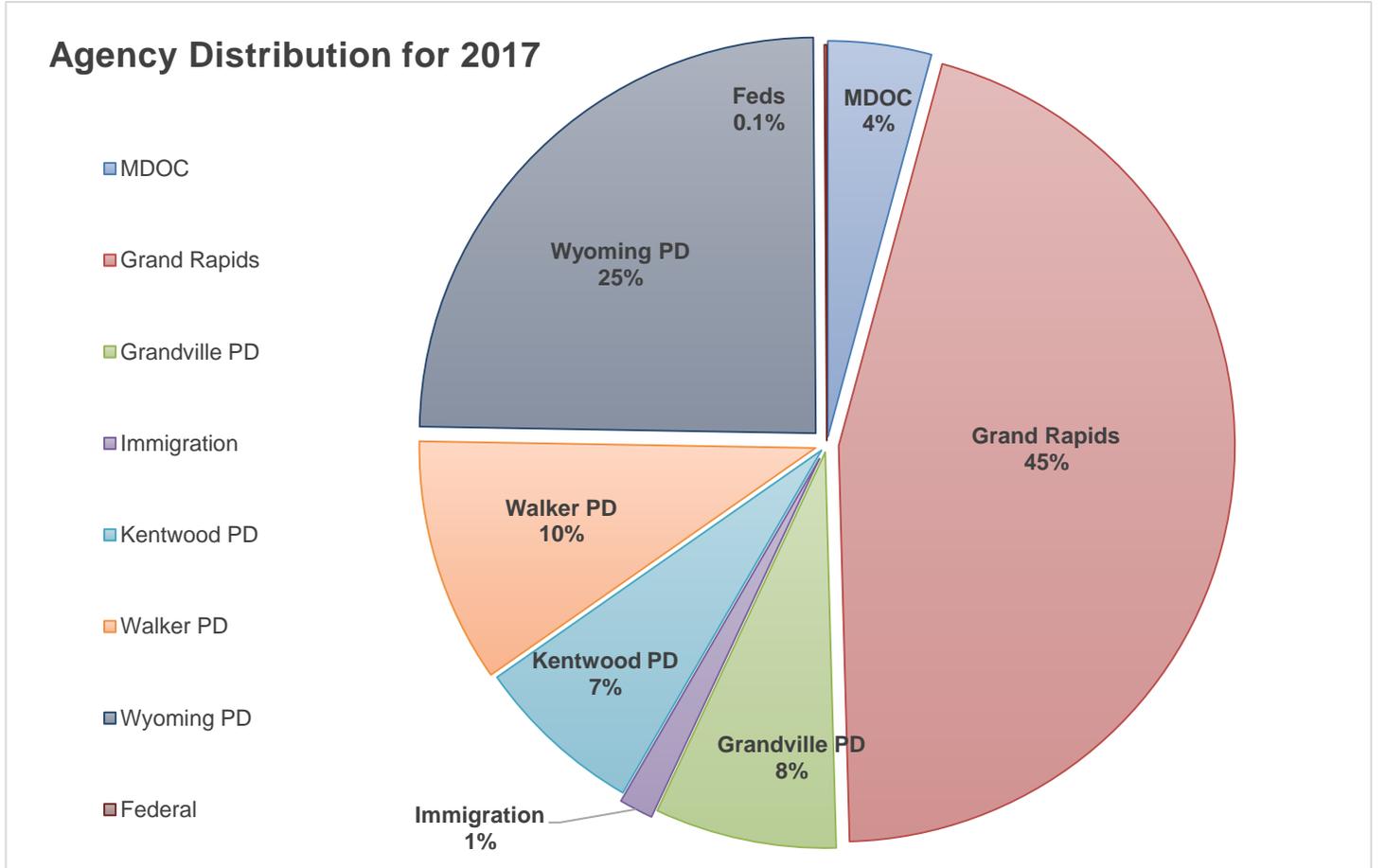
Agency Billing Information

Billing Other Agencies Nets Over One Million Dollars

Agency	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
MDOC	\$102,598.00	\$147,875.00	\$110,250.00	\$40,985.00	\$39,200.00	\$50,050.00	\$54,460.00
Grand Rapids	\$603,951.08	\$620,044.29	\$624,053.86	\$586,151.77	\$512,253.89	\$515,615.87	\$586,401.87
Grandville PD	\$113,009.57	\$81,913.15	\$85,643.98	\$97,742.19	\$78,344.76	\$76,069.23	\$95,822.06
Immigration	\$0.00	\$11,680.00	\$0.00	\$28,220.00	\$0.00	\$8,585.00	\$17,935.00
Kentwood PD	\$55,066.24	\$59,537.51	\$61,764.94	\$87,879.33	\$80,135.90	\$75,787.76	\$89,526.72
Walker PD	\$91,431.96	\$121,235.26	\$118,074.25	\$117,507.61	\$104,065.70	\$110,831.78	\$129,132.79
Wyoming PD	302970.79	\$240,372.09	\$280,523.86	\$304,195.66	\$318,417.50	\$291,809.58	\$318,527.23
Federal	\$1,040.00	\$920.00	\$1,640.00	\$1,120.00	\$440.00	\$360.00	\$1,280.00
Border Patrol	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Army	\$0.00	\$80.00	\$280.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
GRCC	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
SIR	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Total	\$1,270,068	\$1,283,657	\$1,282,231	\$1,263,802	\$1,132,858	\$1,129,109	\$1,293,086

Daily Rate	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
	\$36.39	\$37.48	\$38.86	\$38.78	\$41.02	\$41.31	\$42.18

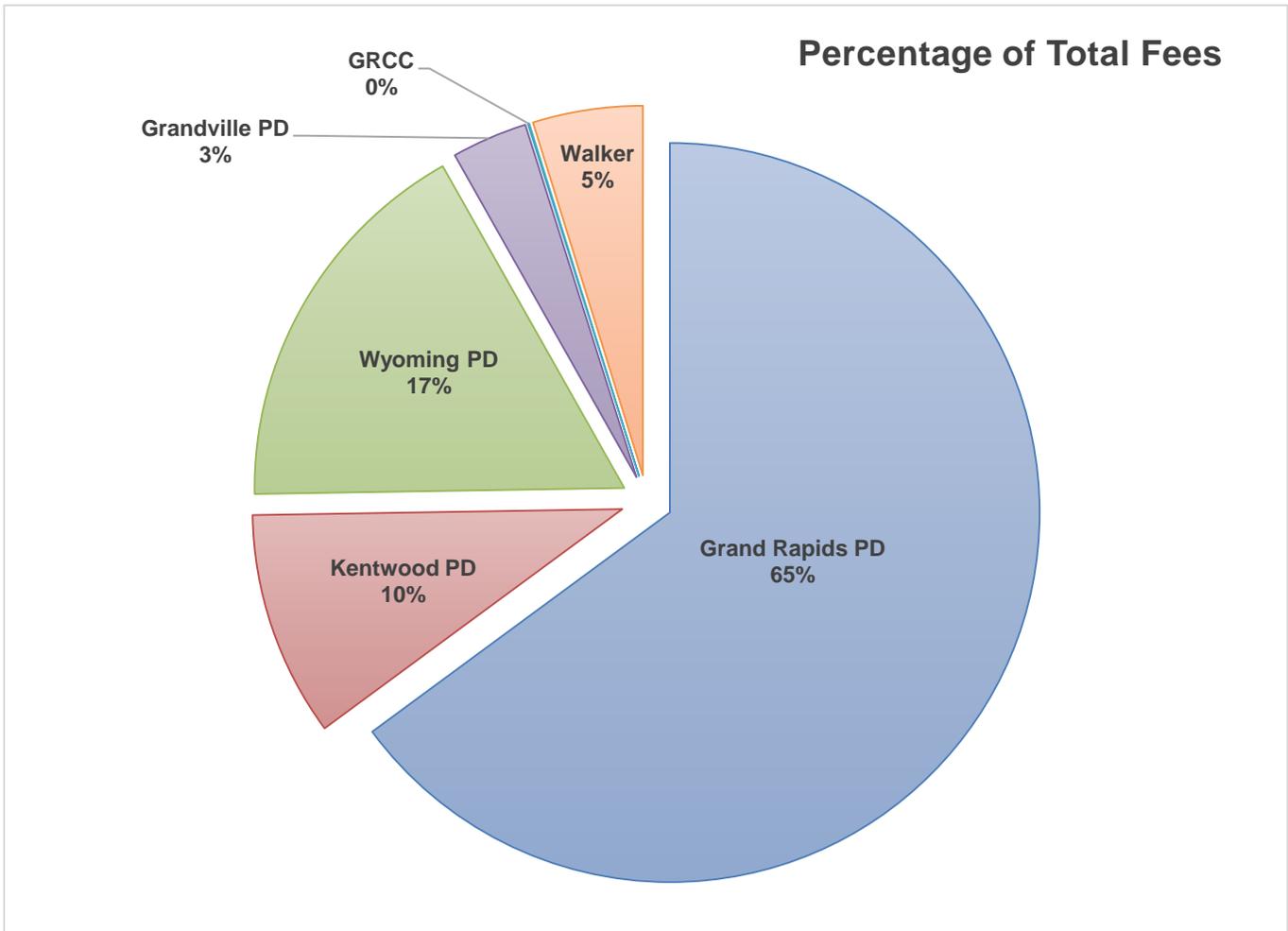
State of Michigan (billing is done by the Office of Community Corrections - this info based on their FY)	\$835,896	\$928,265	\$833,855	\$963,095	\$1,088,015	\$1,095,052	\$1,198,385
--	-----------	-----------	-----------	-----------	-------------	-------------	-------------



Processing Fees for the Last Ten Years

Charging Agencies to Process New Inmates Nets Over \$215,000

	Grand Rapids PD	Kentwood PD	Wyoming PD	Grandville PD	GRCC	Walker	TOTAL
2007	\$273,776.60	\$26,786.43	\$45,867.11	\$14,931.50	\$236.43		\$361,598.07
2008	\$245,898.68	\$24,505.18	\$41,620.77	\$11,961.48	\$142.23		\$324,128.34
2009	\$181,641.55	\$17,960.22	\$33,766.01	\$9,965.99	\$361.44		\$243,695.21
2010	\$143,465.53	\$14,615.81	\$27,539.97	\$9,425.83	\$211.45	\$9,627.03	\$195,258.59
2011	\$162,769.00	\$16,182.12	\$34,062.40	\$9,465.04	\$237.02	\$8,355.60	\$222,715.58
2012	\$163,517.66	\$17,048.26	\$33,786.71	\$8,206.69	\$267.78	\$9,407.88	\$232,234.98
2013	\$136,561.09	\$14,065.34	\$32,766.46	\$5,283.98	\$238.47	\$8,855.66	\$197,771.00
2014	\$156,816.47	\$20,111.85	\$33,674.25	\$7,823.85	\$280.53	\$8,541.00	\$227,247.95
2015	\$156,081.40	\$21,370.86	\$34,195.10	\$6,788.24	\$308.95	\$8,917.54	\$227,662.09
2016	\$146,461.89	\$20,337.77	\$33,789.87	\$6,797.07	\$129.79	\$9,802.92	\$217,319.31
2017	\$135,612.71	\$20,580.98	\$35,698.73	\$6,919.70	\$124.36	\$10,040.82	\$208,977.30



2007 booking fee was \$19.98
 2008 booking fee was \$20.08
 2009 booking fee was \$15.06
 2010 booking fee was \$15.47
 2011 booking fee was \$15.29
 2012 booking fee was \$15.75
 2013 booking fee was \$15.55
 2014 booking fee was \$15.78
 2015 booking fee was \$15.78
 2016 booking fee was \$15.89
 2017 booking fee was \$16.22

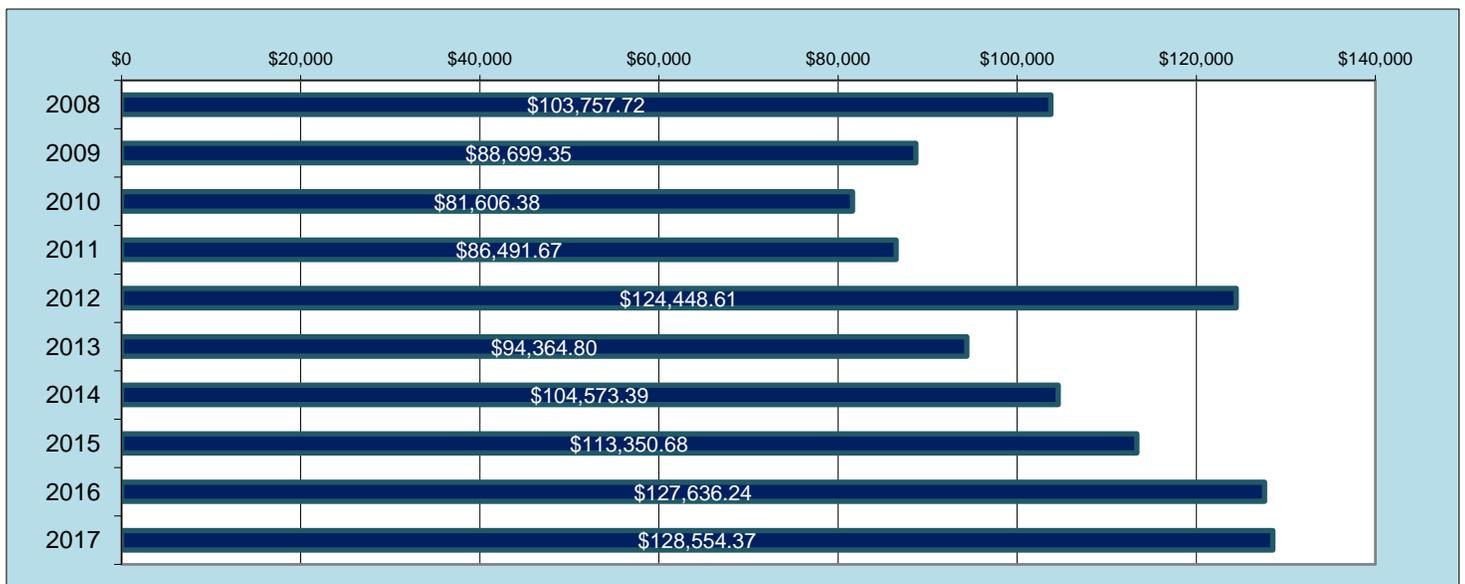
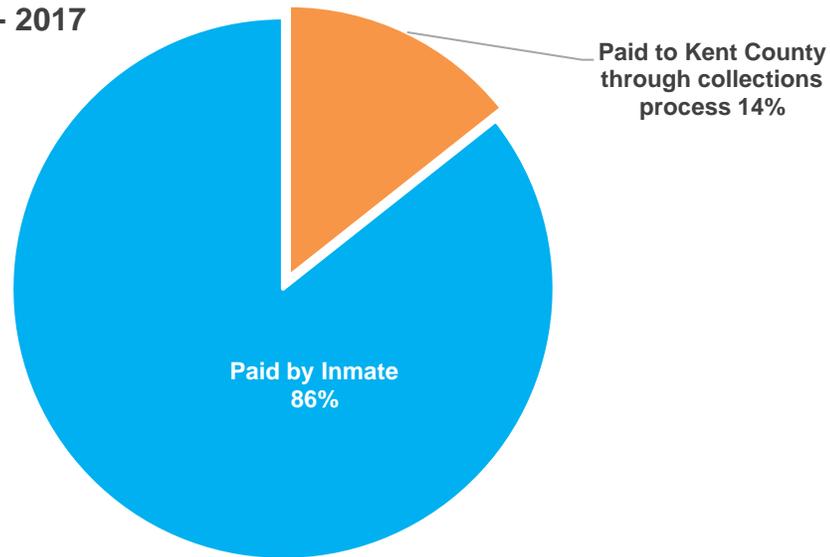
2007 total billed was \$361,598
 2008 total billed was \$324,128
 2009 total billed was \$243,695
 2010 total billed was \$204,885
 2011 total billed was \$231,071
 2012 total billed was \$232,235
 2013 total billed was \$198,177
 2014 total billed was \$227,247
 2015 total billed was \$227,662
 2016 total billed was \$217,319
 2017 total billed was \$208,977

Room and Board Collection Efforts

Collections Increased Again Slightly this Year

Year	Room & Board Billed to inmates	Outside Collections Agency's Commission	Paid to Kent County through collections process	Paid by Inmate	Total Collected	% of Billings actually Collected
2004		\$13,651.87	\$25,113.29	\$68,817.09	\$93,930.38	
2005		\$15,990.54	\$28,903.66	\$80,968.97	\$109,872.63	
2006		\$18,784.80	\$34,886.06	\$68,755.01	\$103,641.07	
2007	\$2,567,477.00	\$12,151.30	\$22,414.91	\$79,864.73	\$102,279.64	
2008	\$2,799,579.02	\$16,833.61	\$30,118.29	\$73,639.43	\$103,757.72	
2009	\$3,222,504.00	\$14,960.30	\$25,180.84	\$63,518.51	\$88,699.35	2.75%
2010	\$2,680,984.00	\$9,722.23	\$16,767.54	\$64,838.84	\$81,606.38	3.04%
2011	\$2,755,224.00	\$13,690.16	\$24,050.00	\$62,441.67	\$86,491.67	3.14%
2012	\$2,993,760.00	\$21,769.21	\$37,463.20	\$86,985.41	\$124,448.61	4.16%
2013	\$2,827,152.00	\$17,140.85	\$31,378.69	\$62,986.11	\$94,364.80	3.34%
2014	\$2,770,614.00	\$18,648.29	\$34,045.58	\$70,527.81	\$104,573.39	3.77%
2015	\$2,893,110.00	\$16,725.40	\$30,784.70	\$82,565.98	\$113,350.68	3.92%
2016	\$3,348,861.00	\$9,542.72	\$16,543.88	\$111,092.36	\$127,636.24	3.81%
2017	\$3,704,820.00	\$10,617.59	\$18,442.17	\$110,112.20	\$128,554.37	3.47%

Percentage of Collections - 2017



County Jail Reimbursement Program

Fiscal Year 2017 Update by Andy VerHeek

CJRP reimbursement and eligibility criteria continued in the same manner during FY 2017 that was implemented in the previous fiscal year. The table below shows that Kent County experienced a slight increase in the amount of funds received through CJRP from \$1,095,052 in FY 2016 to \$1,198,385 during FY 2017.

Reimbursement and eligibility criteria for CJRP continue to include:

1. All counties in Michigan are required to follow the same eligibility and reimbursement criteria.
2. Three different reimbursement amounts are provided and depend upon each offender's sentencing guideline score and type of offense.
4. Save for a few select offenses, a majority of Crime Class F offenses that were ineligible for reimbursement during FY 2016 continue to be ineligible during FY 2017.

In addition to these changes, CJRP monies received by Kent County are impacted by the length of stay in the Kent County Correctional Facility for each offender as well as the jail disposition rate for CJRP-eligible offenders sentenced in Kent County.

FISCAL YEAR	CJRP PAYMENT	TOTAL RECEIVED
1996	\$764,628.00	\$764,628.00
1997	\$731,460.00	\$1,496,088.00
1998	\$695,225.00	\$2,191,313.00
1999	\$699,353.00	\$2,890,666.00
2000	\$1,244,996.00	\$4,135,662.00
2001	\$1,120,632.00	\$5,256,294.00
2002	\$1,212,242.00	\$6,468,536.00
2003	\$1,063,183.50	\$7,531,719.50
2004	\$1,069,839.00	\$8,601,558.50
2005	\$968,571.00	\$9,570,129.50
2006	\$791,613.00	\$10,361,742.50
2007	\$837,505.50	\$11,199,248.00
2008	\$1,084,846.50	\$12,284,094.50
2009	\$734,584.50	\$13,018,679.00
2010	\$607,234.50	\$13,625,913.50
2011	\$835,895.50	\$14,461,809.00
2012	\$928,264.50	\$15,390,073.50
2013	\$833,855.00	\$16,223,928.50
2014	\$963,095.00	\$17,187,023.50
2015	\$1,088,015.00	\$18,275,038.50
2016	\$1,095,052.00	\$19,370,090.50
2017	\$1,198,385.00	\$20,568,475.50

 **Thanks!** A big thank you to Andy Verheek for providing the information for this page as well as the information for the three pages in this report titled "Recidivism Since 2010", "Recidivism Since 2015", and "Likelihood to Recidivate."

Total Counts of Incidents and Inmate Rule Violations

Code	Description of Incident	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
BLOOD	Blood draw for drunk driving arrest	467	423	444	401	413	402	360	439	466	450	462
CERT	CERT team deployment	25	20	17	12	20	25	14	16	34	60	51
IRH	Immediate Restrictive Housing	155	109	237	159	204	253	185	143	166	161	165
INFO	Information report	850	862	717	614	613	408	399	534	785	853	953
S3	suicide precaution	449	405	306	253	271	275	159	214	171	194	170
	Total of Informational Reports	1946	1819	1721	1439	1521	1363	1117	1346	1622	1718	1801
V101	failure to clean cell or assist in clean up	422	494	513	564	495	659	361	314	147	203	232
V102	possession of extra clothing or bedding	519	771	324	362	238	414	99	106	89	368	419
V103	possess food not sold in commissary	314	579	175	65	82	66	74	31	31	65	73
V104	hanging clothing from walls or bars	290	444	382	192	338	182	21	13	46	115	48
V105	covering lights or obstructing vision	387	414	575	424	486	221	192	125	118	509	452
V106	jail uniform violation	116	306	103	121	183	221	267	245	184	73	128
V107	shouting or acting in a disruptive way	2492	3118	1683	2,483	2,742	3423	2749	2408	2307	2,643	2,383
V108	failure to follow housing unit rules	1758	2084	1431	1,534	2,903	5543	3553	3384	3371	5,599	6,466
V109	failure to follow meal time rules	258	266	262	382	215	349	231	152	217	227	341
V110	failure to hang up phone when required	77	151	169	84	24	30	17	15	18	7	24
V111	tattoo or self mutilation violation	10	15	0	0	0	0	3	2	0	0	0
V112	ID card violation	48	24	20	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	10
V113	pass, sell, borrow or trade violation	164	292	156	134	148	152	123	99	112	129	116
V114	throwing trash in common areas	148	377	188	154	170	186	19	16	11	39	69
V115	misuse of the intercom	560	473	323	310	399	533	414	296	467	509	472
V116	gambling violation	8	0	10	1	1	13	10	5	4	9	1
V117	attempt to commit a Cat 1	27	2	2	3	0	1	1	5	2	2	0
V118	talking through the vents	42	39	34	27	41	33	25	26	18	35	30
V119	possessing another's radio	6	28	5	33	14	6	7	4	9	5	17
V120	altering county property	61	38	45	27	63	153	40	40	30	104	41
V121	plugging vents in cell	228	173	139	25	278	305	73	81	39	232	46
V122	hanging sheets / privacy curtain	55	32	14	49	73	17	11	25	25	44	18
V123	Covering face or neck									18	22	118
	Total Category 1 Violations	7990	10120	6553	6974	8893	12507	8290	7392	7265	10941	11504
V201	failure to give name	3	1	1	23	16	2	1	0	1	0	4
V202	vulgar or obscene language	80	75	60	60	58	59	50	70	72	76	104
V203	indecent exposure	4	7	3	5	3	6	4	7	2	now v.333	now v.333
V204	lying	21	19	20	17	24	10	14	15	25	14	11
V205	possess tobacco or matches	33	25	20	18	20	6	11	17	4	5	4
V206	coming out of cell	5	6	17	5	3	10	3	7	5	16	10
V207	spit on another inmate	12	16	21	12	8	13	1	5	6	7	11
V208	going to an unauthorized area	3	8	9	7	6	6	2	5	11	2	1
V209	going into another's cell	12	18	10	10	11	6	2	6	3	6	5
V210	interfering with headcount	0	1	0	0	26	15	16	10	4	5	4
V211	making intoxicants	1	11	4	0	6	4	18	4	7	13	13
V212	planning an escape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
V213	stealing	20	26	29	14	20	23	25	29	31	14	41
V214	misuse of medication	49	22	23	8	20	14	13	27	19	26	21
V215	making sexual threats	2	1	2	0	5	2	4	5	0	now v.334	now v.334
V216	sexual proposals to staff	2	4	0	2	2	1	1	1	0	now v.335	now v.335
V217	consensual sexual acts	2	2	0	7	2	6	1	2	1	now v.336	now v.336
V218	threatening another inmate	25	21	18	27	18	6	17	15	26	14	20
V219	racketeering	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
V220	possess contraband	13	18	13	14	11	9	14	10	15	10	13
V221	failure to proceed as directed	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
V222	fighting with another inmate	169	196	155	159	164	211	92	90	73	144	178
V223	failure to move	56	44	61	59	63	64	36	36	38	41	54
V224	hinder or oppose staff	58	52	42	45	37	47	66	41	64	66	71
V225	blocking or propping a door	1	1	2	1	1	1	0	2	0	0	0
V226	gang related activity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
V227	tampering with razor	3	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	1	0	0
V228	failure to follow visiting rules	2	0	1	2	4	3	4	0	1	1	2
V229	attempting a Category 2	4	7	2	2	3	6	2	2	1	2	1
V230	defecating or urinating in wrong location	2	2	4	2	1	2	0	0	0	6	5
V231	harassing phone calls	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
V232	running a store	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	5	2	0	1
	Total Category 2 Violations	583	583	518	499	537	537	398	518	413	469	577

Total Counts of Incidents and Inmate Rule Violations (cont.)

Code	Description of Incident	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
V301	criminal code violation	0	0	1	1	6	0	2	1	2	0	0
V302	assaulting another inmate	65	75	66	49	50	62	43	49	42	46	52
V303	assaulting an inmate a weapon	4	0	4	0	1	4	3	0	2	2	0
V304	sexual assault another inmate	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	0	2	0
V305	attempting to escape	1	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	2
V306	walk away	11	5	0	1	1	0	1	0	3	1	0
V307	escape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
V308	rioting	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0
V309	failure to obey an order	50	34	32	22	33	32	47	28	23	26	22
V310	failure to lock up	46	51	62	36	57	42	34	18	26	27	45
V311	arson or setting a fire	2	1	0	2	5	3	0	0	0	0	0
V312	possess or make a weapon	3	7	2	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	1
V313	possession of an unauthorized tool	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
V314	possession of a narcotic	4	6	4	8	15	2	4	6	3	5	2
V315	introduction of contraband	9	5	5	1	1	6	8	7	10	4	6
V316	behavior which might cause injury	1	6	7	5	6	5	5	5	4	2	2
V317	tampering with locking device	4	1	0	1	5	2	2	1	0	3	1
V318	assaulting a staff person	6	7	6	3	2	7	7	2	10	9	7
V319	assaulting staff w/ a weapon	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
V320	threatening a staff person	17	21	16	17	8	24	28	15	22	23	33
V321	spitting on a staff person	6	6	6	2	2	3	4	4	8	8	9
V322	tampering with staff property	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	0
V323	causing damage to facility	2	8	7	17	31	10	14	13	14	8	15
V324	causing a flood	2	11	17	12	15	12	10	6	6	13	11
V325	violation of honor camp program rules	36	12	3	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
V326	violation of work release program rules	99	52	70	82	48	61	71	89	80	70	39
V327	violation of sober living program rules	0	0	1	0	15	9	1	10	7	6	1
V328	violation of education pod rules	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
V329	violation of trusty guidelines	5	4	8	9	8	6	47	48	71	37	48
V330	manipulate cell assignment	21	22	47	20	19	15	13	9	18	16	12
V331	attempt a Cat 3	1	3	8	1	0	8	2	1	2	1	0
V332	Possession of another inmates ID									0	0	3
V333	Indecent Exposure								was v.203	5	7	4
V334	Sexual threat/ proposal another inmate								was v.215	4	5	2
V335	Sexual proposal to staff								was v.216	4	1	0
V336	Engage in consenting sex								was v.217	6	4	2
V337	False accusation of sexual misconduct									0	1	0
Total Category 3 Violations		395	339	374	309	331	319	351	318	353	328	319
Total Category 3 Violations without V306, V325 & V326		249	270	301	210	282	258	279	229	270	257	280
Total of Category 2 and Category 3 Violations		1036	980	922	891	809	868	837	749	730	785	797
Total of All Categories		9320	8970	11042	7444	7783	7421	13344	9039	8122	8050	11738

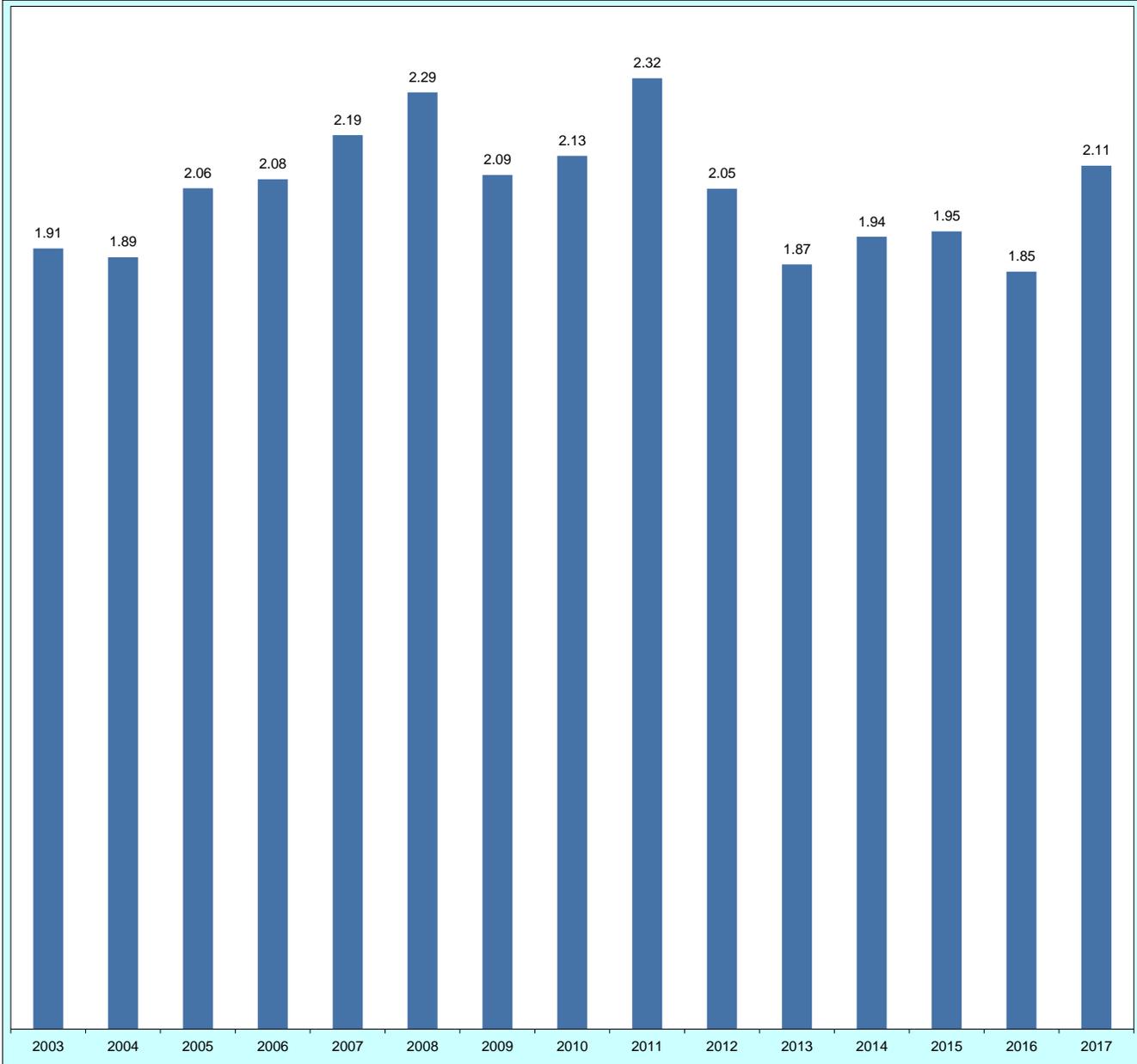
Description of Action	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Signal Brown (officer needs emergency assistance)	2	10	5	4	2	6	6	8	4	6	4
Signal Whites called (inmate medical emergency)	21	28	16	19	13	19	33	32	45	39	29
Signal Blues called (suicide attempt in progress)	4	4	5	7	5	2	13	6	9	9	9
Signal Greens called (inmate fight in progress)	42	57	58	47	41	72	92	83	63	61	55
Signal Oranges called (fire)	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Use of force reports	123	129	100	138	72	87	115	160	169	231	172
Warning for a category 1 violation	260	323	230	189	528	896	1091	1776	1563	1299	924
One Day Time In for a category 1 violation	1992	2231	2342	2064	808	1352	2162	2479	2563	2447	2552
Two Days Time In for a category 1 violation	1028	972	1074	871	277	361	431	517	633	489	554
Three Days Time In for a category	2974	2818	4007	3194	1013	1153	1437	1190	1090	1135	1142

The way in which we collect the numbers presented in these tables was changed in the 2013 edition of this report. With the 2016 report, we returned to the way they were collected and presented in all previous years up to 2013.

Number of Serious Rule Violations Indexed to Population

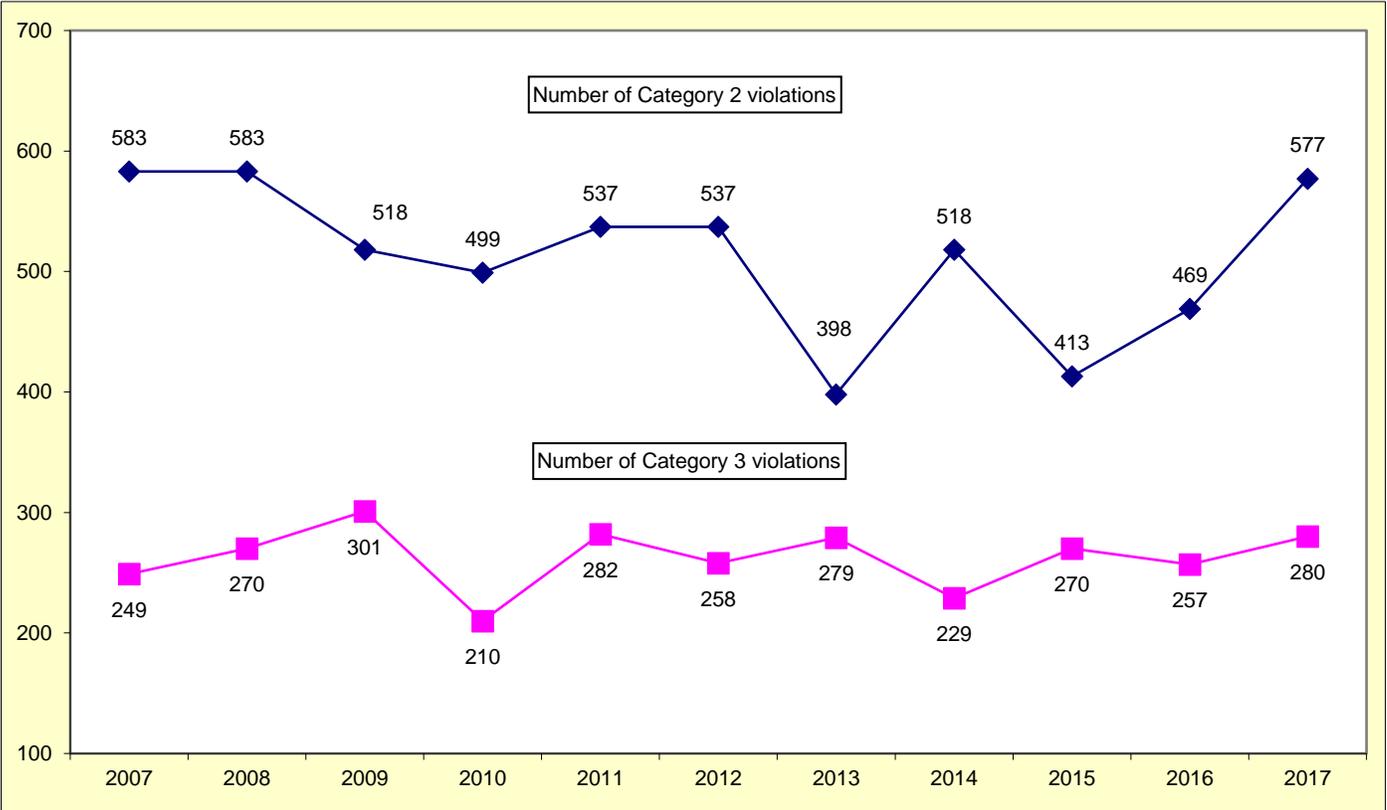
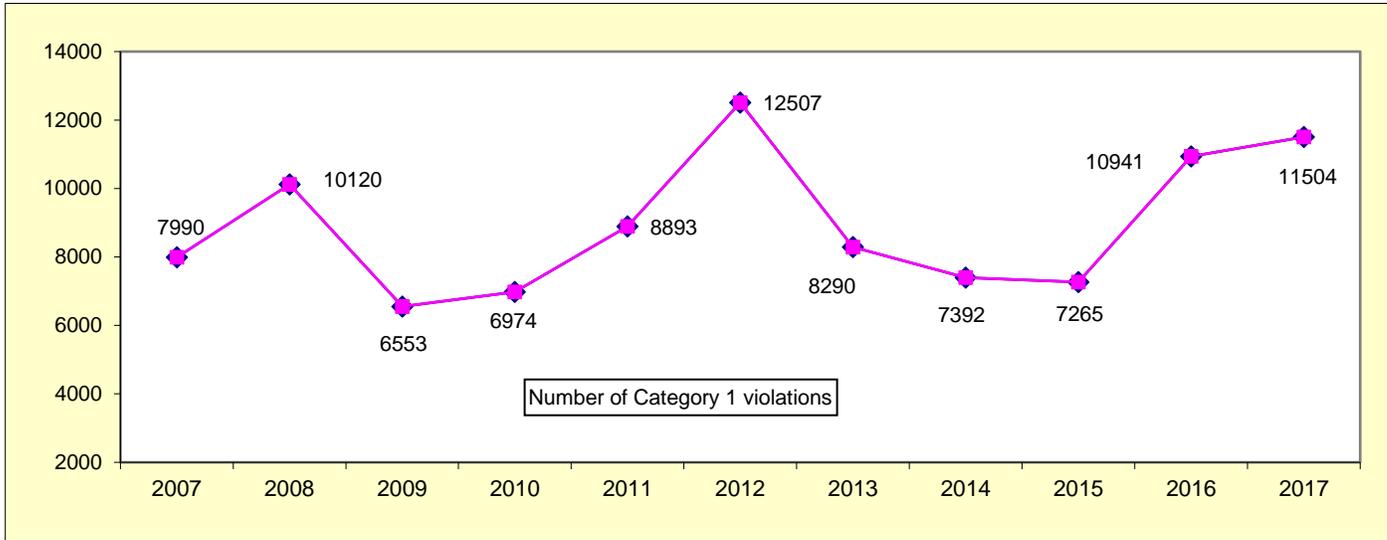
Most Accurate Way to Depict Change with Changing Inmate Population

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Jail Bed Days	366,460	388,360	391,645	387,337	384,134	381,633	372,591	391,755	332,631	352,368	377,752	362,216	330,956	360,033	392,125	406,506
total rule violations	612	741	739	796	798	834	853	818	710	819	776	677	641	702	726	858
per 1000 Jail Bed Days	1.67	1.91	1.89	2.06	2.08	2.19	2.29	2.09	2.13	2.32	2.05	1.87	1.94	1.95	1.85	2.11



TalkingPoint! With fluctuations in the jail population, converting Incident Based data to the number of rule violations committed per 1000 Jail Bed Days gives a more accurate picture of inmate behavior.

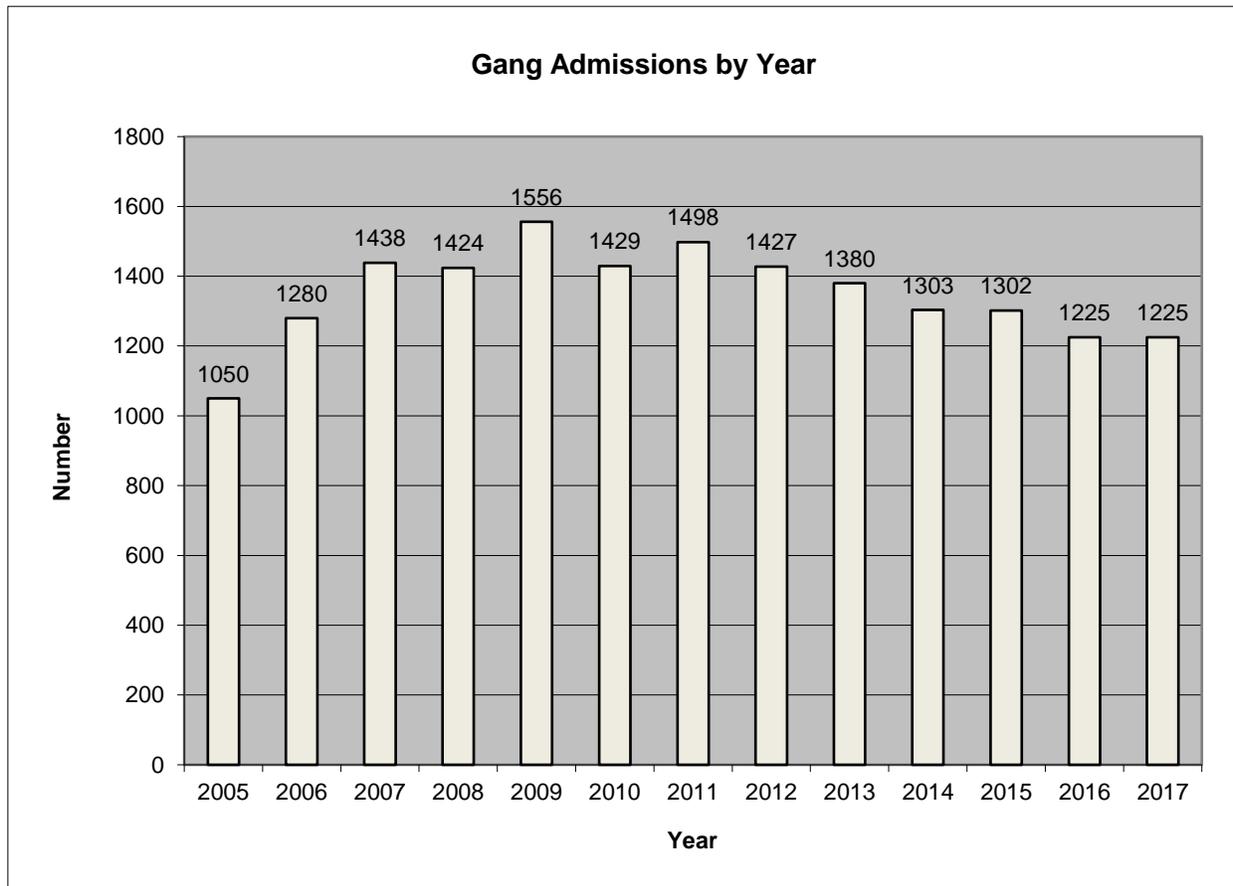
Total Number of Category 1, 2 and 3 Rule Violations in the Last Eleven Years



These graphs show the number of Category 1, 2, and 3 reports per year for the last few years. We have three levels of disciplinary rule violations in the jail. The most minor rule violations are Category 1 violations. Category 2 violations are more serious and Category 3 violations are the most serious. Our disciplinary philosophy is that we would rather deal with an inmate's misbehavior while it is still minor, which is why there are more Category 1 violations than 2's, and more 2's than 3's. Inmates committing Category 2 and 3 violations go to the jail's Disciplinary Restrictive Unit to complete their disciplinary sanctions. This chart includes only those rule violations that occurred in the

Annual Gang Admissions

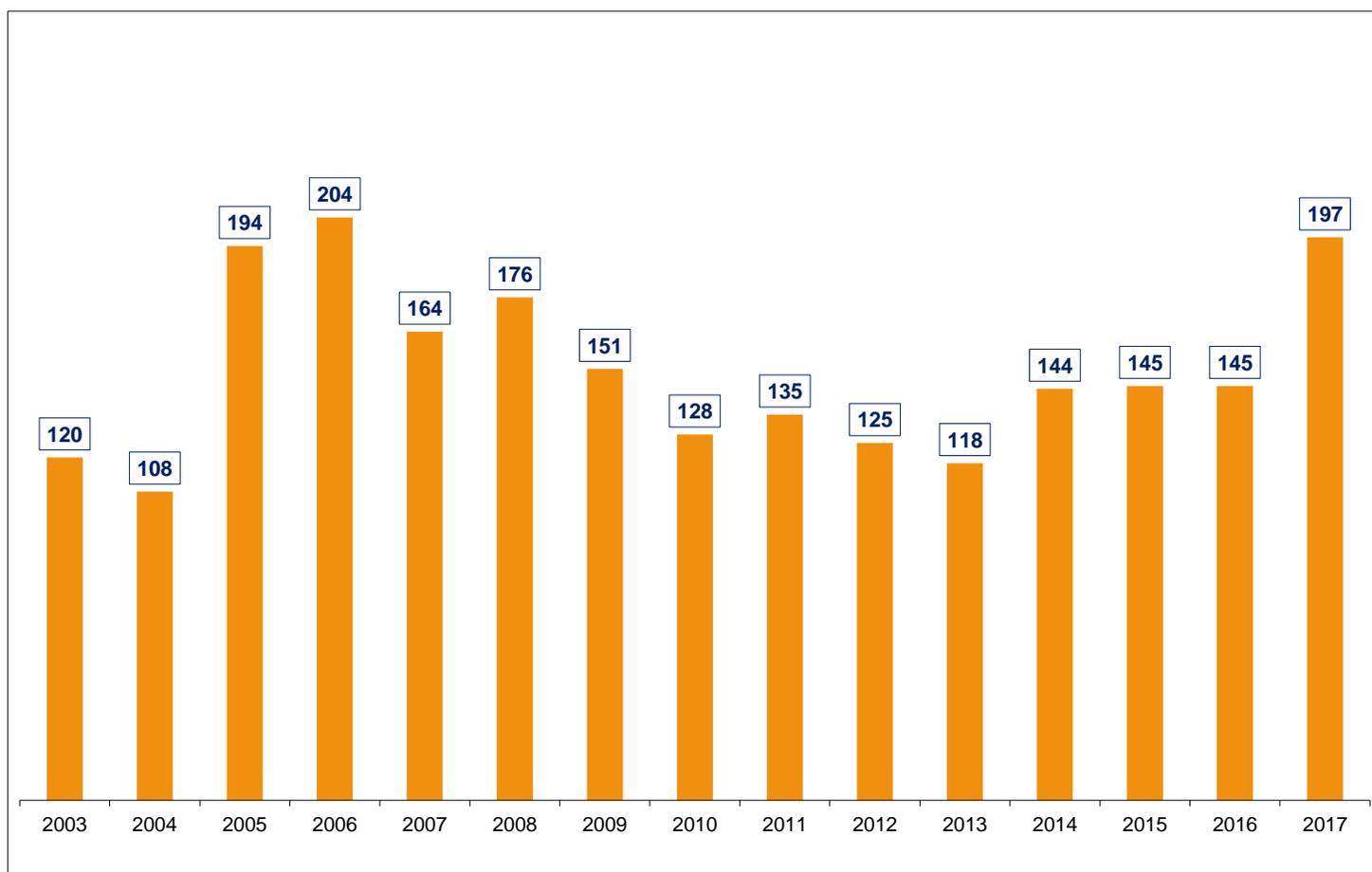
Month	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
January	85	106	137	112	124	99	117	111	130	118	102	92	104
February	73	76	100	74	119	103	94	121	97	87	98	82	84
March	86	126	127	114	123	123	138	122	131	73	112	113	115
April	102	101	117	141	133	119	134	121	120	123	110	110	98
May	95	118	126	121	149	130	120	131	125	138	105	108	90
June	84	123	115	128	117	136	153	127	114	111	120	101	123
July	89	107	117	125	130	129	112	126	127	119	123	107	113
August	105	98	119	130	145	141	133	130	125	111	121	109	125
September	70	138	105	134	140	107	136	123	89	104	94	112	102
October	87	100	133	140	138	132	110	95	107	109	115	93	97
November	80	89	123	97	118	107	111	130	106	90	88	108	92
December	94	98	119	108	120	103	140	90	109	120	114	90	82
Total	1050	1280	1438	1424	1556	1429	1498	1427	1380	1303	1302	1225	1225



Index of Antisocial Inmate Behavior

Grouping of Rule Violations that Have to Do with Impolite or Socially Unacceptable Behavior

"Antisocial" acts	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
vulgar language	58	51	92	93	80	75	60	60	58	59	50	70	72	76	104
indecent exposure	3	5	6	4	4	7	3	5	3	6	4	7	7	7	4
possess tobacco	15	20	46	40	33	25	20	18	20	6	11	17	4	5	4
spit/throw liquid	11	4	2	17	12	16	21	12	8	13	1	5	6	7	11
making intoxicants	5	2	3	11	1	11	4	0	6	4	18	4	7	13	13
stealing	12	11	21	22	20	26	29	14	20	23	25	29	31	14	41
consenting sex	4	0	2	4	2	2	0	7	2	6	1	2	7	4	2
racketeering	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2
urinating/defecating	3	3	2	2	2	2	4	2	1	2	0	0	0	6	5
possess narcotics	5	10	12	7	4	6	4	8	15	2	4	6	3	5	2
throw liquid on staff	4	1	6	4	6	6	6	2	2	3	4	4	8	8	9
total	120	108	194	204	164	176	151	128	135	125	118	144	145	145	197



ANARCHISM!

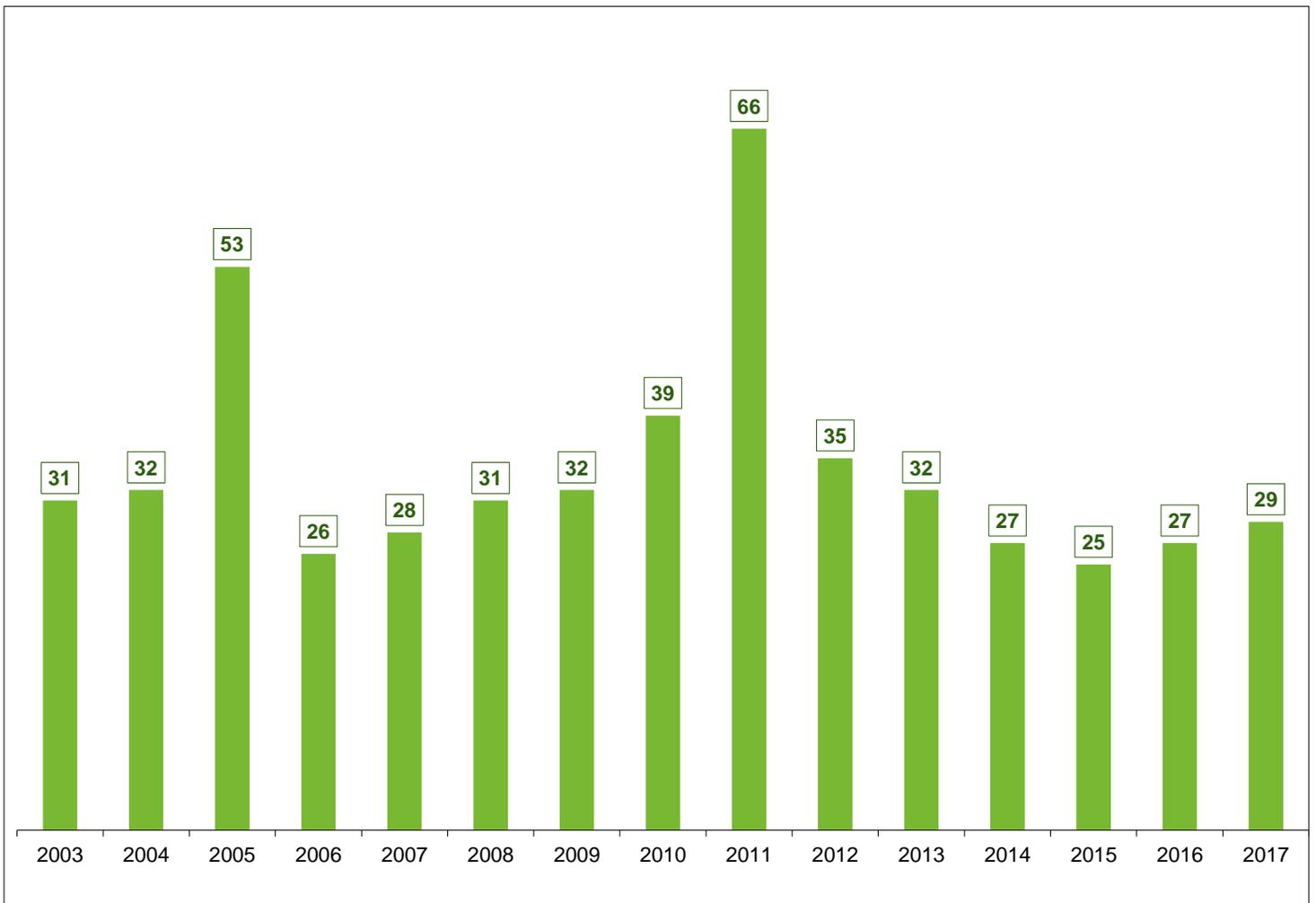


Each of the inmate rule violations is identified as targeting one of five types of unwanted behavior. Grouping the violations like this and considering the totals of each group provides us with an index used to determine what types of behavior can best be controlled by the kinds of sanctions we have available to us. This page shows the violations which are considered to be **antisocial behavior**.

Index of Destructive Inmate Behavior

Grouping of Rule Violations that Have to Do with Damaging Property

"Destructive" acts	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
tamper with razor	3	2	1	2	3	0	0	0	4	1	1	0	1	0	0
set or make a fire	2	0	0	1	2	1	0	2	5	3	0	0	0	0	0
possess a tool	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
behavior cause injury	1	8	11	6	1	6	7	5	6	5	5	5	4	2	2
tamper with lock	3	0	1	0	4	1	0	1	5	2	2	1	0	3	1
tamper staff property	1	0	2	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	0
damage to facility	15	11	6	12	2	8	7	17	31	10	14	13	14	8	15
flooding	6	9	0	7	2	11	17	12	15	12	10	6	6	13	11
total	31	32	53	26	28	31	32	39	66	35	32	27	25	27	29

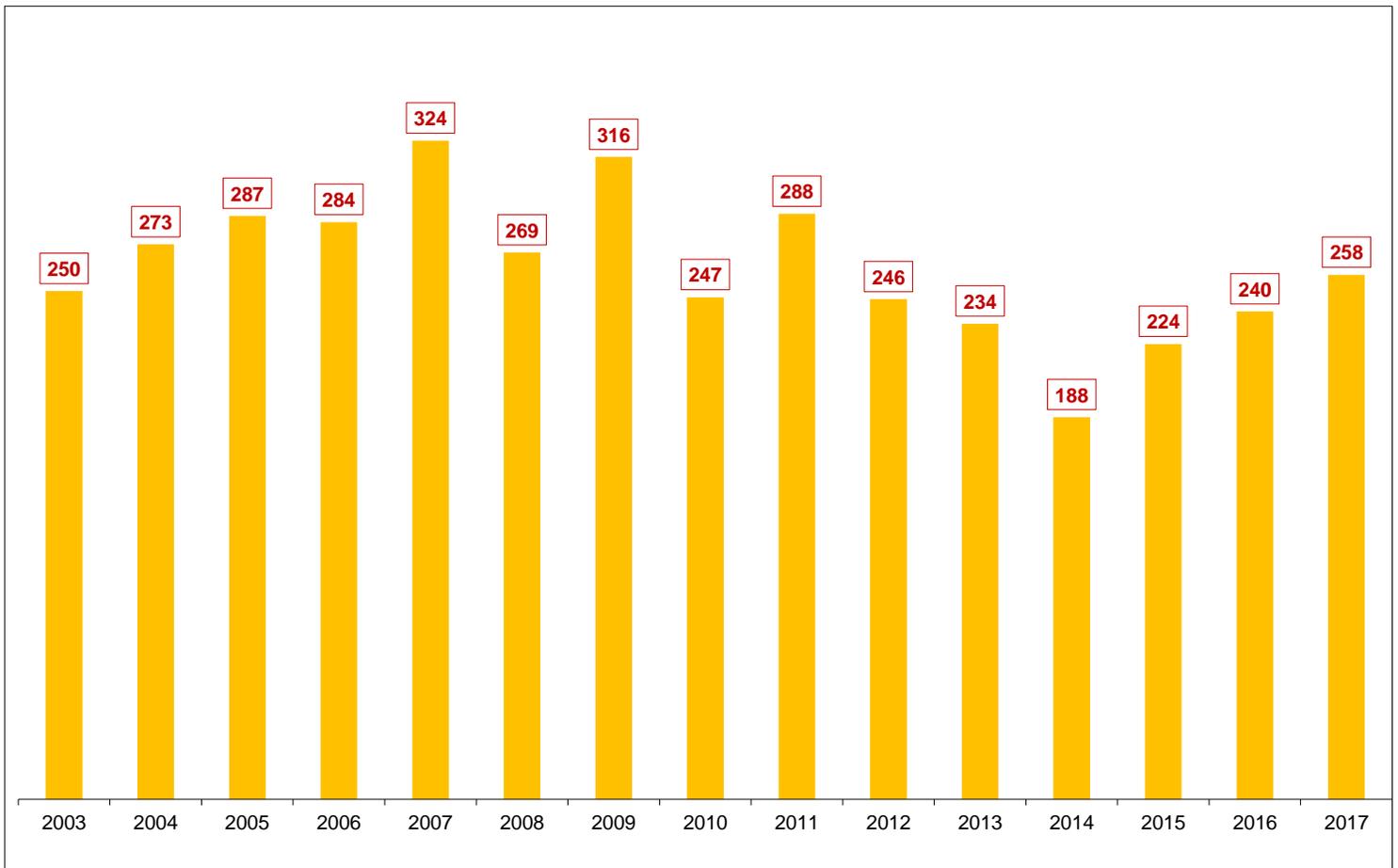


Each of the inmate rule violations is identified as targeting one of five types of unwanted inmate behavior. Grouping the violations like this and considering the totals of each group provides us with an index used to determine what types of behavior can best be controlled by the kinds of sanctions we have available to us. This page shows the violations which are considered to be **destructive behavior**.

Index of Noncompliant Inmate Behavior

Grouping of Rule Violations Relating to Not Following Orders

"Noncompliant" acts	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
failure to give name	1	0	2	4	3	1	1	23	16	2	1	0	1	0	4
lying	12	17	29	25	21	19	20	17	24	10	14	15	25	14	11
coming out of cell	4	16	11	7	5	6	17	5	3	10	3	7	5	16	10
going into other cell	1	4	2	0	12	18	10	10	11	6	2	6	3	6	5
misuse of meds	43	42	46	26	49	22	23	8	20	14	13	27	19	26	21
fail to proceed	2	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
failure to move	49	57	46	57	56	44	61	59	63	64	36	36	38	41	54
hinder staff	31	42	22	42	58	52	42	45	37	47	66	41	64	66	71
visiting rules	0	0	2	0	2	0	1	2	4	3	4	0	1	1	2
failure to obey	40	51	65	44	50	34	32	22	33	32	47	28	23	26	22
fail to lock up	50	33	51	55	46	51	62	36	57	42	34	18	26	27	45
manipulate cell	17	10	11	23	21	22	47	20	19	15	13	9	18	16	12
total	250	273	287	284	324	269	316	247	288	246	234	188	224	240	258

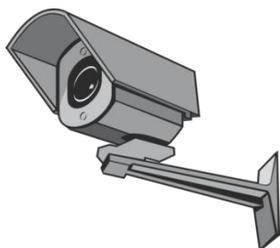
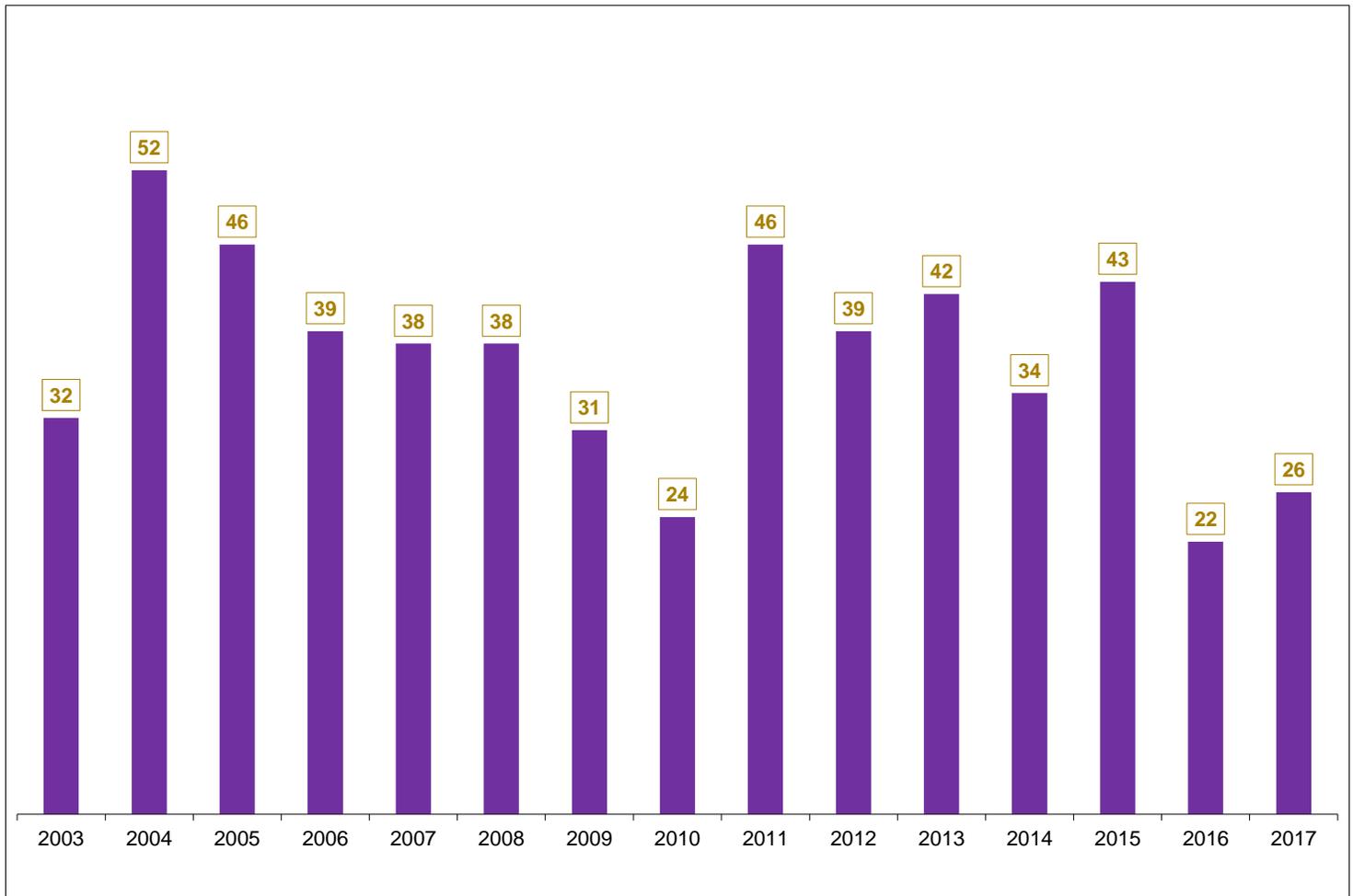


Each of the inmate rule violations is identified as targeting one of five types of unwanted inmate behavior. Grouping the violations like this and considering the totals of each group provides us with an index used to determine what types of behavior can best be controlled by the kinds of sanctions we have available to us. This page shows the violations which are considered to be **noncompliant behavior**. Over the last several years, we have seen an uptick in this category of behavior.

Index of Security Related Inmate Behavior

Grouping of Rule Violations Relating to Facility Security

"Security Related"	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
unauthorized area	6	4	7	3	3	8	9	7	6	6	2	5	11	2	1
interfere w/ count	4	9	0	4	0	1	0	0	26	15	16	10	4	5	4
plan to escape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
possess contraband	5	18	17	15	13	18	13	14	11	9	14	10	15	10	13
block / prop door	6	2	3	4	1	1	2	1	1	1	0	2	0	0	0
gang activity	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
attempt to escape	2	2	2	2	1	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	2
walkaway	5	9	15	9	11	5	0	1	1	0	1	0	3	1	0
escape	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
introduce contraband	4	3	2	1	9	5	5	1	1	6	8	7	10	4	6
total	32	52	46	39	38	38	31	24	46	39	42	34	43	22	26

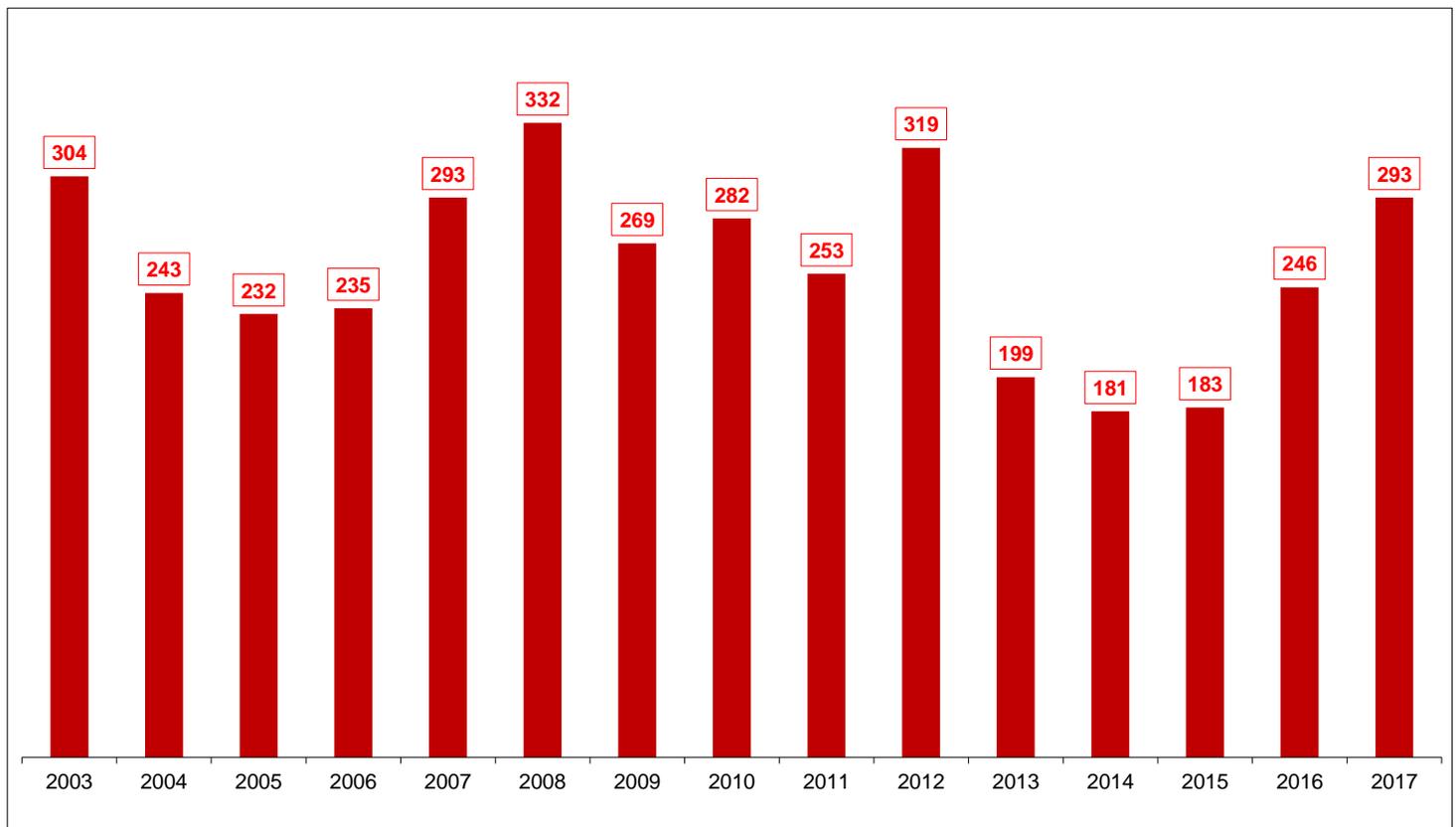


Each of the inmate rule violations is identified as targeting one of five types of unwanted inmate behavior. Grouping the violations like this and considering the totals of each group provides us with an index used to determine what types of behavior can best be controlled by the kinds of sanctions we have available to us. This page shows the violations which are considered to be ***related to the security of the facility.***

Index of Violent Inmate Behavior

Grouping of Rule Violations Relating to Violent or Aggressive Behavior

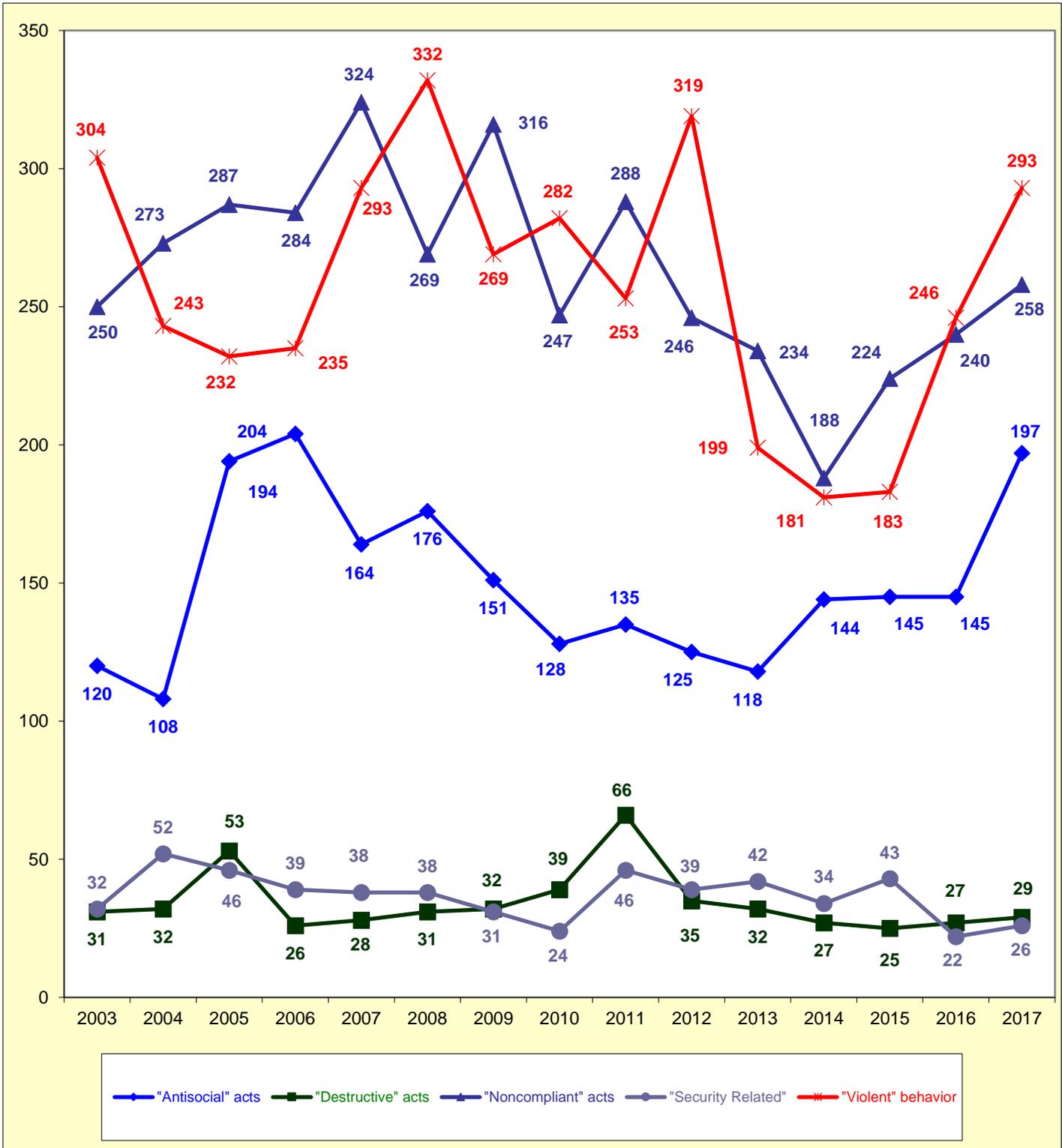
"Violent" behavior	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
sexual threats	3	5	0	0	2	1	2	0	5	2	4	5	4	5	2
sex proposal to staff	0	5	2	0	2	4	0	2	2	1	1	1	4	1	0
threaten inmate	11	24	18	17	25	21	18	27	18	6	17	15	26	14	20
fighting	185	116	135	149	169	196	155	159	164	211	92	90	73	144	178
assault inmate	62	61	43	36	65	75	66	51	50	62	43	49	42	46	52
assault w/ weapon	5	1	2	1	4	0	4	0	1	4	3	0	2	2	0
sexually assault	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	0	2	0
riot	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0
possess weapon	13	3	7	5	3	7	2	1	0	1	2	1	0	0	1
assault staff	5	5	8	3	6	7	6	3	2	7	7	2	10	9	7
aslt staff w/ weapon	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
threatening staff	19	22	15	24	17	21	16	22	8	24	28	15	22	23	33
total	304	243	232	235	293	332	269	282	253	319	199	181	183	246	293



Each of the inmate rule violations is identified as targeting one of five types of unwanted inmate behavior. Grouping the violations like this and considering the totals of each group provides us with an index used to determine what types of behavior can best be controlled by the kinds of sanctions we have available to us. This page shows the violations which are considered to be **violent behavior**.

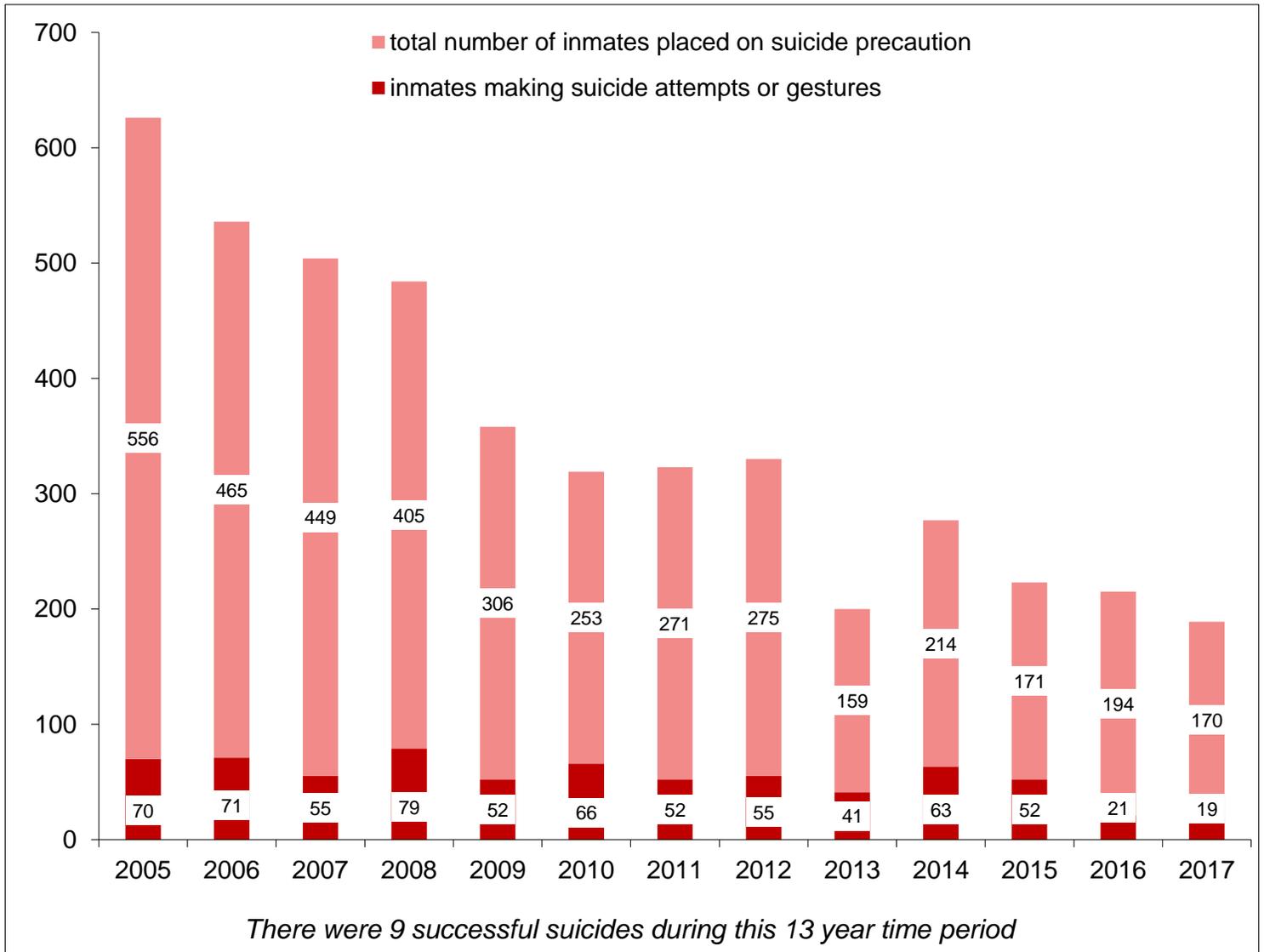
Comparison - Index of Inmate Behavior

Compilation of the Previous Five Charts



This chart shows all five of the inmate behavior index's and how they performed over the last 15 years. This is a compilation of the data used in the previous five charts. Each category showed significant variation over this period. Recent factors that may influence these trends include the high number of relatively inexperienced staff and the high daily population counts in the jail.

Suicide Attempts or Gestures Compared with the Total Number of Suicide Precautions 2005 through 2017



	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
inmates making suicide attempts or gestures	70	71	55	79	52	66	52	55	41	63	52	21	19
total number of inmates placed on suicide precaution	556	465	449	405	306	253	271	275	159	214	171	194	170

Our highest level of suicide precaution places inmates in a cell under constant video surveillance. We track how inmates get placed on that level of observation. Either they have made a suicide attempt or gesture, or they have made a suicidal threat to a staff person, or they have been judged to be suicidal following an interview by one of our mental health professionals. The chart above depicts the total number of "S-3's" (the highest level of precaution) and of that number, the number that were declared S-3's because of an actual in-progress attempt to harm themselves, either by hanging, an overdose, cutting themselves, jumping from a height, drowning in a toilet, banging their head, or some other means. A continuing general downward trend can be seen beginning in 2005 in regards to the number of S-3 precautions assigned.

Inmate Behavior per Pod or Housing Unit

Minimum Custody Inmates Continue to be Best Behaved

Housing Unit	Number of Cat 2/3's	Index of Population
D1D Protective Custody (PCU) Males	19	2.375
D1B, C, F Med-Asslt / Close Male	78	2.053
D1A Male Administrative Segregation	34	1.889
B2G Male Mental Health Unit	55	1.410
B3F Female Med Asslt / Maximum	22	1.375
D2B Medium Males	119	1.280
L2 Minimum/ Medium Male Trustees	67	1.047
D2A Medium Males	91	0.978
D1A Male Disciplinary Segregation	19	0.864
B3H Female Segregation	13	0.813
M3 Med Asslt Males	52	0.813
B3B Medium/Minimum Female Pod	52	0.813
M2 Med Asslt Males	49	0.766
L1 Male Classification Pod	45	0.703
Intake	21	0.656
D3A - Minimum Males	50	0.538
D3B Minimum Males	48	0.516
B3D Female Medium & Program	16	0.500
H2C Minimum Male Work Release	27	0.422
L3 Minimum Males	27	0.422
D1A Juvenile Male	3	0.375
B2F BLP Program Pod - Med/Min Males	11	0.344
B3G Female Classification Pod	10	0.313
H2A Minimum Work Release Females	19	0.297
B2B Med Aslt BLP Program Males	9	0.281
H2B Minimum Program Males	13	0.203
B2C Medium Males	6	0.188
B2D Reentry Pod	1	0.031

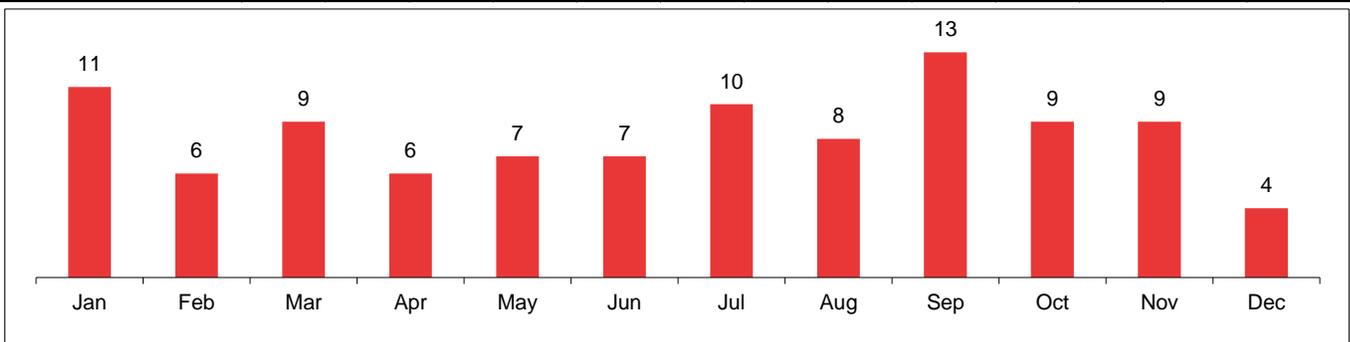


We have a number of separate housing units in the mail jail (their designations appear in the first column). We keep track of the number of inmates who must be moved out of each housing unit and placed in Disciplinary Segregation for a category 2 or 3 violation. We divide the number of rule violations by the number of inmates living in the housing unit to get an index for comparison purposes (this is the number in the third column). The lower the index, the better behaved the housing unit is. As you can tell from this table, the minimum (MINM) custody housing units are generally better behaved than the medium (MEDM) custody units, which are better behaved than the maximum (MAXM) custody units. The classification pods hold inmates who have not yet been assigned a custody level. The "Male Mental Health Unit" houses inmates with serious mental illness.

Number of Fights by Housing Unit

Many fights occur in higher custody levels

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	total
Intake													0
B2B													0
B2C													0
B2D													0
B2F			1				1	1	1				4
B2G	1			1						1			3
B3B		1				1		1	1		1		5
B3D					1				1				2
B3F					1		1						2
B3G													0
B3H													0
D1A										1	1		2
D1B		1	2			1	1		1				6
D1C											1	1	2
D1D									1				1
D1F	1			1	2	1			1	1			7
D2A	2	1			2	2	3	1	2	1	1		15
D2B	1	2		1		1	1		1	2	1		10
D3A	1		1	1	1		1		1	1			7
D3B	1		1										2
H2A													0
H2B													0
H2C													0
H1M								1					1
B1 TRAN											1		1
1992 Jail	7	5	5	4	7	6	8	4	10	7	6	1	70
L1							1		1				2
L2	1							1					2
L3	1	1	2	1			1		1	1	1	1	10
M1 - unoccupied													0
M2	1			1		1		2			2	1	8
M3	1		2					1	1	1		1	7
2013 Jail	4	1	4	2	0	1	2	4	3	2	3	3	29
2017 MJ total	11	6	9	6	7	7	10	8	13	9	9	4	99



TalkingPoint! Our old linear jail was replaced and demolished in Dec. of 2012. Since that time, the facility has been full or semi-direct supervision, with the exceptions of D1, B2, and B3 (excepting the Mental Health / Special Custody units on each of those floors). 29% of our fights occurred in non-direct supervision housing, while 58% happened in Medium and Maximum custody units.

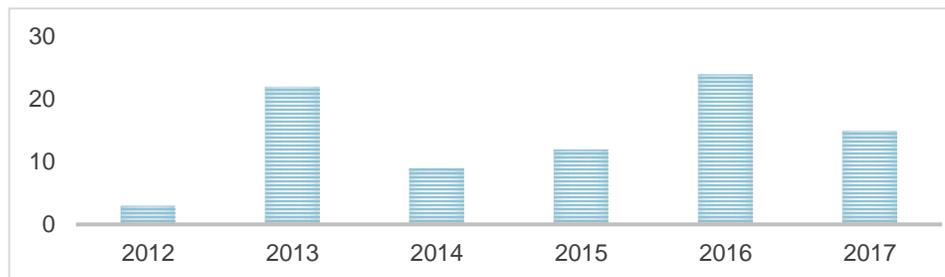
Jail Information Program Statistics

Corrections Officers Report Information on Possible Crimes

Badge #	Larceny	Drugs	Gang	Robbery	Homicide	Asslt/CSC	Weapons	Fugitive	Total
387	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
573	0	10	0	1	5	6	1	0	23
557	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
720	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
712	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	3
465	0	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	5
67	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
725	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
24	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
614	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
32	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
629	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
723	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
74	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
711	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
									0
Total	1	24	1	1	9	8	2	0	46

Photo Identifications by Jail Staff Leading to Warrants or Charges

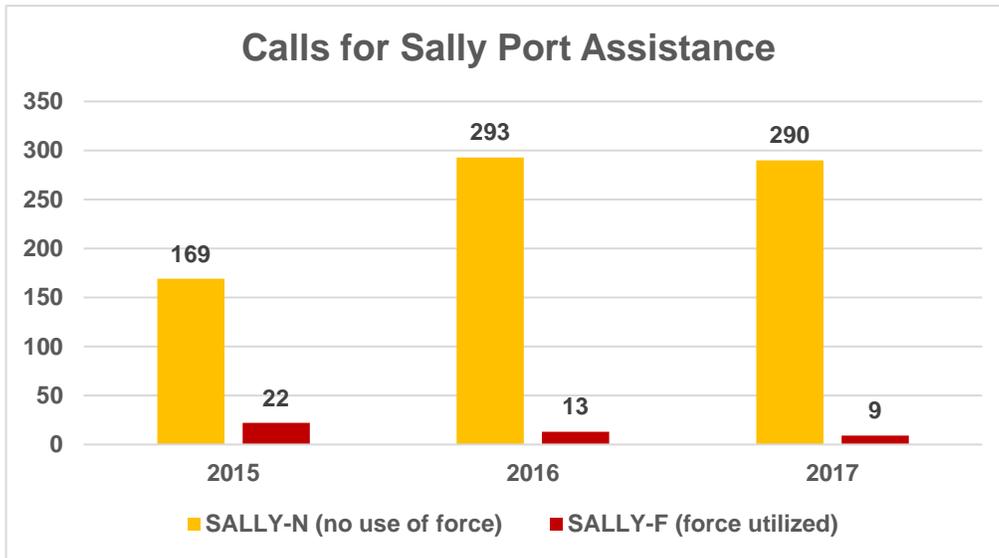
Year	Number
2012	3
2013	22
2014	9
2015	12
2016	24
2017	15



These tables present some of the information that is gathered by the jail staff on particular crimes committed in the community. Corrections Officers play a significant role in assisting law enforcement with criminal intelligence. This information assists local police agencies develop suspects, which in many cases has led to their arrest and conviction. The KCCF now has 2 dedicated Jail Intelligence Unit (JIU) officers who are responsible for the follow-up on all generated intelligence reports, as well as acting as contact points for outside agencies. This has been very successful in streamlining and enhancing the effectiveness of intelligence-gathering efforts.

Until recent years, Jail staff were an underutilized resource for the photo identification of suspects. Due to the facts that most suspects are repeat offenders and that jail staff know them well, since 2013 there has been a renewed emphasis on using this resource, with predictably successful outcomes.

Sally Port Assistance Provided to Arresting Agencies



It has always been a custom of the KCCF to provide a courtesy service to arresting agencies who call ahead and request assistance with uncooperative arrestees. When notified, our intake staff will meet the arresting agency in the jail sally port and retrieve the suspect directly from the agency vehicle and escort them into our facility. The information on this page provides an important window into this particular activity. We began officially tracking these numbers in April of 2015, so the data for that year is partial. What we are interested in is how often these events result in a use of force versus how often our staff are able to de-escalate tense situations without resorting to the use of force. The numbers on this page are a credit to the skill and professionalism of our correctional intake staff in dealing with the most difficult individuals at one of their most stressful moments – arrival at the jail.

Kent County Provides New K-9 Team to the Jail



K-9 Assignments	1st quarter	2nd quarter	3rd quarter	4th quarter	2017 total
Narcotics Requests	4	9	9	8	30
School Searches	1	2	0	8	11
Jail Cell Searches	1312	899	1382	1099	4692
Inmate Area Searches	26	15	49	120	210
Public Area Searches	43	22	43	29	137
Perimeter Searches	39	137	38	29	243
Kitchen/Laundry Searches	25	19	23	27	94
Assist Other Agency	2	2	4	4	12
Demos/PR	10	23	2	6	41
Finds	n/a	n/a	3	2	5
Locker Searches CRC				50	50

🗣️ TalkingPoint! These numbers present a snapshot of the activities of the inaugural year of our new K-9 unit. The K-9 Unit consisted of 2 dogs in the 1st 3 quarters of 2017, and a 3rd was added in the 4th quarter. They are a huge help in the continuing effort to keep our facility safe and drug-free!

Health Services Report

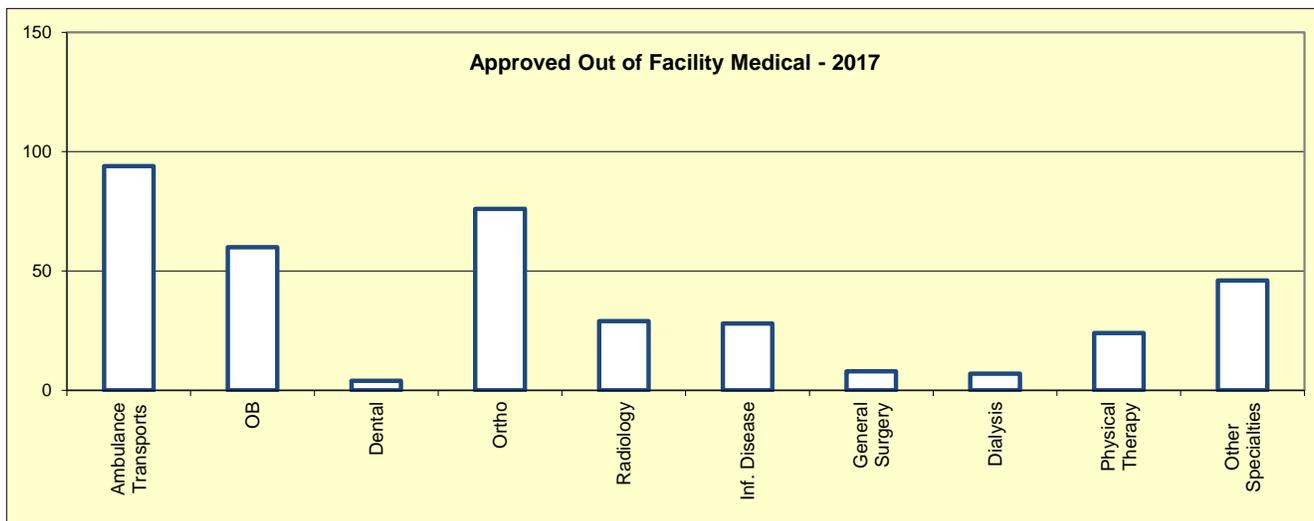
HEALTH SERVICES GENERAL	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total	Average
# Seen by Physician	938	523	626	765	792	829	759	851	778	777	703	671	9,012	751
# Seen by Psychiatrist	71	67	49	49	21	81	95	40	58	97	21	159	808	67
# Seen by Psych Nurse	206	182	175	56	202	134	179	156	171	123	153	234	1,971	164
# Seen by Dentist	114	87	113	88	88	93	83	102	85	91	84	83	1,111	93
# Seen on Nurse Sick Call	1,213	1,003	1,454	1,021	1,201	892	1,085	932	916	1,035	997	1,020	12,769	1,064
# Refused Nursing Sick Call	5	16	13	16	35	56	23	12	14	9	18	8	225	19
# Code Responses	14	4	9	5	7	8	6	6	15	9	14	2	99	8
# of Physicals Done	254	305	351	393	396	443	386	365	221	305	126	112	3,657	305
# of Physicals Refused	197	137	150	146	157	122	159	194	101	143	136	128	1,770	148
# Released Prior to	1,300	1,082	1,338	1,095	1,194	1,151	1,184	1,333	1,453	1,314	1,358	1,292	15,094	1,258
# Annual Physicals Done	3	1	1	0	4	2	3	1	1	1	1	2	20	2
# patients admitted to infirmary	10	13	16	13	12	16	12	20	13	13	10	11	159	13
# of infirmary days	36	55	98	105	114	134	135	132	151	134	149	110	1,353	113
# of TB's Placed	40	35	28	52	47	33	65	51	28	41	57	48	525	44
# of Positive TB's	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
# of Kites Received	719	740	904	530	577	438	626	556	345	792	600	506	7,333	611
# of Kites Completed	719	740	904	530	577	438	626	556	345	792	600	506	7,333	611
Dental: Fillings	0	1	0	3	9	0	1	5	6	0	1	8	34	3
Dental: X-Rays	111	110	139	82	100	83	115	120	119	110	89	82	1,260	105
Dental: Extractions	53	43	57	36	30	44	34	31	40	30	48	29	475	40
Dental: Refusals	33	25	42	47	33	27	35	38	34	18	23	42	397	33
PHARMACY														
Weekly Total # on Meds	570	574	559	695	723	783	776	524	686	552	548	532	7,522	627
Daily Total # on Meds	315	330	308	313	349	583	366	336	350	367	338	302	4,257	355
% of Pop on Meds	27.5%	28.6%	26.9%	26.5%	30.7%	50.2%	29.7%	27.9%	28.6%	30.9%	29.0%	26.8%	30%	30.3%
Weekly Total # on Psych Meds	429	419	418	554	572	595	581	551	520	552	548	532	6,271	523
Daily Total # on Psych Meds	429	359	360	392	404	429	376	346	284	343	365	383	4,470	373
% of Pop on Psych Meds	37.5%	31.1%	31.4%	33.2%	35.6%	37.0%	30.5%	28.7%	23.2%	28.8%	31.3%	34.0%	32%	31.9%
# on HIV Meds	7	9	8	11	14	12	8	7	15	5	4	3	103	9
Formulary Rx	1,006	915	965	829	1,072	1,141	1,079	953	847				8,807	734
Non-Formulary Rx	317	318	304	251	311	386	257	223	194				2,561	213
% of Pop on Non-Formulary Rx	27.7%	27.6%	26.5%	21.3%	27.4%	33.2%	20.9%	18.5%	15.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	27%	18.3%
LAB/XRAY														
# of Inmates With Labs Drawn	293	228	187	131	150	192	185	144	217	256	239	159	2,381	198
# of Lab Studies Done	591	480	354	329	324	367	371	275	457	367	475	294	4,684	390
# of OUILS Drawn	41	25	31	30	30	22	22	15	23	15	34	41	329	27
# of Inmates X-rayed	46	36	55	28	65	2	34	52	42	59	46	45	510	43
# of X-rays Done	50	38	57	31	70	2	35	52	48	61	48	51	543	45
# of Inmates w/ Ultrasounds	14	13	14	4	3	17	6	6	2	0	3	3	85	7
# of Ultrasounds Done	15	13	14	4	5	17	6	6	2	0	3	3	88	7
MISCELLANEOUS														
# of HIV Positive in House	7	9	8	11	14	12	8	7	15	5	4	3	103	9
# of New HIV/AIDS booked in	11	6	3	5	4	2	3	5	7	2	0	2	50	4
# of Deaths	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0
CHRONIC CARE CLINIC														
Cardiac & Hypertension	37	42	67	53	62	76	64	76	81	61	92	53	764	64
Pulmonary	17	18	26	13	25	34	21	29	34	14	31	20	282	24
Endocrine	24	16	25	16	23	27	23	22	25	24	34	17	276	23
Infectious Disease	4	2	7	5	9	8	7	6	1	5	4	3	61	5
Neurological- Seizure	13	6	15	10	18	23	17	25	18	23	16	16	200	17
Special Needs	14	12	15	10	10	13	15	12	10	10	9	9	139	12
Psych Chronic Care	170	217	178	131	82	253	153	134	159	139	147	124	1,887	157
Chronic Care Totals	279	313	333	238	229	434	300	304	328	276	333	242	3,609	301
SEG ROUNDS														
MD Segregation Visits	32	23	15	40	20	17	19	26	18	17	19	16	262	22
# of Nurse Seg Rounds	16	10	14	11	10	7	12	6	12	10	10	18	136	11
# of Inmates Seen	609	410	665	413	373	294	530	360	121	382	374	740	5,271	439

Health Services Report Totals for Prior Years

HEALTH UNIT VISITS	2009 totals	2010 totals	2011 totals	2012 totals	2013 totals	2014 totals	2015 totals	2016 totals	2017 totals
# Seen by Physician	8,293	8,636	8,288	7,769	8,039	7,194	7,824	8,996	9,012
# Seen by Psychiatrist	3,455	2,263	3,164	4,543	1,979	1,426	1,500	530	808
# Seen on Nurse Sick Call	50,247	48,139	40,847	40,195	42,321	35,582	30,821	17,510	12,769
# Refused Nursing Sick Call	708	681	747	525	640	352	485	236	225
# Code Responses	49	38	59	107	105	174	150	100	99
# of Physicals Done	2,508	2,521	2,282	3,875	4,226	4,428	3,602	4,869	3,657
# of Physicals Refused	21,067	10,846	4,032	3,092	1,479	1,287	1,606	2,211	1,770
# Released Prior to				17,913	17,395	7,988	17,311	14,336	15,094
# Annual Physicals Done				21	27	24	34	22	20
# patients admitted to infirmary				80	114	129	159	123	159
# of infirmary days				229	368	568	908	779	1,353
# of TB's Placed	1,536	1,348	1,177	1,310	1,781	1,088	1,429	704	525
# of Positive TB's	23	24	7	13	10	5	3	1	0
KITES									
# of Kites Received	26,758	18,022	14,885	30,487	32,571	20,767	24,450	11,870	7,333
# of Kites Completed	26,758	18,022	14,885	30,487	32,571	20,767	24,450	11,870	7,333
DENTAL VISITS									
Dentist Visits	1,454	1,461	1,542	1,552	1,490	1,206	1,104	1,142	1,111
Fillings	5	16	11	23	26	7	16	28	34
X-Rays	1,454	1,335	1,346	1,409	1,377	1,202	1,273	1,174	1,260
Extractions	711	668	630	572	529	553	437	479	475
Refusals	143	153	282	369	389	365	348	481	397
PHARMACY									
Weekly Total # on Meds	6,690	6,660	6,294	6,699	6,988	6,157	6,093	6,863	7,522
Daily Total # on Meds	4,619	3,566	3,420	4,957	4,385	4,285	6,111	4,746	4,257
% of Population on Meds	28.0%	0	45.0%	45.0%	49.0%	46.0%	46.0%	35.0%	30.0%
Weekly Total # on Psych Meds	3,623	3,792	4,335	4,885	5,542	4,444	4,685	6,046	6,271
Daily Total # on Psych Meds	2,556	2,784	2,916	3,794	4,099	4,331	4,389	4,811	4,470
% of Pop on Psych Meds	14.5%	0	0	32.0%	39.0%	34.0%	30.1%	35.0%	32.0%
# on HIV Meds	53	49	82	85	77	75	84	52	103
Formulary Rx's	30,539	21,059	19,828	22,184	24,964	17,376	17,770	16,179	
Non-Formulary Rx's	2,039	615	1,226	3,847	7,304	4,775	4,782	3,642	
LAB/XRAY									
# of Inmates With Labs Drawn	2,279	2,067	1,592	1,992	2,537	2,682	2,912	2,747	2,381
# of Lab Studies Done	6,392	4,810	3,289	4,861	6,021	6,344	6,305	5,841	4,684
# of OUILS Drawn	340	348	407	388	342	412	440	396	329
# of Inmates X-rayed	257	293	283	320	447	503	453	399	510
# of X-rays Done	297	293	298	360	511	573	544	475	543
MISCELLANEOUS									
# of HIV Positive in House	51	43	63	82	50	103	132	59	103
# of New HIV/AIDS in House	9	3	7	22	25	60	75	75	50
# of Deaths	1	3	4	1	1	3	0	1	3
CHRONIC CARE CLINIC									
Cardiac & Hypertension	315	315	292	292	724	619	745	715	764
Pulmonary	157	157	110	110	414	282	341	325	282
Endocrine	80	80	94	94	186	185	253	221	276
Infectious Disease	24	24	11	11	26	28	89	100	61
Neurological- Seizure	44	44	57	57	103	82	153	129	200
Special Needs	22	22	52	52	106	392	68	87	139
Psych Chronic Care								1,531	1,887
Chronic Care Totals	646	646	616	616	1,559	1,583	1,649	3,108	3,609
SEG ROUNDS									
MD Segregation Visits	1,567	1,567	1,135	1,135	654	425	411	417	262
# of Nurse Seg Rounds	166	166	201	201	163	146	158	163	136
# of Inmates Seen	6,668	6,668	9,275	9,275	5,953	4,344	4,559	6,022	5,271

Out of Facility Medical Statistics in 2017

HOSPITAL VISITS	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
Pre-Bookings	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	6
ER Visits	6	13	24	18	17	13	15	21	22	13	14	9	185
Non-Medicaid Hospital Admits	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	1	2	3	1	0	11
Medicaid Hospital Admits	1	5	7	6	7	5	7	6	6	3	3	5	61
Non-Medicaid Psych Hosp Admits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Medicaid Psych Hospital Admits	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
Non-Medicaid Hospital Days	0	0	6	10	0	0	0	7	2	6	5	0	36
Medicaid Hospital Days	2	20	48	48	32	25	26	30	30	22	8	12	303
Non-Medicaid Psych Hosp Days	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Medicaid Psych Hospital Days	0	0	0	18	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	37
Average Hospital Days - Daily	0.06	0.71	1.74	1.93	1.03	0.83	0.84	1.19	1.17	0.90	0.43	0.39	0.09
Average Psych Days - Daily	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.60	0.00	0.00	0.61	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
OFF SITE VISITS													
Ambulance Transports	3	9	13	11	13	7	4	12	7	7	6	2	94
OB	8	7	8	5	3	2	5	7	6	4	2	3	60
Dental	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	4
Ortho	5	2	3	6	6	12	7	3	7	9	8	8	76
Radiology	2	4	6	5	3	1	2	2	3	1	0	0	29
Inf. Disease	1	0	3	7	1	3	1	1	1	4	3	3	28
General Surgery	0	0	2	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	8
Dialysis	0	3	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Physical Therapy	7	7	0	0	0	0	1	2	6	1	0	0	24
Other Specialties	2	4	0	1	0	1	2	6	6	5	9	10	46
TOTAL	29	36	35	39	27	27	23	34	36	32	29	29	376



Responses to Medical Survey Completed in Intake by Nurse

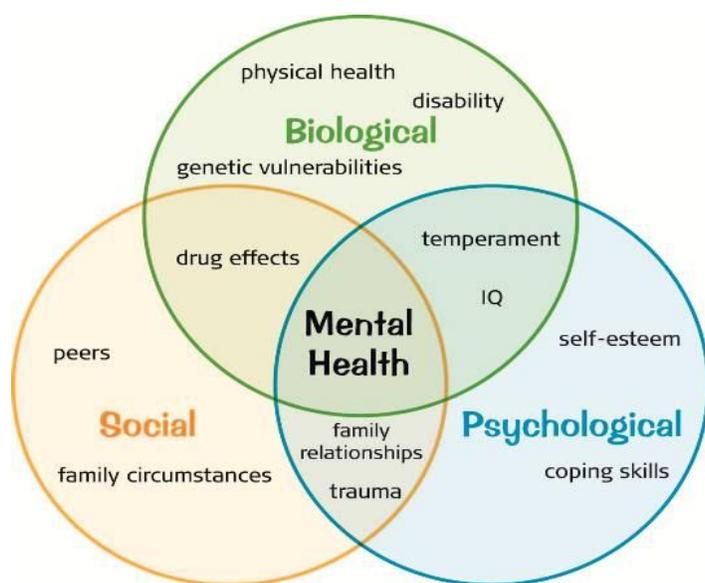
QUESTION	% YES	% NO
1. Do you have any current or past medical illness or health condition?	53.09%	46.91%
2. Do you have seizures or epilepsy?	5.90%	94.10%
3. Do you have asthma?	8.13%	91.87%
4. Do you have diabetes?	3.90%	96.10%
5. Do you have hepatitis?	2.56%	97.44%
6. Do you have HTN?	12.14%	87.86%
7. Do you have a heart condition?	2.30%	97.70%
8. Do you have an abnormal skin condition?	0.56%	99.44%
9. Do you have allergies?	22.92%	77.08%
10. Are you currently pregnant?	1.58%	98.42%
11. Have you given birth within the last 6 weeks?	0.22%	99.78%
12. Do you suffer from gynecological problems?	0.21%	99.79%
13. Have you recently had a head injury?	0.57%	99.43%
14. Do you have any infected wounds?	0.26%	99.74%
15. Do you have any dental problems?	17.68%	82.32%
16. Are you vomiting?	0.04%	99.96%
17. Have you been hospitalized due to a medical condition within the past month?	3.73%	96.27%
18. Are you currently receiving treatment for a medical condition?	30.27%	69.73%
19. Are you taking any medications?	34.84%	65.16%
20. Are you under a physician's care?	38.41%	61.59%
21. Is there anything else we need to know about your medical health history?	0.09%	99.91%
22. Do you want a jail physical?	93.39%	6.61%
23. Do you have any current or past history of an infectious disease?	1.93%	98.07%
24. Do you have any current or past history of TB?	0.45%	99.55%
25. Current symptoms of TB - Chronic cough w/ blood? Are you coughing up blood?	0.02%	99.98%
26. Current symptoms of TB - Have you had recent weight loss?	0.00%	100.00%
27. Current symptoms of TB - Have you had a recent appetite loss?	0.00%	100.00%
28. Current symptoms of TB - Do you have a fever?	0.00%	100.00%
29. Current symptoms of TB - Do you have night sweats?	0.00%	100.00%
30. Current symptoms of TB - Do you have fatigue?	0.00%	100.00%
31. Do you have any current sexually transmitted illnesses?	1.04%	98.96%
32. Do you currently have crabs?	0.03%	99.97%
33. Do you have currently have scabies?	0.06%	99.94%
34. Is there anything else we need to know about your infectious disease history?	0.35%	99.65%
35. Is the inmate alert and oriented x 3 (A&Ox3)	98.98%	1.02%
36. Normal gait?	97.92%	2.08%
37. Normal breathing?	99.30%	0.70%
38. Normal skin appearance?	94.09%	5.91%
39. Tremors?	0.82%	99.18%
40. Sweating?	0.11%	99.89%
41. Anxious?	1.72%	98.28%
42. Disheveled?	1.74%	98.26%
43. Lethargic?	0.27%	99.73%
44. Angry or aggressive behavior?	0.31%	99.69%
45. Dilated pupils?	0.07%	99.93%
46. Presents as Cognitively challenged?	0.20%	99.80%
47. Presents as Confused and/or disoriented?	0.14%	99.86%
48. Crying?	0.77%	99.23%
49. Do you have health insurance?	45.59%	54.41%
50. Dental Screening Performed?	97.96%	2.04%
51. Referral to Nursing?	32.22%	67.78%
52. Referral to Physician?	21.20%	78.80%
53. Referral to Dentist?	1.04%	98.96%
54. Referral to Mental Health?	36.93%	63.07%
55. Vital Signs Taken?	93.63%	6.37%

"YES" Responses to Medical Survey Compared with Prior Years

QUESTION	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1. Any current or past health condition?	19.86%	26.13%	39.27%	26.65%	47.92%	51.97%	50.76%	53.09%
2. Do you have seizures or epilepsy?	2.44%	3.41%	4.45%	2.58%	4.39%	5.29%	5.88%	5.90%
3. Do you have asthma?	6.63%	8.20%	8.90%	7.93%	8.12%	8.88%	8.83%	8.13%
4. Do you have diabetes?	3.03%	3.35%	3.86%	3.45%	3.70%	3.92%	4.04%	3.90%
5. Do you have hepatitis?	1.52%	1.83%	2.44%	1.88%	2.47%	2.84%	2.56%	2.56%
6. Do you have HTN?	8.59%	9.65%	10.51%	7.61%	11.34%	12.95%	12.46%	12.14%
7. Do you have a heart condition?	1.89%	3.10%	3.74%	2.64%	2.76%	2.63%	2.79%	2.30%
8. Do you have an abnormal skin condition?	1.06%	3.67%	5.12%	2.88%	1.20%	0.89%	0.78%	0.56%
9. Do you have allergies?	14.03%	16.58%	20.62%	18.74%	20.86%	23.85%	23.42%	22.92%
10. Are you currently pregnant?	1.12%	1.30%	1.23%	1.05%	1.95%	1.73%	1.81%	1.58%
11. Have you given birth within the last 6 weeks?	0.21%	0.24%	0.19%	0.20%	0.20%	0.18%	0.18%	0.22%
12. Do you suffer from gynecological problems?	0.13%	0.32%	0.37%	0.41%	0.15%	0.29%	0.36%	0.21%
13. Have you recently had a head injury?	0.48%	1.59%	1.75%	1.35%	0.85%	0.86%	0.64%	0.57%
14. Do you have any infected wounds?	0.33%	0.40%	0.47%	0.83%	0.13%	0.18%	0.18%	0.26%
15. Do you have any dental problems?	7.05%	11.19%	12.38%	10.15%	8.14%	11.41%	18.23%	17.68%
16. Are you vomiting?	0.18%	0.21%	0.21%	0.29%	0.06%	0.07%	0.07%	0.04%
17. Been hospitalized within the past month?	9.36%	4.96%	6.41%	4.18%	3.84%	3.77%	3.42%	3.73%
18. Are you currently receiving treatment?	22.67%	14.89%	14.89%	13.53%	26.89%	27.33%	29.83%	30.27%
19. Are you taking any medications?	15.27%	24.22%	26.07%	26.81%	31.71%	36.06%	35.57%	34.84%
20. Are you under a physician's care?	0.60%	20.15%	32.01%	21.93%	33.88%	39.07%	38.83%	38.41%
21. Is there anything else we need to know?	12.47%	12.47%	0.58%	3.67%	0.27%	0.29%	0.17%	0.09%
22. Do you want a jail physical?	0.46%	30.21%	74.94%	20.40%	89.75%	92.03%	92.65%	93.39%
23. Any current or history of infectious disease?	0.50%	1.08%	1.54%	1.15%	1.39%	2.29%	1.86%	1.93%
24. Do you have any current or past history of TB?	0.02%	0.06%	1.14%	1.03%	0.74%	0.62%	0.54%	0.45%
25. Current symptoms of TB - Cough w/ blood?				0.04%	0.02%	0.00%	0.01%	0.02%
26. Current symptoms of TB - Recent weight loss?				0.08%	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
27. Current symptoms of TB - Recent appetite loss?				0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
28. Current symptoms of TB - Do you have a fever?				0.02%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
29. Current symptoms of TB - Night sweats?				0.13%	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
30. Current symptoms of TB - Do you have fatigue?				0.05%	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
31. Any current sexually transmitted illnesses?	0.01%	0.72%	1.08%	0.55%	0.66%	1.18%	1.07%	1.04%
32. Do you currently have crabs?	0.04%	0.02%	0.01%	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.03%
33. Do you have currently have scabies?	0.12%	0.06%	0.04%	0.02%	0.03%	0.00%	0.07%	0.06%
34. Anything else about infectious disease history?	2.57%	0.29%	0.49%	0.19%	0.86%	1.69%	0.58%	0.35%
35. Is the inmate oriented x 3	99.58%	99.44%	97.43%	99.66%	97.90%	98.16%	98.02%	98.98%
36. Normal gait?	98.58%	98.51%	96.60%	98.61%	96.50%	96.80%	96.91%	97.92%
37. Normal breathing?	99.60%	99.50%	97.70%	99.63%	97.93%	98.40%	98.38%	99.30%
38. Normal skin appearance?	97.06%	95.99%	92.02%	96.61%	93.48%	95.17%	95.15%	94.09%
39. Tremors?	0.54%	0.64%	0.64%	0.55%	0.45%	0.70%	0.81%	0.82%
40. Sweating?	0.18%	0.17%	0.20%	0.09%	0.13%	0.10%	0.18%	0.11%
41. Anxious?	0.63%	1.21%	1.50%	0.69%	1.94%	2.02%	1.95%	1.72%
42. Disheveled?	0.72%	1.22%	1.31%	0.43%	1.28%	1.76%	1.73%	1.74%
43. Lethargic?	0.33%	0.41%	0.47%	0.38%	0.42%	0.35%	0.56%	0.27%
44. Angry or aggressive behavior?	0.28%	0.46%	0.68%	0.33%	0.50%	0.31%	0.52%	0.31%
45. Dilated pupils?							0.08%	0.07%
46. Presents as Cognitively challenged?	0.19%	0.08%	0.23%	0.20%	0.18%	0.16%	0.18%	0.20%
47. Presents as Confused and/or disoriented?	0.15%	0.32%	0.19%	0.16%	0.13%	0.07%	0.15%	0.14%
48. Crying?	0.70%	0.20%	1.15%	0.56%	0.94%	0.71%	0.95%	0.77%
49. Do you have health insurance?		1.11%	18.26%	19.22%	29.96%	49.92%	50.51%	45.59%
50. Dental Screening Performed?	88.60%	77.80%	77.80%	93.98%	95.15%	94.17%	97.02%	97.96%
51. Referral to Nursing?	4.68%	4.55%	16.84%	2.88%	28.20%	32.44%	34.67%	32.22%
52. Referral to Physician?	1.00%	5.22%	17.67%	1.88%	21.30%	19.83%	21.78%	21.20%
53. Referral to Dentist?	0.42%	0.87%	1.73%	0.64%	1.35%	1.31%	2.42%	1.04%
54. Referral to Mental Health?	1.72%	7.05%	15.22%	1.36%	18.46%	29.89%	35.88%	36.93%
55. Vital Signs Taken?	25.82%	25.84%	30.45%	27.10%	89.92%	91.56%	93.40%	93.63%

Answers to Mental Health Screening Completed in Intake

QUESTION	% YES	% NO
Are you currently taking medication that has not been prescribed to you?	0.9%	99.1%
Are you currently drunk or high?	3.0%	97.0%
Do you use illegal drugs?	14.1%	85.9%
Do you currently use alcohol?	28.4%	71.6%
Do you have drug withdrawal concerns?	5.7%	94.3%
Do you have alcohol withdrawal concerns?	5.3%	94.7%
Have you ever had alcohol or drug withdrawal?	7.4%	92.6%
Have you ever received treatment for substance abuse?	4.9%	95.1%
Is there anything else we need to know about your substance abuse history?	0.5%	99.5%
Are you taking medications for mental health issues?	18.6%	81.4%
Have you ever been treated for ADHD?	12.6%	87.4%
Have you ever been treated for developmental disorders?	0.2%	99.8%
Have you ever been treated for an eating disorder?	0.1%	99.9%
Have you ever been in special education?	0.2%	99.8%
Have you ever been diagnosed as bipolar?	13.1%	86.9%
Have you ever been diagnosed with schizophrenia?	4.4%	95.6%
Have you ever had a learning disability?	0.3%	99.7%
Does anyone in your family have or had a mental illness?	0.1%	99.9%
Have you ever been case managed for a mental illness?	4.2%	95.8%
Have you ever been treated in a psychiatric hospital?	8.4%	91.6%
Have you ever been self-abusive or engaged in self mutilation behavior?	4.0%	96.0%
Are you feeling homicidal now?	0.3%	99.7%
Have you ever been physically abused?	0.9%	99.1%
Have you ever had suicidal thoughts or made attempts?	7.7%	92.3%
Are you having suicidal thoughts now or thinking of harming yourself now?	1.3%	98.7%
Do you have any current or past losses that you are feeling grief and depression over?	0.2%	99.8%
Has anyone in your family ever taken their own life?	0.1%	99.9%
Have you experienced a life threatening or abusive event that still bothers you today?	0.1%	99.9%
Are you currently having feelings of hopelessness or helplessness?	0.7%	99.3%
Do you have a support system in the community that you can depend on?	86.3%	13.7%
Have you ever experienced auditory, visual, olfactory, or tactile hallucinations?	0.5%	99.5%
Has inmate ever had or experienced delusional thinking?	0.1%	99.9%



🗨️ TalkingPoint! Every offender brought to jail is evaluated by both a medical and mental health professional while still in Intake. The answers to the mental health survey questions they are asked are summarized above. The data in this table is based on close to 22,000 offenders who came to jail during 2017. Mental Health services are an ever-increasing part of inmate management in the jail, and must be taken into consideration at almost every significant event in an offender's stay; from intake, to classification, to discipline, to release. It should be noted that the data in these screenings do rely on self-reported information, so numbers like those for bi-polar diagnosis and psychiatric hospital treatment are interesting.

"YES" Answers to Mental Health Screening in Recent Years

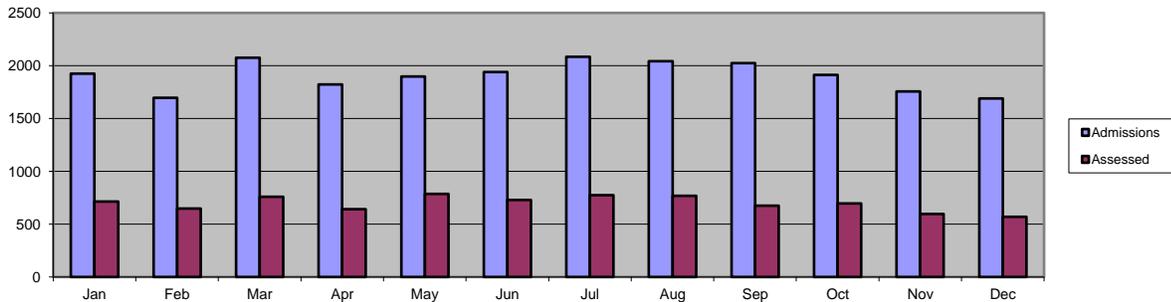
QUESTION	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Are you currently taking medication that has not been prescribed to you?	0.4%	0.8%	0.9%	0.7%	80.0%	0.8%	1.0%	0.9%
Are you currently drunk or high?	4.2%	16.1%	7.7%	4.7%	4.8%	4.1%	3.4%	3.0%
Do you use illegal drugs?	12.5%	15.4%	13.8%	13.6%	15.3%	17.4%	16.4%	14.1%
Do you currently use alcohol?	36.9%	47.7%	33.8%	33.6%	36.9%	33.0%	30.5%	28.4%
Have you ever had alcohol or drug withdrawal?	3.5%	4.8%	3.5%	3.3%	3.5%	6.4%	7.2%	7.4%
Received treatment for substance abuse?	22.8%	29.5%	11.3%	8.2%	8.0%	6.0%	5.3%	4.9%
Are you taking medications for mental health issues?	15.5%	12.5%	12.5%	13.4%	12.2%	18.0%	18.0%	18.6%
Have you ever been treated for ADHD?	3.6%	6.3%	9.2%	8.8%	11.1%	12.6%	14.7%	12.6%
Been treated for developmental disorders?	0.2%	0.8%	0.2%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%
Have you ever been treated for an eating disorder?	0.1%	0.4%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%
Have you ever been in special education?	10.1%	8.1%	1.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.3%	0.2%
Have you ever been diagnosed as bipolar?			10.6%		11.9%	12.8%	13.4%	13.1%
Have you ever been diagnosed with schizophrenia?			3.5%		3.9%	4.2%	4.8%	4.4%
Have you ever had a learning disability?			1.0%		0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%
Does anyone in your family have a mental illness?	4.6%	2.6%	2.2%	1.3%	1.2%	1.1%	1.1%	0.1%
Have you ever been case managed for mental illness?	2.3%	2.1%	4.3%	3.7%	4.5%	4.6%	4.3%	4.2%
Treated in a psychiatric hospital?	9.3%	8.6%	8.4%	7.0%	8.7%	9.0%	9.2%	8.4%
Have you ever been self-abusive or engaged in self mutilation behavior? (prior to 2011, this question also included current homicidal feelings)	2.2%	2.0%	2.7%	1.2%	1.3%	2.9%	3.7%	4.0%
Are you feeling homicidal now?		0.2%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%	0.3%
Homicidal thoughts or attempts? (this question was discontinued after 2010)	0.2%							
Have you ever been physically abused?	n/a	1.9%	1.6%	1.0%	1.1%	1.0%	0.8%	0.9%
Suicidal attempts or thoughts, now or ever?	8.2%	9.9%	7.3%	7.0%	6.7%	5.7%	7.4%	7.7%
Have you having suicidal thoughts now?	0.9%	1.2%	1.4%	1.2%	1.2%	1.0%	1.3%	1.3%
Do you have any current or past losses that you are feeling grief and depression over?	1.0%	4.1%	1.1%	0.3%	0.3%	0.4%	0.4%	0.2%
Has anyone in your family taken their own life?	2.3%	3.8%	0.5%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%
Have you ever experienced a life threatening or abusive event that still bothers you today?	0.4%	3.8%	0.6%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%
Are you currently having feelings of hopelessness or helplessness?	0.7%	7.3%	1.9%	1.3%	1.2%	0.9%	1.2%	0.7%
Do you have a support system in the community that you can depend on?	90.3%	92.8%	78.6%	82.9%	80.8%	83.4%	85.1%	86.3%
Have you ever experienced auditory, visual, olfactory, or tactical hallucinations?	2.4%	3.0%	0.7%	0.4%	0.4%	0.3%	0.8%	0.5%
Ever had or experienced delusional thinking?	0.2%	0.4%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%

TalkingPoint! Every offender brought to jail is evaluated by a mental health professional while still in Intake. The percentage of the mental health survey questions that were answered YES appear on this table. The data in this table is based on the approximately 24,000 offenders who came to jail each of these years. The survey questions have changed over the years, which accounts for the missing numbers in some categories.

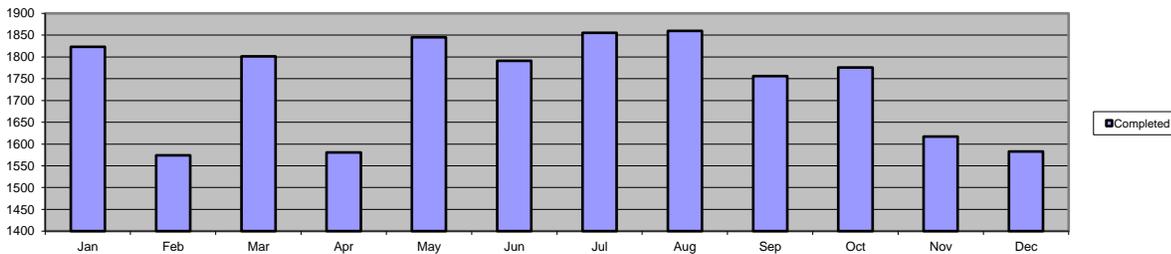
Work Completed by Mental Health Staff

Month	Book In's	Assessed	SMI Id'ed	In Services	Psyc med	Discharge Plan	Seen at Release
Jan	1926	715	93	48	429	116	61
Feb	1695	649	76	46	419	94	53
Mar	2076	760	81	38	418	129	84
Apr	1822	641	68	33	392	103	67
May	1898	787	97	54	401	138	82
Jun	1941	729	87	35	429	115	66
Jul	2086	775	103	36	376	138	80
Aug	2043	769	88	40	346	125	82
Sep	2024	676	94	45	284	123	79
Oct	1913	697	92	31	343	112	68
Nov	1757	596	86	34	365	108	56
Dec	1689	570	67	29	383	83	50

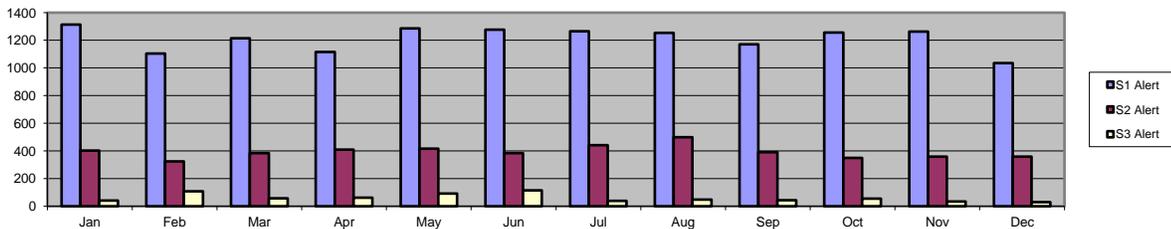
New Admissions and Number Assessed by Mental Health Staff



Notifications Completed by Mental Health Staff



Suicide Alerts - S1 - require weekly visit, S2 - 2 times as week and S3 - daily



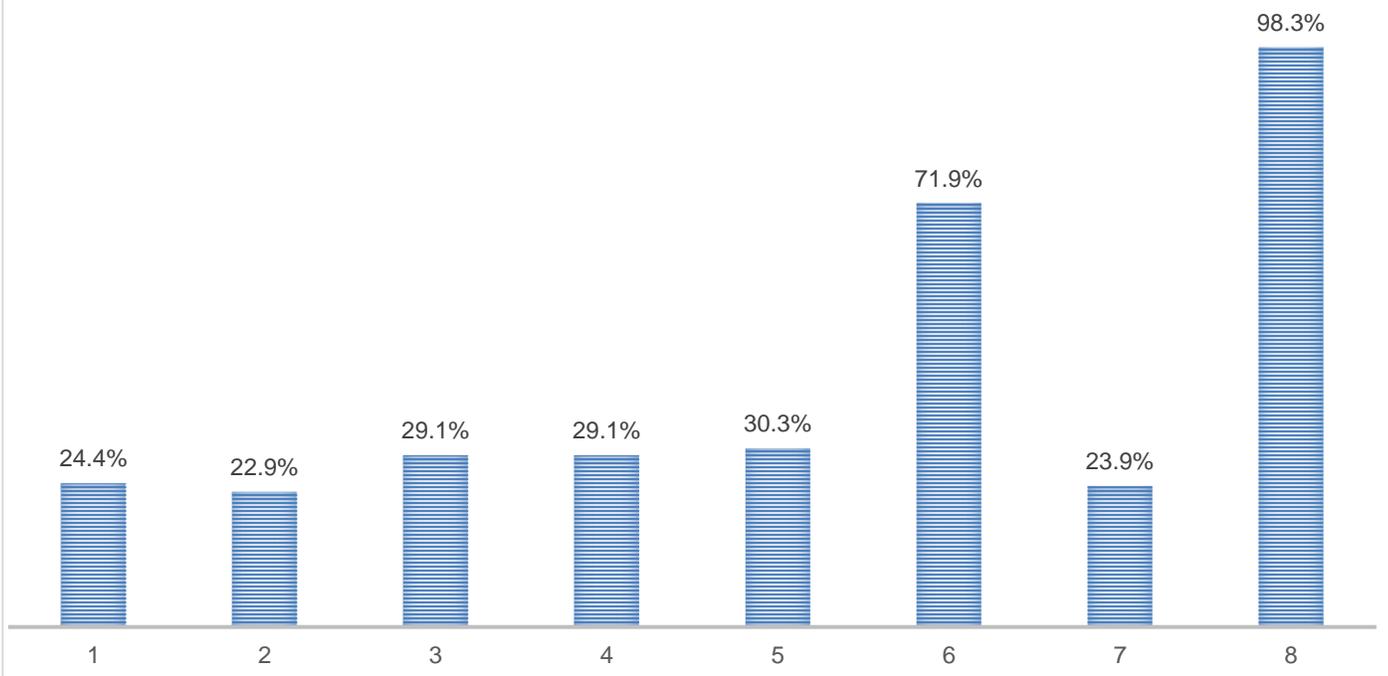
Inmate Needs Reported in Classification Interview

Offenders Come to Jail with a Number of Needs

QUESTION	% YES	% NO
1. HEALTH ISSUES: Does this inmate report having any unresolved medical issues which would require you to contact medical, or does this inmate have any health problems that would affect their housing?	24.4%	75.6%
2. MENTAL STABILITY: Does this inmate have mental health problems, including suicidal ideation, that would affect their housing?	22.9%	77.1%
3. ALCOHOL ABUSE: Does the inmate admit to having an alcohol problem, or does the inmate appear to have an alcohol problem in your judgement?	29.1%	70.9%
4. DRUG ABUSE: Does the inmate admit to a drug problem, or does the inmate appear to have a problem with drugs in your judgement?	29.1%	70.9%
5. PAST TREATMENT: Does the inmate indicate past treatment for their drug or alcohol problem? If so, record where, when, and if they are interested in continuing treatment.	30.3%	69.7%
6. EDUCATIONAL HISTORY: Does the inmate have a GED or a high school diploma? If not, is the inmate interested in continuing their education in the main jail or honor camp?	71.9%	28.1%
7. VOCATIONAL SKILLS: Does the inmate have a marketable skill or trade that is used to support himself and his family? (Answer "Yes" if this is true, and "No" if is the inmate has no skills, limited training, or little or no employment history.)	23.9%	76.1%
8. LITERACY: Can this inmate read and write the English language?	98.3%	1.7%

💡 TalkingPoint! These numbers represent the percentage of inmates in population who admit these needs to a classification officer. This information is based on the self report of the inmates during their classification interviews this year. It is not based on a clinical assessment and the report is not verified independently. This reflects an inmate's "admission" only. Not all inmates honestly report their needs at the classification interview. All inmates who stay in jail longer than 3 days are given a classification interview.

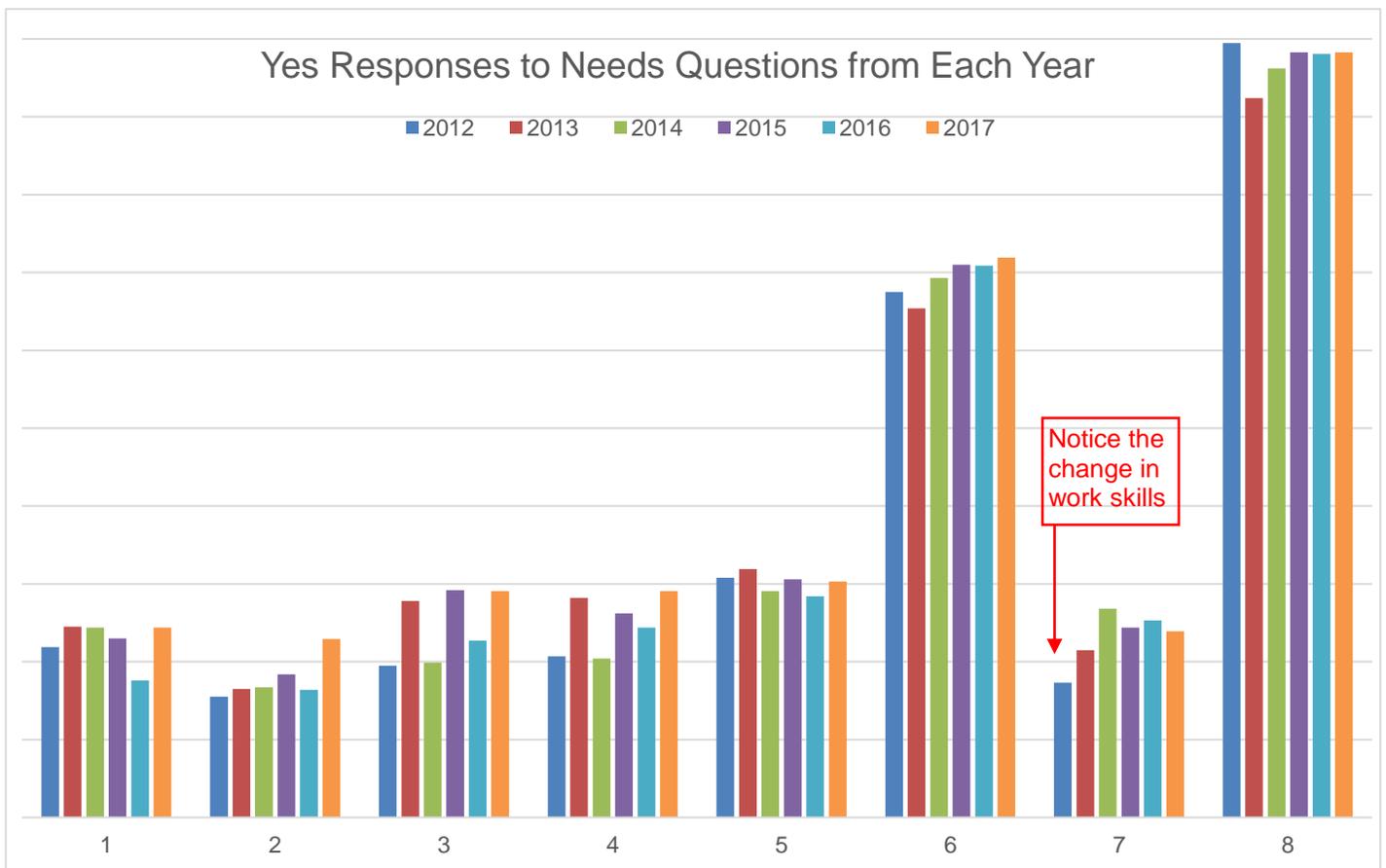
YES RESPONSES TO NEEDS QUESTIONS



Inmate Needs Reported in Prior Years

Offenders' Needs Remain Steady

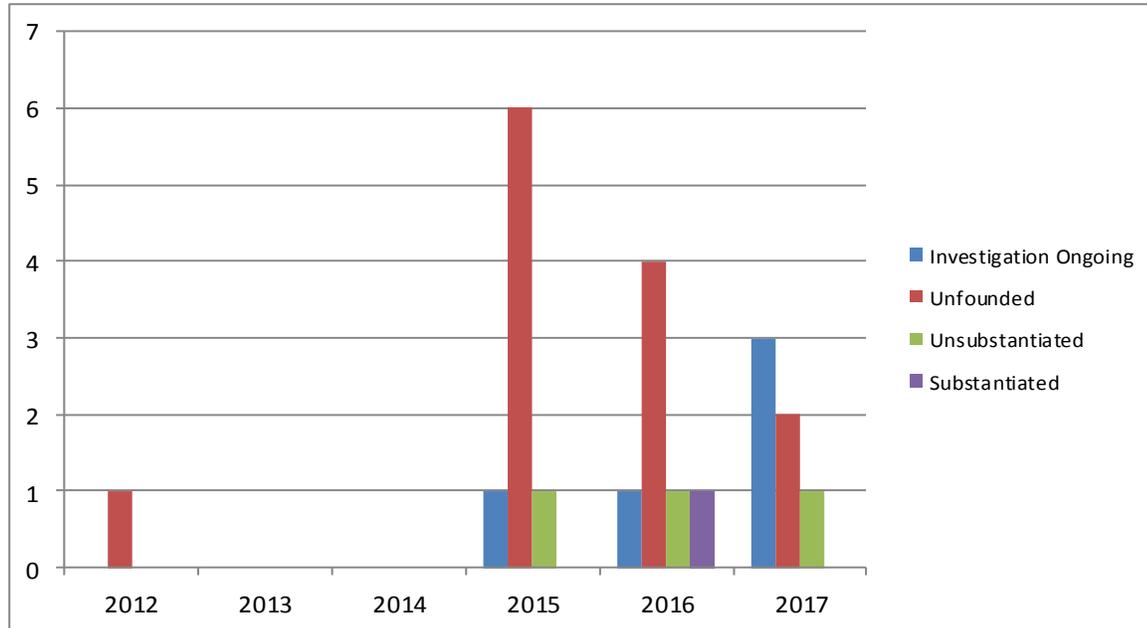
QUESTION	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1. HEALTH ISSUES: Does this inmate report having any unresolved medical issues which would require you to contact medical, or does this inmate have any health problems that would affect their housing?	21.9%	24.5%	24.4%	23.0%	17.6%	24.4%
2. MENTAL STABILITY: Does this inmate have mental health problems, including suicidal ideation, that would affect their housing?	15.5%	16.5%	16.7%	18.4%	16.4%	22.9%
3. ALCOHOL ABUSE: Does the inmate admit to having an alcohol problem, or does the inmate appear to have an alcohol problem in your judgement?	19.5%	27.8%	19.9%	29.2%	22.7%	29.1%
4. DRUG ABUSE: Does the inmate admit to a drug problem, or does the inmate appear to have a problem with drugs in your judgement?	20.7%	28.2%	20.4%	26.2%	24.4%	29.1%
5. PAST TREATMENT: Does the inmate indicate past treatment for their drug or alcohol problem? If so, record where, when, and if they are interested in continuing treatment.	30.8%	31.9%	29.1%	30.6%	28.4%	30.3%
6. EDUCATIONAL HISTORY: Does the inmate have a GED or a high school diploma? If not, is the inmate interested in continuing their education in the main jail or honor camp?	67.5%	65.4%	69.3%	71.0%	70.9%	71.9%
7. VOCATIONAL SKILLS: Does the inmate have a marketable skill or trade that is used to support himself and his family? (Answer "Yes" if this is true, and "No" if is the inmate has no skills, limited training, or little or no employment history.)	17.3%	21.5%	26.8%	24.4%	25.3%	23.9%
8. LITERACY: Can this inmate read and write the English language?	99.5%	92.4%	96.2%	98.3%	98.1%	98.3%



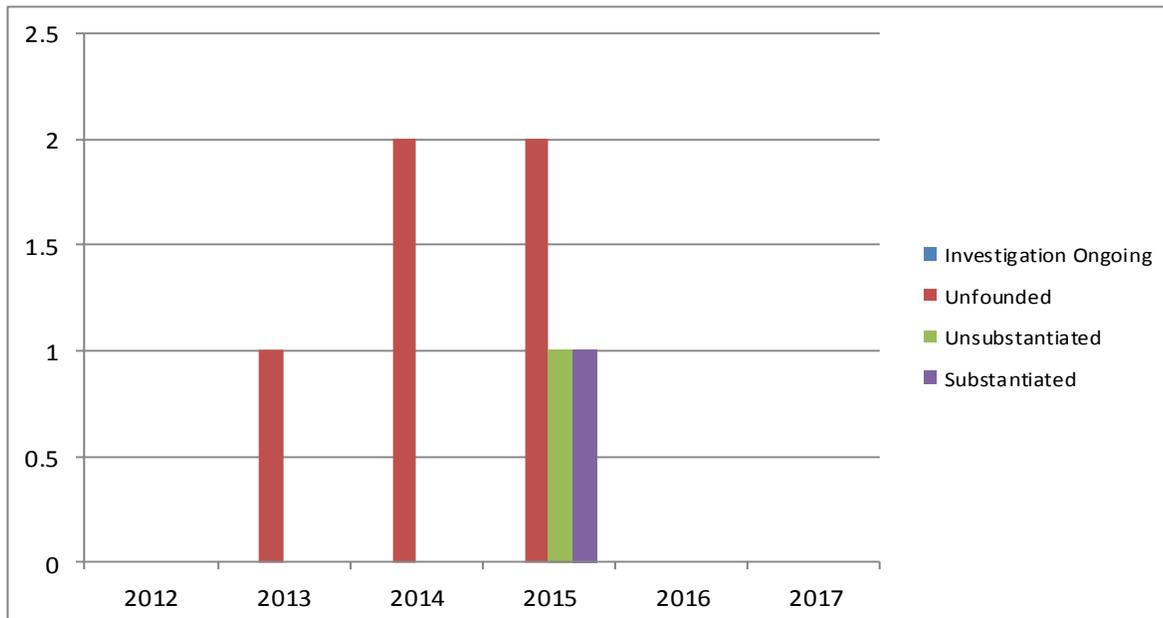
Prison Rape Elimination Act

Sexual Abuse Incident Review

Staff Misconduct Reported



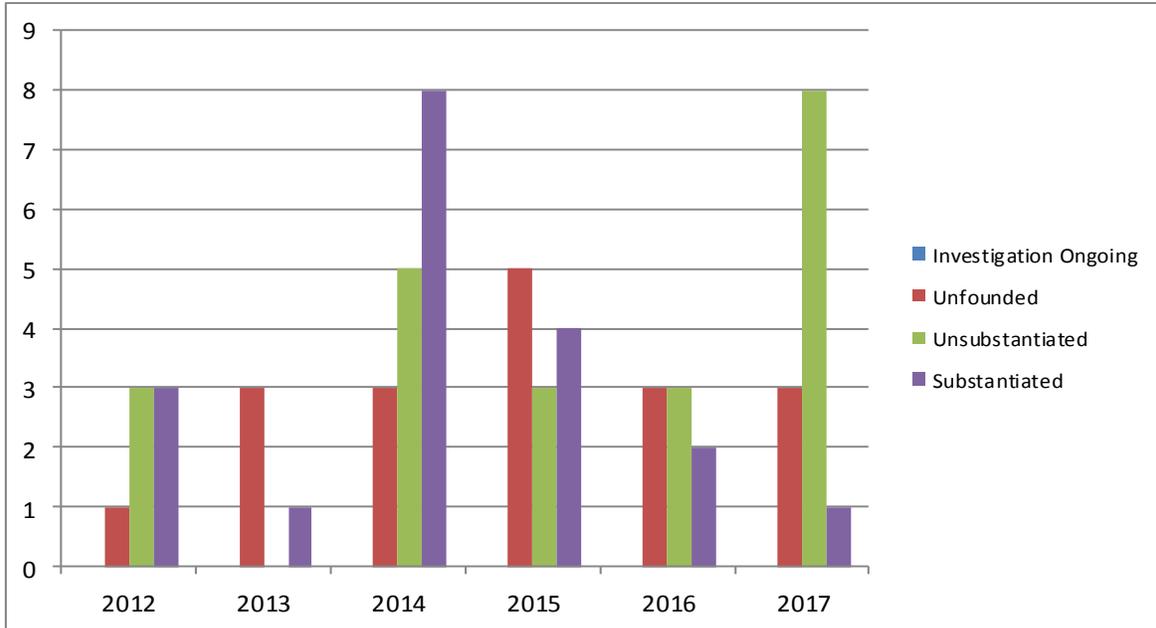
Staff Sexual Harassment



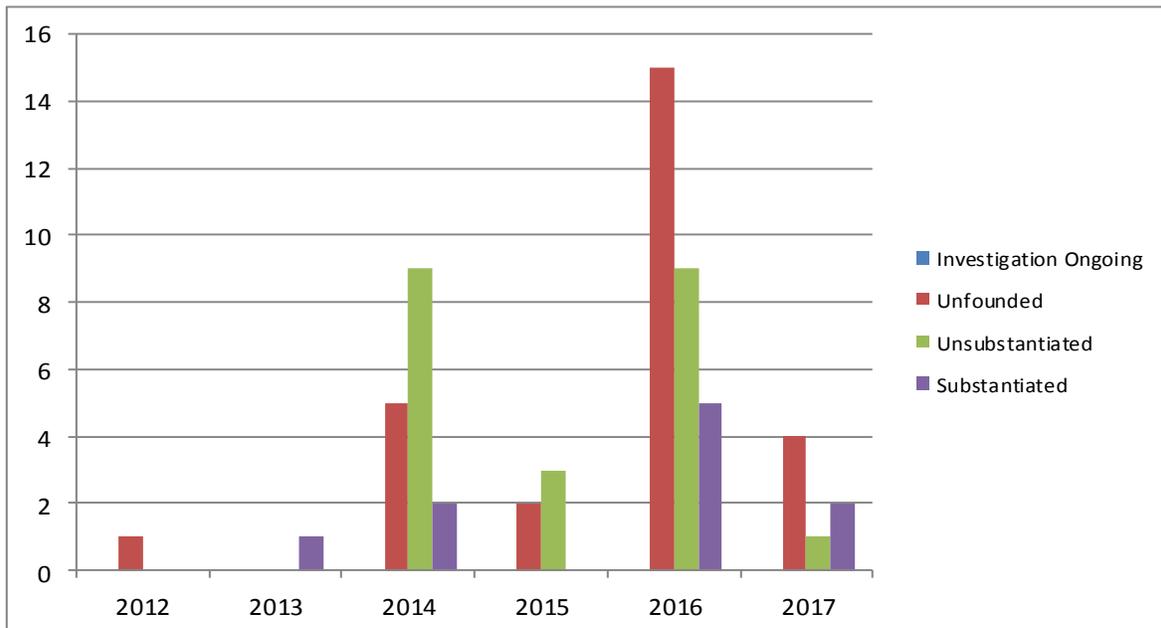
Prison Rape Elimination Act

Sexual Abuse Incident Review

Inmate on Inmate Sexual Harassment



Inmate on Inmate Non-Consensual Acts



Prison Rape Elimination Act

Sexual Abuse Incident Review

Closing

In 2012, the jail implemented the Sexual Abuse Incident Review system per PREA standard 115.86. Under this standard, the Division must conduct a sexual abuse incident review at the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation, to include when the allegation has not been substantiated, unless the allegation has been determined to be unfounded. Such review will ordinarily occur within 30 days of the conclusion of the investigation. The review team will include upper-level management officials, with input from line supervisors, investigators, and medical or mental health practitioners. The jail administration will implement any recommendations for improvement, or it will document its reasons for not doing so.

Review Criteria:

1. Consider whether the allegation or investigation indicates a need to change policy or practices to better prevent, detect, or respond to sexual abuse
2. Consider whether the alleged incident was motivated by race; ethnicity; gender identity; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex identification, status, or perceived status; or gang affiliation; or was motivated or otherwise caused by other group dynamics in the facility.
3. Examine the area in the facility where the allegation occurred to assess whether physical barriers in the area may enable abuse.
4. Assess the adequacy of staffing levels in on all shifts in that area.
5. Assess whether monitoring technology should be deployed or augmented to supplement supervision by staff.
6. Prepare a report of its findings, add any recommendations for improvement, and submit such report to the facility head and PREA Coordinator.

In all of the allegations that were reviewed, it was clear that staff have implemented training that has been occurring since PREA requirements. All investigations were done in a timely manner and all complaints were addressed immediately upon their receipt. Continued training for all staff has focused on PREA requirements, staff obligations for reporting and victim care, and preservation and protection of the scene until the appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence. Additionally, a new reporting system (jail management system) is being implemented to better track and report incidents.

A Special Thanks to Lt. Scott Nibbelink, the PREA Coordinator who provided the information on the previous three pages.